README									Please leave empty cells	This column	Please leave empty	This column	Please leave empty	This column	Please leave empty cells	This column	Please leave empty cells	This column	Please leave empty cells
This Excel		he context of an update or revision of a cine related to NEW, REMOVED or MO			bmission of structured data	a. It should include the modifications proposed to the	milestones and targets as compared to the Council Implementing De	ecision.	where there is no change as compared to the	contains information as	cells where there is	contains information as	cells where there is no change as	contains information as	where there is no change as compared to	contains information as	where there is no change as compared to	contains information as	where there is no change as compared to
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select whether						information in these columns (except for new milest			modified and new measures), please fill in this column.		For targets (for modified and new		For targets (for modified and new		and new measures), please fill in this column		for both milestones and targets for modified and new measures.		for both milestones and targets for modified and new measures.
(N)ew -	Related Measure	.	T	Milestone or	Milestone/Target		T		Qualitative Indicator		Unit of measure		modified and new			Completion	Completion Quarter		Completion Year
(M)odify (U)nchan	Reference	Related Measure Name	Measure Type	Target	Reference	Milestone/Target Name	Milestone/Target Description  Of the overall objective to increase the new renewable electricity	Qualitative Indicator	(revised)	Unit of measure	(revised)	Baseline	Baseline (revised)	Goal	Goal (revised)	Quarter	(revised)	Completion Year	(revised)
							capacity by 122.4 MW, the support scheme shall under the measure deliver at least 120 MW of new renewable electricity sources capacity connected to the grid.												
U		Construction of the new renewable					The support mechanism shall take the form of auctions for investment support for new sources of electricity from renewable energy sources. The support scheme shall respect the conditions on investment policies as specified under the milestone 3 ('1 – Renewable energy sources and energy infrastructure - Reform 2: Legal framework for the promotion of renewable energy sources')												
	SK-C[C1]-I[I1]	electricity sources	Investment	Target	SK-C[C1]-I[I1]-T[C1.4]	New renewable energy source capacity	At least of 100 MW increase in modernised renewable capacity for electricity generation (repowering), induced by connection to the grid of the modernized renewable electricity sources under the measure.	r		MW		0		120		Q2		2026	
М							The support for the different types of modernized equipment shal be assessed separately, taking into account the principle of cost-effectiveness. The modernization shall concern the transformation of biogas stations and of hydropower plants. The support scheme shall respect the conditions on investment policies as specified under the milestone 3 ('1 – Renewable energy sources and energy	n s											
	SK-C[C1]-I[I2]	Modernising the existing renewable electricity sources (repowering)		Target	SK-C[C1]-I[I2]-T[C1.5]	Reconstructed renewable energy source capacity	infrastructure - Reform 2: Legal framework for the promotion of renewable energy sources').  At least 68 MW increase of new electricity storage facilities, induced by the entry into operation of the new storage capacities under the measure. The scheme shall support the installation of new capacity of battery systems, installation of new capacity of hydrogen cells and an increase in the balancing capacity of the hydropower plants. The exact breakdown of 68 MW target will depend on demand of relevant subjects. The investments into the balancing capacity of the hydropower plants shall not exceed EUR			MW		0		100	83	Q2		2026	
М	SK-C[C1]-I[I3]	Increasing flexibility of electricity systems for greater renewables integration	Investment	Target	SK-C[C1]-I[I3]-T[C1.6]	Cumulative increase in capacity of installations increasing the flexibility of energy systems	12 000 000 under the measure.  The support shall be granted under the technologically specific schemes, taking into account the principle of cost-effectiveness. The support schemes shall respect the conditions on investment policies as specified under the milestone 3 (1– Renewable energy sources and energy infrastructure - Reform 2: Legal framework fo the promotion of renewable energy sources').	,		MW		0		68	52	Q2		2026	
U							The legal framework shall be modified by amending Act 251/2012 Coll. on energy and Act 250/2012 Coll. on regulation in network industries to transpose the Directive 2019/944. Furthermore, the updated legal framework shall facilitate the new activities and access of participants to the electricity market (energy communities, aggregator, self-consumer, electricity storage), while	Entry into force of elegislative amendments											
	SK-C[C1]-R[R1]	Adapting the electricity legal framework	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C1]-R[R1]-M[C1.1	.] Reform of electricity market	increasing overall flexibility of the electricity system and improving the possibilities for connecting of new renewable sources to the Slovak grid.  The Slovak Ministry of Economy and the Slovak electricity transmission system operator Slovenská elektrizačná prenosová sústava, a.s. shall declare the release of restrictions on technical	Act on regulation in network industries  Joint public declaration by						-		Q4		2022	
U	SK-C[C1]-R[R1]	Adapting the electricity legal framework	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C1]-R[R1]-M[C1.2	electricity transmission within the Slovak electricity	capacities for electricity transmission within the Slovak electricity system and an increase of capacity for connecting renewable sources to the grid. The measure shall be facilitated through the ty increase in net transfer capacity of transmission interconnections with the Republic of Hungary.	and the Slovak transmission system operator Slovenská				_				Q2		2021	
							The legislative amendments shall create support mechanisms for increasing the share of renewable energy sources in transport, electricity and heating sector. The legal framework shall be modified by amending the Acts 309/2009 Coll. on promotion of renewable energy sources and high-efficiency cogeneration and the Act 657/2004 Coll. on thermal energy.												
							The Ministry of Economy shall adopt a long-termu202fauctioning plan for new renewable sources, contributing tou202f u202fbette predictability of the increase in capacity ofu202fnew renewableu202fcapacity.												
М							The Ministry of Economy shall adopt the new auction scheme for new sources of electricity from renewable energy sources (defined in Investment 1), the support schemes to investments on repowering (defined in Investment 2) and increasing flexibility of the electricity system (defined in Investment 3). The schemes shall detail the eligibility criteria for supported companies, ensuring compliance with the EU and national environmental acquis as well as the DNSH Technical Guidance (2021/CS8/01) of supported activities and/or companies, while increasing the new RES capacities as detailed in corresponding targets (for Investments 1, 2 and 3). The biomass projects shall achieve at least 80% GRIG emissions saving according to the GRIG saving methodology and the relative fossil fuel comparator set out in Annex VI to Directive	i I											
	SK-C[C1]-R[R2]	The legal framework for promotion renewable energy sources	of Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C1]-R[R2]-M[C1.3	Framework for supporting the investments into new renewable sources	During the period 2022-2024, of the overall objective of 7500 beneficiaries, at least 7000 beneficiaries shall be provided services of the IOM Migration Information Centre for their integration into		ve amendments to the Ac	t on the promotion o	of renewable energy s	DI -		-		Q4		2022	
U		Support tools and assistance for returnees, highly qualified third- country workers and their family members and foreign higher education students studying in				Number of foreigners using the IOM Migration	the labour market and society (advice, language courses, promotion of socio-cultural orientation). This includes foreign students, highly qualified workers, family members and foreigners belonging to the selected groups defined in the Resolution in Reform 1, taking into account the economic interests of the Sloval												
	SK-C[C10]-I[I1]	Slovakia	Investment	Target	SK-C[C10]-I[I1]-T[C10.5	i] Information Centre services	Republic.			Number		0		7000		Q1		2025	

		Support tools and assistance for returnees, highly qualified third-country workers and their family					Fully functioning centres (one-stop shops) providing comprehensive advice and services facilitating establishment in Slovakia											
М		members and foreign higher education students studying in				Number of one-stop shops for integration in												
	SK-C[C10]-I[I1]		Investment	Target	SK-C[C10]-I[I1]-T[C10.4]		The programme shall support 200 social events with the aim of strengthening relations with Slovaks abroad. Supported events shall aim to increase the impact of other reforms and cross-component investments, such as:			Number		0		3	Q4		2023	2024
U							Promote the effect of the amendment to the Act on the Residence of Foreigners, which shall facilitate return and increase the country's attractiveness for foreigners with family ties to Slovakia.  Support investment 4 i.e. two-way student mobility and											
		Strengthening relations with the diaspora, supporting citizens'				Number of supported events strengthening	internationalisation of academia  • Support the impact of investments in other components, e.g. R 8 D & I investments, by fostering cooperation between domestic European and other research institutions where the Slovak diaspora is active, as well as through increased awareness of caree											
	SK-C[C10]-I[I2]		Investment	Target	SK-C[C10]-I[I2]-T[C10.6]	relations with the diaspora	opportunities in Slovakia.  Of the overall objective of 4800 motivational scholarships, award at least 4500 motivational scholarships for most talented domestic			Number		0		200	Q1		2026	
М	SK-C[C10]-I[I3]	Scholarships for domestic and foreign talented students	Investment	Target	SK-C[C10]-I[I3]-T[C10.7]	Number of awarded scholarships for talented students.	students, top talents from abroad, and talented socially disadvantaged students.  Adoption of an internationalisation strategy for universities,			Number		0		4500	4226 Q4		2024	
U		Promoting internationalisation in the					aiming at proposing measures to support the preparation of joint study programmes, attracting foreign students and academics, or implementing systemic institutional changes in Slovak universities.	i.										
	SK-C[C10]-I[I4]	academic environment	Investment	Milestone	SK-C[C10]-I[I4]-M[C10.8]	Strategy for internationalisation of universities	Of the overall objective of 31 projects, support at least 28 projects to promote or develop internationalisation of universities and	Government adoption of the s	e strategy		-		-		Q4		2021	
							research institutes, through: - implementation of institutional strategies of internationalization at the level of universities (such as preparing new programmes in foreign languages, improving the preparedness of domestic higher											
U							education teachers/doctoral students to operate in an international setting);  -increasing the funding rate for fellowship programmes;											
		Promoting internationalisation in the				Number of projects supported to promote or develop the internationalisation of universities and	- support to university participation in foreign fairs and student											
	SK-C[C10]-I[I4]		Investment	Target	SK-C[C10]-I[I4]-T[C10.9]		- promotion of Slovakia at international events.  Cumulative increase in the number of supported mobility projects	5		Number		0		28	Q4		2025	
М		Promoting internationalisation in the				Supported person-months for foreign mobility	in CEEPUS fellowships, scholarships provided on the basis of bilateral contracts and in the Slovak National Fellowship Programme from an annual number of 2494 to 4440 person-											
	SK-C[C10]-I[I4]		Investment	Target	SK-C[C10]-I[I4]-T[C10.10]	scholarship programmes	months for the years 2022 to 2025  Amendment to Act No 40/1993 on Slovak citizenship that shall facilitate the return to the country and increase the country's			Person-months supp	orted	9976		17600	.5907 Q1		2026	
U		Reform of residence and labour			SK-C[C10]-R[R1]-	Facilitation of the return to the country and increase of the attractiveness of the country for	attractiveness for foreigners with family ties to Slovakia. The amendment shall introduce a simplified regime for obtaining citizenship by removing the requirement of a minimum period of											
	SK-C[C10]-R[R1]		Reform	Milestone	M[C10.2]	foreigners with family ties	residence in Slovakia.  Adoption of a scheme defining the category of applicants for national visa (D) in the interest of the Slovak Republic The new visa	Adoption by the Parliament	and entry into force				-		Q1		2022	
							category that covers highly qualified third-country nationals seeking employment exempted from the need to prove a guaranteed job before entering Slovakia shall be introduced. The											
U							persons shall be able to start working on a national visa (D) immediately. The measure shall concern categories such as graduates from world-leading universities (regardless of the field); third-level graduates of the world's leading universities and	;										
							research institutions (regardless of the field); other selected group: according to Slovakia's economic interests (e.g. IT experts, experts											
	SK-C[C10]-R[R1]	Reform of residence and labour legislation	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C10]-R[R1]- M[C10.1]	Scheme defining a new category of applicants for national visa (D).		Adoption of the scheme thro	ough a Government Resol	ution and entry into fo	rce		-		Q1		2022	
							The amendment to Act No 422/2015 on the recognition of evidence of education and the recognition of professional qualifications shall allow:  • Facilitating the recognition of diplomas/training documents for											
							countries with which Slovakia has bilateral agreements in the field of recognition of diplomas/training documents, by reducing the required documents from the applicant (e.g. university certificates	i										
							of competence to provide the relevant education); • Strengthening the competences of the Centre for Recognition of Qualifications (SUDV) for the recognition of documents for the											
							validation of higher education attainment also for countries outside the European Higher Education Area (EHEA) without a bilateral agreement, which shall significantly speed up and simplify the process compared to the current situation where the only	y										
Ü							eligible institutions are universities to facilitate the recognition of diplomas/documents for countries with which Slovakia has bilateral agreements on the recognition of diplomas/training documents.											
		Simplification of the regime for the					The amendment to Act No 578/2004 on healthcare providers, health professionals, professional organisations in the health sector shall allow:  • shortening the time limit for the recognition of further training documents for highly qualified health professionals;											
	SK-C[C10]-R[R2]	recognition of qualifications and professional qualifications for the exercise of regulated professions	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C10]-R[R2]- M[C10.3]	Simplification of the recognition of educational and professional qualifications	<ul> <li>Extension of the temporary traineeship for doctors beyond the pandemic</li> </ul>	Adoption by the Parliament	and entry into force				-		Q1		2022	
U		Support the opening of new primary				Number of the primary care outpatient clinics	The overall objective is to create 170 outpatient practice - the support shall be made for the creation of at least 153 new outpatient clinics for general practitioners for adult and paediatric in the form of a subsidy to offset the cost of the outpatient		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,									
	SK-C[C11]-I[I1]	care practices in underserved areas	Investment	Target	SK-C[C11]-I[I1]-T[C11.8]	supported by a pilot programme	practices during the first year of operation.			Number		0		153	112 Q4	Q2	2025	2026

						Notification of the award of all public contracts for the overall objective 2,666 new hospital beds, of which at least 2400 beds								
						shall be made available, broken down:								
						1. at least 870 beds in completely new hospitals at full fitness out	*							
						level in buildings meeting the energy efficiency requirements of the 25ter intervention field certified BREEAM (the objective is 968								
						beds)								
						<ol><li>at least 1 035 beds in completely new hospitals at "gross construction" level** in buildings meeting the energy efficiency</li></ol>								
						requirements of intervention field 25ter certified BREEAM (the								
						objective is 1 150 beds)  3. At least 495 beds in hospitals after major renovation to full								
М						fitness out*** in buildings meeting the energy efficiency								
IVI						requirements of intervention field 26bis (objective is 548 beds)								
						*Full fit out – a completely new hospital with material equipment ready to receive patients. **Gross construction – foundations,								
						construction, piping, insulation, drainage, outdoor plumbing,								
						without machinery, central heating, wiring, floors, finishing and equipment. *** Extensive renovation to full fitness out-								
						reconstruction of a large part of buildings, insulation, roofs,								
						windows, doors, lighting, replacement of technological equipment (heating, wiring, electricity, lifts). The reconstruction shall	i.							
						reorganise the hospital's internal processes and rehabilitate								
		New hospital network – construction,			Call for tender for the construction and	technical equipment. The reconstruction of building shall be subjected to the primary energy savings of more than 30 % to be								
	SK-C[C11]-I[I2]	reconstruction and equipment Investment	Milestone	SK-C[C11]-I[I2]-M[C11.9	reconstruction of hospitals	monitored by energy saving certificates.	Notification of award of ter	nder to the projects, compli	ant with eligibility/selection criteria	-	-	Q1	2024	24
						Beds made available in upgraded hospitals with a capacity of at least 2 400 beds broken down 1. Minimum 870 beds in completel								
						new hospitals at full fitness out* level in buildings meeting the	y							
						energy efficiency requirements of the 25ter intervention field								
М						certified BREEAM 2. Minimum 1 035 beds in completely new hospitals at "gross construction" level in buildings meeting the								
						energy efficiency requirements of intervention field 25ter certified	ı							
						BREEAM 3. At least 495 beds in hospitals after major renovation to full fitness out in buildings meeting the energy efficiency								
		New hospital network – construction,	_			requirements of intervention field 26bis (at least 30 % energy								
	SK-C[C11]-I[I2]	reconstruction and equipment Investment	Target	SK-C[C11]-I[I2]-T[C11.10	Beds made available in upgraded hospitals	savings compared to current status).  The target is to equip 3 institutes of cardiovascular diseases with			Number	0	2400	1602 Q4	Q2 2025	25 2026
U						the navigation system for the treatment of atrial fibrillation which								
	SK-C[C11]-I[I3]	Digitalisation in health Investment	Target	SK-C[C11]-I[I3]-T[C11.12	Navigation system for the treatment of atrial !] fibrillation in 3 cardiovascular disease institutions	will reduce the time spent on the atrial fibrillation surgery by 65%.			Number	0	3	Q4	2023	23
		·	, and the second			19 public hospitals shall be connected to the central ERP system								
U	SK-C[C11]-I[I3]	Digitalisation in health Investment	Target	SK-C[C11]-I[I3]-T[C11.11		that allow for centralization of controlling and other processes in hospitals.			Number	0	19	Q4	2025	25
		·	, and the second			The aim is to build or reconstruct the locations of the ambulance								
						stations that shall be located in the new network of the ambulanc services. — The constructed settlements shall be located in	e							
						buildings meeting the energy efficiency requirements of								
						intervention field 26bis (at least 30 % energy savings compared to current status). —New settlements shall be housed in buildings								
						which, in accordance with the regulation in force from 1.1.2021,								
U						must comply with energy efficiency class A0. Fair geographical distribution shall be based on an mathematical simulation model								
						that shall aim to propose a network where: (1) 90 percent of								
						population accessible within 15 minutes from dispatch (2) 80 percent of patients with first quintet hour diagnosis shall be shoul	d							
						be reached within 8 minutes from dispatch (3) through relocation								
	SK-C[C11]-I[I4]	Construction and rehabilitation of ambulance stations Investment	Target	SK-C[C11]-I[I4]-T[C11.13		of stations response time shall be shorter than current situation			Number	0	55	02	2025	25
			0			158 ambulances, 9 vehicles for collective transport of persons and	l							
						30 rendez-vous vehicles shall be purchased and delivered according to the DNSH principle. For Rendez-vous vehicles,								
						selected vehicle types are zero-emission (electric/hydrogen/fuel								
U						cells) or low emissions below 50 g CO2/km (plug-in hybrid electric vehicles) shall be chosen. For the rest the procedure of purchasing								
						is as follows: at first - diesel, then the hybrid or electrical – the be	st							
	SK-C[C11]-I[I5]	Renewal of the ambulance fleet Investment	Target	SK-C[C11]-I[I5]-T[C11.14	Purchase of vehicles	available technology in the vehicle category shall be applied.			Number	0	197	0.04	202	24
			0			Legislative amendments to laws and related legal acts (laws								
						included: 576/2004, 577/2004, 578/2004, 579/2004, 581/2004) introducing the optimization of hospital network shall define								
						hierarchy of inpatient care providers depending on complexity of								
U						care provided, scope of services and time accessibility. There will be 5 levels of inpatient care providers. The law shall set								
						compulsory services that providers are obliged to provide at each								
				SK-C[C11]-R[R1]-		level. Furthermore it shall define quality indicators, requirements for technical equipment, personnel capacities, waiting times for								
	SK-C[C11]-R[R1]	Optimisation of the hospital network Reform	Milestone	M[C11.1]	Introduction of the hospital network	certain services.	Legislative amendment ent	er into force		-	-	Q1	2022	22
						There shall be a transition period during which hospitals and								
U					Share of the reprofiled hospitals (authorised within	health insurance companies shall be required to comply with n newly defined rules. 40 % of current hospitals (hospitals authorize	d							
	SK-C[C11] D[D1]	Ontimication of the bossital network. Referen	Target	CK-C[C11] D[D1] T[C11 ]	the scope of general and specialised hospitals)	within the scope of general and specialised hospitals) shall be			QZ	0	40	04	2025	25
	SK-C[CII]-R[RI]	Optimisation of the hospital network Reform	Target	SK-C[C11]-K[K1]-T[C11.2	2] under the new hospital network	reprofiled according to the new reform.  The plan shall comprise of all the investments to be financed from	ı		/6	U	40	Ų4	2025	2.3
						the Recovery and Resilience Plan and the EU Structural Funds and								
						shall start preparing these projects as a matter of priority for implementation (linked to Investments 1, 2 and 3). A methodolog	y							
						for evaluating health investments shall be developed, which will								
U						determine decision-making criteria based on financial, medical bu also indirect benefits, including societal and socio-economic	t							
						benefits. A model for decision-making on the economic efficiency								
					A prioritised investment plan according to the	of an investment in the health sector shall be set, taking into account not only the direct financial benefits of the investment bu	ıt							
		Reform of the preparation of health		SK-C[C11]-R[R2]-	investment evaluation methodology adopted by									
	SK-C[C11]-R[R2]	investment projects Reform	Milestone	M[C11.3]	the Ministry of Health	This authority shall effectively provide the governing structure for	prioritised investment plan	published on the website of	f the Ministry of Health	-	-	Q2	2022	22
						the 19 hospitals that shall consist of the hospital network being in								
						the pilot phase (see target below). This means that it would: manage, guide and evaluate hospitals' planning and performance								
U						such as financial controlling, compliance control, HR, quality and	Central Hospital							
					Establishment of a central hospital management	risk management with a link to clinical processes. It shall also make the recommendations for optimization of expenditures and	<ul> <li>Management Authority approved by the Ministry</li> </ul>							
	cy clear; pro-	Centralisation of the management of		SK-C[C11]-R[R3]-	body from an organisational, operational and	inventories of medicines and medical devices.	of Health and fully							
	5K-C[C11]-R[R3]	the largest hospitals Reform  Centralisation of the management of	Milestone	M[C11.4]	economic point of view  Number of hospitals involved in central	Central management system shall embrace 19 state controlled	operational					Q4	2023	c:
U	CK C[C11] D[D2]	the largest hospitals Reform	Target	SK-C[C11]-R[R3]-T[C11.5		hospitals in the piloting phase.			Number	0	19	02	2025	25

							The legislative amendments shall introduce a new network of ambulance stations and a new definition of emergency medical care. The new network shall guarantee the availability of						
U							emergency services within 15 minutes for 90 % of the population. It shall be geographically and procedurally linked to the new UN						
		Optimising the acute healthcare				Amendment to the law on Optimal ambulance	hospital network. The new definition of emergency care shall determine the number of authorized users of ambulance services.						
	SK-C[C11]-R[R4]	network and the new definition of emergency healthcare	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C11]-R[R4]- M[C11.6]	network and new definition of emergency healthcare	and how to respond to the request of those users.	The legislation on the new optimal ambulance network	enters into force.		-	01	2023
	[]				(-2220)		The new legislation shall set out rules for the primary care network to determine the number and distribution of general	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				-	
U						The new law on the establishment of the network	practitioners on the basis of: - Availability (maximum travel time per doctor); - capacity needs (the number of general						
	SK-C[C11]-R[R5]	Reform of primary care provision fo adults, children and youth	r Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C11]-R[R5]- M[C11.7]		practitioners of adults and children needed, based on the size and	Entry into force the act of law			_	Q2	2022
U	SK-C[C12]-I[I2]	Creation of detention facilities	Investment	Target		Patient capacity of detention facilities	Entry into use of new detention facilities with a capacity for 150 psychiatric patients.		Number	0	150	04	2025
М	[]				[]	Number of created community-based mental	Entry into use of 56 community-based health and social care centres: psycho-social centres, day-time stationary facilities and				150	2.	2023
	SK-C[C12]-I[I3]	Building psycho-social centres	Investment	Target	SK-C[C12]-I[I3]-T[C12.3]		facilities for autistic type disorders.  Establishing a digital register of phsychodiagnostic methods. Of the		Number	0	56	28 Q4	2025
М		Establishment of a repository of				Number of registered and standardised	overall objective of 125 new and updated standardised methods, standardisation shall be provided for 112 methods, to be selected						
	SK-C[C12]-I[I6]	psychodiagnostic methods	Investment	Target	SK-C[C12]-I[I6]-T[C12.4]	psychodiagnostic methods	by an expert group.  Completed reconstruction of rooms in 2-bed rooms in institutional		Number	0	112	72 Q2	2025
U	SK-C[C12]-I[I7]	Humanisation of institutional psychiatric care	Investment	Target	SK-C[C12]-I[I7]-T[C12.5]		psychiatric care with sanitary facilities and replacement of enclosure beds with isolation rooms.		Number	0	244	Q4	2025
М				-		Number of health sector workers trained in mental	Of the overall objective of providing training in mental health to 1000 workers, short-term or long-term certified training in mental						
	SK-C[C12]-I[I8]	Training in mental health for staff	Investment	Target	SK-C[C12]-I[I8]-T[C12.6]		health shall be completed for 900 health workers.  Two coordination entities shall be established:		Number	0	900	336 Q2	2025
							Council of the Government for Mental Health;     The Association of psychologists						
							The Council shall coordinate policies across competent ministries in						
							the area of mental health. It shall produce the National Mental Health Programme and Action Plan, which shall be approved by						
U							the Slovak Government						
							The Association shall be a registered professional organization of psychologist in all functional sectors (i.e. not only limited to health						
							care sector). It shall operate a digital registry of professional psychologists working in the fields of health, education, social						
							affairs, justice, home affairs, defence and others. Entry into use of new detention facilities with a capacity for 150						
	SK-C[C12]-R[R1]	Coordinated inter-ministerial cooperation and regulation	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C12]-R[R1]- M[C12.1]	Establishment of two coordination entities for mental health		Full operationalisation of the entities			-	Q2	2025
							At least 210 new places shall be created in community-based facilities and low-capacity health-social care facilities combined, by						
							constructing new buildings and by renovating existing buildings. Community-based facilities mainly refer to family housing facilities						
M						Education of the control of the cont	with a capacity of up to 12 places each. Health-social care facilities shall have a capacity of up to 30 places each. The facilities will be						
		Full and in a second section in the second section in					built/reconstructed in accordance with the principles of universal design and will be low-capacity, thus fulfilling the conditions of the UN Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities.						
	SK-C[C13]-I[I1]	Enhancing community-based social care capacities	Investment	Target	SK-C[C13]-I[I1]-T[C13.7]				Number	0	210	441 Q2	2024
							Of the overall objective to create 1480 places in community-based facilities (of which 1000 places) and low-capacity health-social care facilities (of which 480 places) combined, at least 1400 new places						
							shall be created, by constructing new buildings and by renovating existing buildings. Community-based facilities mainly refer to						
М							family housing facilities with a capacity of up to 12 places each. Health-social care facilities shall have a capacity of up to 30 places						
						Enhancement of the capacities of community-	each. The facilities will be built/reconstructed in accordance with the principles of universal design and will be low-capacity, thus						
		Enhancing community-based social				based residential services and health-social low- capacity facilities (indicator: minimum number of	fulfilling the conditions of the UN Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities.						
	SK-C[C13]-I[I1]	care capacities	Investment	Target	SK-C[C13]-I[I1]-T[C13.8]	places created)	387 places for outpatient services in new outpatient facilities (e.g.		Number	0	1 400	2939 Q2	2026
							daily stationary, rehabilitation centre) shall be created with an average capacity of 20 places through the construction of new						
М							buildings or the renovation of existing buildings. These facilities shall partly serve as respite care for informal carers. The facilities						
		Enhander committee hand and all					shall be built/reconstructed in accordance with the principles of universal design and shall be low-capacity, thus fulfilling the terms						
	SK-C[C13]-I[I1]	Enhancing community-based social care capacities	Investment	Target	SK-C[C13]-I[I1]-T[C13.9]	Expansion of outpatient service capacities (indicator: minimum number of places created)	of the UN Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities.  Of the overall objective to create 2585 places for outpatient		Number	0	387	154 Q2	2024
							services in new outpatient facilities (e.g. daily stationary, rehabilitation centre) with an average capacity of 20 places, at						
							least 2580 places shall be created through the construction of new buildings or the renovation of existing buildings. These facilities						
М							shall partly serve as respite care for informal carers. The facilities shall be built/reconstructed in accordance with the principles of						
		Enhancing community-based social				Expansion of outpatient service capacities	universal design and shall be low-capacity, thus fulfilling the terms of the UN Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities.						
	SK-C[C13]-I[I1]		Investment	Target	SK-C[C13]-I[I1]-T[C13.10]	(indicator: minimum number of places created)	At least 650 after-care beds shall be created by utilizing freed up		Number	0	2 580	1024 Q2	2026
U		Extension and renewal of after-care				Creation of post-care beds by reconstructing existing acute and chronic beds (indicator:	capacities of chronic and acute care following the optimisation of the hospital network. After-care beds will serve to treat patients						
	SK-C[C13]-I[I2]	and nursing capacities	Investment	Target	SK-C[C13]-I[I2]-T[C13.12]	minimum number of aftercare beds reconstructed)	Investment in the physical and technical equipment of 91 new and		Number	0	650	Q2	2026
U		Extension and renewal of after-care					existing home nursing agencies. It will support the establishment of at least 11 new ones and the re-equipment of at least 80						
	SK-C[C13]-I[I2]	and nursing capacities	Investment	Target	SK-C[C13]-I[I2]-T[C13.11]	(indicator: number of providers supported)	existing home nursing agencies.  This investment comprises the creation of at least 270 beds by		Number	0	91	Q1	2025
							construction of new hospices (20 beds on average) and reconstruction of existing hospices. Hospices will be used for long-						
U							term palliative care for patients whose condition or family situation does not allow for palliative treatment at home. The beds of palliative compartments shall be created by reconstructing						
		Enhancing and restoring palliative					existing beds. Some of them result from the reprofiling of the long- term sick compartments, part of which results from acute beds						
	SK-C[C13]-I[I3]		Investment	Target	SK-C[C13]-I[I3]-T[C13.13]	and restored)	released by network optimisation.  As part of this investment in the physical and technical equipment		Number	0	270	Q3	2025
U	SK-C[C13]-I[I3]	Enhancing and restoring palliative care capacities	Investment	Target	SK-C[C13]-I[I3]-T[C13.14]	network (indicator: number of new and rebuilt	of new and existing mobile hospices, at least 20 new mobile hospices and at least 6 existing ones will be supported.		Number	0	26	Q1	2025

							The first phase of the implementation of the reform consists of											
							regulating the reimbursement by health insurance companies of nursing care in social services facilities, the arrangements for the											
							contract of nursing care by insurance companies and the adjustment of reimbursements by health insurance companies for											
							palliative and outpatient and inpatient care. The adoption of this legislative amendment is foreseen by Q1 2022. The next phase of											
U							implementation consists of the development and approval of new legislation. A new health law shall define the scope of long-term											
							health and palliative care and define follow-up care and its linkage											
							with other types of care. This law shall be adopted by Q1 2023. The legislative amendments shall regulate the areas currently defined											
	SK-C[C13]-R[R1]	Integration and financing of long- term social and health care	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C13]-R[R1]- M[C13.1]	New legislative framework for long-term health and palliative care	by Act No 576/2004 on health care and services related to the provision of healthcare	Entry into force of a new law	on long-term and palliati	ive care and of the re	gulation of financing c		-			Q1		2023
M							As a result of the first phase of the preparation of the reform of the financing of social services, a new concept for the financing of											
	SK-C[C13]-R[R1]	Integration and financing of long- term social and health care	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C13]-R[R1]- M[C13.2]	Publication of the concept of financing social services for public debate	social services shall be proposed by the government for stakeholder consultation.	Published concept on the fina	ancing of social services				-			Q4		2023
							Entry into force of legislation on social services which shall introduce a new financing system based on a personal budget for											
							the deprived person. The reform shall abolish a large number of different contributions and create space for targeted and											
ш							comprehensive support for people in need of long-term care. The reform of funding shall support the emergence and development											
							of services in the community. The legislative amendments shall regulate the areas currently defined in particular by Act No											
		Internation and Consider affice			cy cicani pipal	The same Consideration and an extension of a state of a	448/2008 on social services and Act No 447/2008 Coll. on cash											
	SK-C[C13]-R[R1]	Integration and financing of long- term social and health care	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C13]-R[R1]- M[C13.3]	The new financing system of social services – introduction of a personal budget	allowances to compensate for severe disability.	Entry into force of the act on	the financing of social se	rvices						Q4		2025
							Entry into force of legislation on social services which shall bring together the assessment work carried out so far by various bodies											
							and, at the same time, amend Act No 447/2008 on compensation of severely disabled persons. The reform of the assessment work											
							shall remove inefficiencies and red tape for medical assessors and assessors. New uniform criteria for sub-dependency shall be											
M							defined to make the assessment more transparent. The assessment work shall be digitised – medical assessors will use the											
							e-health system. To ensure efficient implementation of the reform, the financial resources under this reform shall be used to provide											
							computer and office equipment for 200 assessment staff and a	amending Act 447/2008										
	SK-C[C13]-R[R2]	Assessment of care needs	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C13]-R[R2]- M[C13.4]	Unification of the assessment system		on compensation of severely disabled persons					-			Q1		2024
							Entry into force of a law in the area of social care supervision which shall unify the powers of supervision and; —Create the											
U		Consolidation of the supervision of					legislative basis for the functioning of the new social welfare supervisory/inspection; — Define new conditions for quality of											
	SK-C[C13]-R[R3]	social care and provision of necessar infrastructure	y Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C13]-R[R3]- M[C13.5]	Reform of the supervision of social care		on the supervision of social care					-			Q2		2022
M		Consolidation of the supervision of					Completion of the necessary infrastructure for the functioning of the supervisory body – headquarter and 8 regional branches. Costs											
IVI	SK-C[C13]-R[R3]	social care and provision of necessar infrastructure	y Reform	Target	SK-C[C13]-R[R3]-T[C13.6]	Establishment of a unified supervisory system with headquarter and 8 branches	include buildings, cars, computer equipment and other prerequisites.			Number		0		9	)	Q1		2024
							Online reporting of the compliance check of the 1-in-2-out principle (virtual account) shall confirm that the rule is put into											
							practice: Control of submitted legislative materials (500 per year) / Preparation of trainings for submitters of legislative and non-											
							legislative materials (1 per year) / Number of consultations provided for submitters (100 per year) / Number of virtual account											
							updates on MH SR website (12 per year) - Q4 / 2024 Regular ex-											
							post evaluation of the effectiveness and justification of existing regulations: Review of submitted legislative materials (50 in 2022,											
М							100 in the following years). Training for submitters of legislative materials (once a year) and to provide consultations. A											
							mechanism will be developed to control the application of the principle of ex-post evaluation - Q4 / 2024 Implementation of											
							protection against unjustified goldplating: Control of submitted evaluations of legislative materials (40 per year) / Trainings for											
						1in-2out rule, ex ante evaluation to prevent	submitters of legislative materials (1x per year) / Number of consultations (30 per year) / A mechanism for monitoring the											
	SK-C[C14]-I[I1]	Capacities for reforms to reduce regulatory burden	Investment	Milestone	SK-C[C14]-I[I1]-M[C14.2]	goldplating and ex post evaluations of existing regulation	application of the principle of protection against unjustified goldplating will be developed Q2 / 2025.	Evaluations carried out by the Ministry of Economy					_			Q2		2025
							The single fully digitised insolvency process has been tested and launched and is used in all insolvency proceedings. Entry into											
							operation of a public administration information system (technical framework) focusing on insolvency law and exit processes with											
М							multi-user modules (custodians, creditors, courts, the public, realisation of assets) and further functionalities for early warning											
							of impending insolvency, discharge of debt of natural persons,			% of insolvency								
	SK-C[C14] 1[13]	Digitalisation of insolvers area	Investment	Target	SK-C[C14] III3] Tic44 51	A single, fully digitised insolvency process is fully	cross-border exchange of information, provision of statistical and analytical data and disclosure of information.			procedures done via unified digital		•				02	04	2024
	3K-C[C14]-I[IZ]	Digitalisation of insolvency processes	investment	Target	SK-C[C14]-I[I2]-T[C14.5]	operational.	Entry into force of government resolutions updating the Unified			process		0		100		Ų2	Ų4	2024
							Methodology for the Assessment of Selected Impacts and introducing new tools to reduce regulatory burden:—Introduction											
							of the "1-in-2out" rule into 1Q/2022—Introduction of ex-post evaluation of existing regulations (legislative materials up to											
U						introduction of the new regulatory burden reduction tools:—Implementation of the "1in-	1Q/2022 and non-legislative materials up to 1Q/2023) as regards their effectiveness and justification – Introduction of protection											
							against unjustified goldplating by 4Q/2022 – Investment implementation to implement measures to reduce the regulatory											
	SK-C[C14]-R[R1]	Reducing regulatory burden for businesses	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C14]-R[R1]- M[C14.1]	materials) – Introduction of protection against unjustified goldplating		Entry into force of resolutions	ns updating the Unified Me	ethodology for the As	ssessment of Selected -		-			Q1		2023
U		Reducing regulatory burden for			SK-C[C14]-R[R1]-	Reduction of the administrative burden on	Entry into force of three packages reducing administrative burden for businesses, each containing at least 100 measures, and leading											
	SK-C[C14]-R[R1]		Reform	Milestone	M[C14.3]	entrepreneurs	to savings for entrepreneurs.  Entry into force of laws which shall establish the legal framework	Entry into force of 3 packages	es with 300 measures to re	educe administrative	burden -		-			Q4		2024
							for the unification and full digitalisation of the liquidation, bankruptcy, restructuring and discharge of debt and, where											
							appropriate, the resolution of impending bankruptcy, as well as the modification of the legal and procedural frameworks for the											
							digitalisation of forced liquidation processes. It includes the introduction of early warning tools and creates an insolvency											
U							specialisation at the level of business courts. The government and parliament approve a set of laws:—A new law on non-public											
							financial restructuring and public preventive restructuring;—Amendment to Act No 7/2005 on Bankruptcy and											
							Restructuring, – Amendment to Act No 8/2005 on Administrators,											
		Harmonicing and disits Patra			CV CIC141 DID21		Amendment to Act No 328/1991 on bankruptcy and arrangement;—Amendment to Act No 757/2004 on Courts;—Amendment to Act No 371/2004 on the seats and											
	SK-C[C14]-R[R2]	Harmonising and digitalising insolvency procedures	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C14]-R[R2]- M[C14.4]	Reform of the insolvency framework	districts of the courts of the Slovak Republic.	Entry into force of a set of lav	ws governing insolvency p	proceedings.			-			Q1		2023

							Digitalisation of public procurement processes shall be tested and fully operational, including interoperability with the information system of the Central reference data management (IS CSRÚ)										
							pursuant to Act No 305/2013 Coll. allowing for automatic completion of contracting entity data, the extension of the scope to all goods and services, and the monitoring of price evolution of										
							goods and services. The system for price evolution of goods and services are expected to be filled gradually. Features:										
М							<ul> <li>Submission of below-threshold works, supplies and services not only those normally available on the market;</li> <li>Award of a contract with a criterion other than price;</li> </ul>										
							Market research for low value contracts;      Publication of low value contracts;      Creating a price monitoring functionality;										
							<ul> <li>Creation of the functionality for automated ranking of tenders;</li> <li>Integration with the information system of the Central reference data management (IS CSRÚ) pursuant to Act No 305/2013 Coll.</li> </ul>		The single electronic								
	CV C[C14] D[D2]	Public procurement procedures	Deferm	Milestone		Digitalisation of public procurement processes		platform is fully operational as regards the	platform is fully operational as regards the	2				02		2022	
	5K-C[C14]-K[K3]	Public procurement procedures	Reform	Milestone	M[C14.7]	through a single electronic platform.	An amendment to the Public Procurement Procedures Act approved by the Government and the Parliament and entered into	7 new functionalities.	6 new functionalities.				-	Q2		2023	
							force will ensure:  — Accelerating and simplifying the procurement procedure.  — Accelerating the process also with a view to exercising the right:	:									
U							of the candidates, tenderers, participants and other persons concerned. —Improving control of public procurement by automating the										
							award and evaluation of contracts and ensuring efficient collection and analysis of price data.  — Ensure proper safeguards, in particular as regards transparency										
					SK-C[C14]-R[R3]-		and any proposed amendments will be in line with both the relevant Directives of the European Parliament and of the Council as well as the rules laid down in the Treaty on the Functioning of										
	SK-C[C14]-R[R3]	Public procurement procedures	Reform	Milestone	M[C14.6]	Reform of the Public Procurement Procedures Act	the EU.  Of the overall objective to construct or purchase 89216 square metres of modern buildings for the needs of the largest courts in	Entry into force of the revi	sed Act on Public Procurem	ent Procedures by P	arliament -			Q1		2022	
М		Buildings for the reorganised court				Association the state of the st	the judicial system (urban courts, certain appeal courts and administrative courts), at least 80500 square metres shall be constructed or purchased. The design documentation for										
	SK-C[C15]-I[I1]	system	Investment	Target	SK-C[C15]-I[I1]-T[C15.4]		reconstructions shall be prepared by Q2/2022.  Of the overall objective to reconstruct 86000 square metres of court buildings, at least 77500 square metres shall be			Area (m2)		0	80 500	24909 Q4		2024	202
М							reconstructed with a view to modernising and increasing their capacity as a result of the increase in judicial staff and judges in the	e									
	SK-C[C15]-I[I1]	Buildings for the reorganised court system	Investment	Target	SK-C[C15]-I[I1]-T[C15.3]	Reconstructed area of court buildings in m <sup>2</sup> )	merged judicial districts. The design documentation for reconstructions shall be prepared by Q2/2022.  The analytical support platform on case law is operational and			Area (m2)		0	77 500	111931 Q4		2024	202
U	SK-C[C15]-I[I2]	Digitalisation and analytical capaciti	ies Investment	Milestone	SK-C[C15]-I[I2]-M[C15.9]	Creation of an analytical support platform for access to case law in courts	available to courts, enabling judges to use the case law database in order to speed up the process of studying files.  Entry into service of a modern IT system enabling entrepreneurs	operational. Full electronic			-		-	Q2		2026	
М	SK-C[C15]-I[I2]	Digitalisation and analytical capaciti	ies Investment	Milestone	SK-C[C15]-I[I2]-M[C15.6]	Development and handover of an IT system – Business Register	and courts to carry out business register activities fully electronically.	communication of the Commercial Register with firms and courts					-	Q3		2023	202
М							Entry into service of a modern IT system enabling the digital management of court files. The launch of a centralised judicial management system includes the migration of all courts' existing										
	SK-C[C15]-I[I2]	Digitalisation and analytical capaciti	ies Investment	Milestone	SK-C[C15]-I[I2]-M[C15.7]	Development and handover of IS – Centralised Judicial Management System	data from existing local databases, the digitalisation of all new court cases, the interconnection of all courts and links with other relevant public administration systems.	New court files can be handled digitally					_	Q1	Q4	2025	
							The digital equipment of the courts to make their work more efficient, to equip them with technology for the efficient conduct of hearings and acts at a distance shall be purchased and										
U							delivered. Of the overall objective to equip 6100 court staff, the modernisation of IT equipment (new notebooks, docking stations, monitors, phones) will be carried out for at least 6 000 court staff										
	SK-C[C15]-I[I2]	Digitalisation and analytical capaciti	ies Investment	Target	SK-C[C15]-I[I2]-T[C15.8]		as reorganised after the reform of the judicial map.  The entry into force of the legislative amendment shall define a			Number		0	6 000	Q2		2026	
U							new system of courts. The changes of judicial map shall adjust the network of first instance ordinary courts, create administrative courts, adjust ordinary courts of appeal and create the Supreme										
	SK-C[C15]-R[R1]	Reorganising the judicial map	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C15]-R[R1]- M[C15.1]	Definition of a new judicial map	Administrative Court of the Slovak Republic.  The transition of the administration of justice to a smaller number	Entry into force of the Res	idences and districts Act		-		-	Q4		2021	
							of courts is completed and judges have been designated to a specialisation (among civil, family, criminal and commercial law) in										
U					CV C[C1E] D[D4]		at least 3 court agendas in each new judicial district (Q1/2023). Th new network of first instance ordinary and administrative courts, the ordinary courts of appeal and the Supreme Administrative Court of the Slovak Beaublic (Q1/2023) is established and										
	SK-C[C15]-R[R1]	Reorganising the judicial map	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C15]-R[R1]- M[C15.2]	The introduction of the new court network	Court of the Slovak Republic (Q1/2023) is established and operational.  Entry into force of the Act on the Management of Frozen Assets, the Management of Frozen Asse	Reorganized court network	k is operational		-		-	Q1		2023	
U	CV Closes	Fighting corruption and strengthening the integrity and	Defe	Milart	SK-C[C15]-R[R2]-		the Judicial Reform Act, the Constitutional Act, the amended Act on the Public Prosecutor's Office, and the amended criminal code. I the adoption of the Disciplinary Rules for the Supreme	Facility (	otal potential and a second	Marcel 5 and							
	SK-C[C15]-R[R2]	independence of the judiciary	Reform	Milestone	M[C15.5]	integrity and independence of the justice system	Completion of the following steps: - Purchase of the "go AML" software tool until Q4/2022 and	Entry into force of the Jud	icial Reform Act, the Constit	tutional Act, the ame	ended Act on the Public -		-	Q3		2021	
							implementing it by Q3/2023.  - Launch of a test version of the Central Accounts Register with all in the Act predefined functionalities with access to data up to										
М							Q2/2022 and subsequent launch of the final version in Q4/2022.  Operationalisation and full technical equipment of the whistle- blower protection office until Q3/2022.										
							<ul> <li>Launch of the LISA (Central Information System Police Data Collection System – single platform for financial investigation services – NAKA, NCODK, FSJ) by Q4/2023.</li> </ul>										
		Tools and capacity for the fight against corruption and money					<ul> <li>Adaptation of premises and ICT equipment of NCODK and NAKA units for financial investigation and verification of the origin of assets by regional level (model 1 + 4) to Q4/2023.</li> </ul>										
	SK-C[C16]-I[I1]	laundering	Investment	Milestone	SK-C[C16]-I[I1]-M[C16.2]	fight against money laundering and corruption	Establishment of the NAKA Analytical Centre and the Regional Analytical and Financial Investigation Offices of the NAKA and also		ower infrastructure is fully o	operational.			-	Q4		2023	
М							establishment Regional Analytical and Financial Investigation Offices of the National Centre of Special Crimes (NCODK) in Q1/2022. Of the overall objective to train 266 staff, at least 240										
	SK-C[C16]-I[I1]	Tools and capacity for the fight against corruption and money laundering	Investment	Target	SK-C[C16]-I[I1]-T[C16.3]		police staff attended training, workshops and seminars with the participation of foreign and national lecturers, cooperation in training with CEPOL and EUROPOL.			Number	percentage	0	240	100 Q4		2023	

							Automation of the recording of infringements of road traffic rules.								
							Full operation of the system with modules: (1) recording and identifying road traffic infringements, (2) modifications to the								
U		Equipping and digitalising the police				Automation of the system for detecting road		Deployment of full							
	SK-C[C16]-I[I2]		Investment	Milestone	SK-C[C16]-I[I2]-M[C16.9]	traffic infringements into full operation	statistics, reporting and analysis.	operation of 3 modules			-		-	Q2	2026
							Entry into full operation of the new Foreign Residents Information								
							System with the following key functionalities: submission of an application for residence and renewal, registration of residence,								
М							computerisation of the application for a document, notification								
		Equipping and digitalising the police				Electronicising residence permit processes to	modules and computerisation of communication in the course of								
	SK-C[C16]-I[I2]	force	Investment	Milestone	SK-C[C16]-I[I2]-M[C16.8]	simplify processes for the public	the procedure.  Of the overall objective to renovate 49965 square metres of	the new system	iew modules		-		-	Q4	2024
							building floor area, at least 45 000 square metres in police								
							buildings shall be renovated to reduce their energy intensity. At								
U						5 to the fall of the control of the	least 5 buildings will be renovated by Q4/2023. Technical, material								
		Equipping and digitalising the police				Extent of the renovated floor area of police buildings to reduce the energy intensity of	and spatial provision of criminal analysis units, criminal technology services and environmental crime units according to the material								
	SK-C[C16]-I[I2]		Investment	Milestone	SK-C[C16]-I[I2]-M[C16.7]		inventory of Q4/2024.			Number		0	45	Q4	2024
							Of the overall objective to renew 705 vehicles of the police fleet by								
U		Equipping and digitalising the police				Purchase of new vehicles (10 % of the fleet) of	electric and hybrid vehicles (326 vehicles by Q2/2022 and 379 vehicles by Q4/2022), at least 700 police vehicles shall be replaced.								
	SK-C[C16]-I[I2]	force	Investment	Target	SK-C[C16]-I[I2]-T[C16.6]	electric and hybrid vehicles	verticles by Q4/2022/, at least 700 police verticles shall be replaced.			Number		0	700	Q4	2022
				-			Training of at least 310 police officers (environmental crime 200,								
М							criminal analyses 60, criminal technology services 50) in Q4/2022.								
IVI		Equipping and digitalising the police				Training and equipment related to the police	Provide training for at least 300 police officers to improve the quality of communication to victims of crime for police officers in			Number of trained					
	SK-C[C16]-I[I2]	force	Investment	Target	SK-C[C16]-I[I2]-T[C16.5]		Q4/2022.			staff perce	ntage	0	310	100 Q4	2024
							At least 2 Integrated Security Centres will be constructed and								
							made operational, improving the operational management of the								
U		Modernisation of the fire and rescue	2			Construction and operationalisation of Integrated	rescue services of the integrated rescue system, including information support through the establishment of Integrated								
	SK-C[C16]-I[I3]	system	Investment	Target	SK-C[C16]-I[I3]-T[C16.11		Security Centres.			Number		0	2	Q2	2026
		Mandana Sakara Sakar Carana da sasara					Completion of construction works for at least 4 new firefighting								
U	SK-C[C16]-I[I3]	Modernisation of the fire and rescue system	Investment	Target	\$K-C[C16]-I[I3]-T[C16 12	2] Modernisation of firefighting stations	stations and the reconstruction of at least 3 existing firefighting stations.			Number		0	7	Q2	2026
	3K-C[C10]-1[13]	System	mvestment	raiget	5K-C[C10]-[[15]-1[C10.12	-1 modernisation of mengitting stations	Parliamentary approval and legal entry into force of the Recovery			iioci		3	,	Ųź	2020
		Streamlining, optimising and					and Resilience Facility Act must be completed before the first								
U	CH CLOSE	strengthening administrative capacit			SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-	Audia Constanta in the	payment request	Fata-late f							
	SK-C[C16]-I[I4]	at different levels of government	Investment	Milestone	M[C16.14]	Audit & controls: legal basis	NIKA will be established by Q3 2021. It will be the coordinating,	Entry into force of the Recov	ery and Resilience Facility	ACC	-		-	Q4	2021
							financial and implementing body for the Recovery and Resilience								
U		Streamlining, optimising and				Minimising implementation risk by establishing a	Facility. The subsequent steps entail: Strengthening the capacity of								
	CV CCC4C1 IFIA1	strengthening administrative capacit			SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-	coordination, financial and implementing body	NIKA and government audit by Q4/2021. A new IT system for the	Fatablish and and an area for the						03	2022
	SK-C[C16]-I[I4]	at different levels of government	Investment	Milestone	M[C16.13]	(NIKA) for the Recovery and Resilience Facility	purposes of NIKA is in place by Q3/2022.  A repository system, which may take the form of an Excel sheet,	Establishment and capacity l	building for KKP authority		-		-	Ų3	2022
							for monitoring the implementation of the RRP shall be in place and								
							operational.								
							The system shall include, as a minimum, the following functionalities:								
Ü							(a) collection of data and monitoring of the achievement of								
		Streamlining, optimising and					milestones and targets;								
		strengthening administrative capacit	tv		SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-										
						RRP Repository System: information for	(b) collect, store and ensure access to the data required by Article								
	SK-C[C16]-I[I4]	at different levels of government		Milestone	M[C16.15]	monitoring implementation of RRP	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation.	Audit report confirming repo	sitory system functionalit	ies	-		-	Q4	2021
	SK-C[C16]-I[I4]			Milestone				Audit report confirming repo	sitory system functionalit	ies	-		-	Q4	2021
R	SK-C[C16]-I[I4]	at different levels of government		Milestone			22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation.  All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by		sitory system functionalit	ies			-	Q4	2021
R	SK-C[C16]-I[I4]	at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and	Investment	Milestone		monitoring implementation of RRP	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation.  All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by Q2/2022.Launch of pilot training until Q4/2022.All staff of the first		sitory system functionalit	ies			-	Q4	2021
R		at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit	Investment		M[C16.15]	monitoring implementation of RRP  Automated specialisation training for all newly	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation.  All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by		sitory system functionalit	ies %		0	100		
R		at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and	Investment	Milestone	M[C16.15]	monitoring implementation of RRP	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation.  All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by Q2/2022.Launch of pilot training until Q4/2022.All staff of the first		sitory system functionalit	ies %		0	100	Q4 0 Q2	2021
R		at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capaciat different levels of government	Investment		M[C16.15]	monitoring implementation of RRP  Automated specialisation training for all newly	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation.  All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by Q2/2022.Launch of pilot training until Q4/2022.All staff of the first contact points shall receive the relevant training in Q2/2026.  Of the overall objective to establish 22 shared service centres in the most lagging regions by Q4/2024, at least 20 shared service		sitory system functionalit	ies		0	100		
R		at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capaciat different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and	Investment ty Investment		M[C16.15]	monitoring implementation of RRP  Automated specialisation training for all newly	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation.  All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by Q2/2022.Launch of pilot training until Q4/2022.All staff of the first contact points shall receive the relevant training in Q2/2026.  Of the overall objective to establish 22 shared service centres in the most lagging regions by Q4/2024, at least 20 shared service centres shall be established. These shared service centres help pool		sitory system functionalit	ies		0	100		
R		at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capaciat different levels of government	ty Investment		M[C16.15] SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.17	monitoring implementation of RRP  Automated specialisation training for all newly	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation.  All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by Q2/2022.Launch of pilot training until Q4/2022.All staff of the first contact points shall receive the relevant training in Q2/2026.  Of the overall objective to establish 22 shared service centres in the most lagging regions by Q4/2024, at least 20 shared service		sitory system functionalit	% Number		0	100		
R U	SK-C[C16]-I[14]	at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit	ty Investment	Target	M[C16.15] SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.17	monitoring implementation of RRP  Automated specialisation training for all newly  7] recruited first-contact staff	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation.  All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by Q2/2022.Launch of pilot training until Q4/2022.All staff of the first contact points shall receive the relevant training in Q2/2026.  Of the overall objective to establish 22 shared service centres in the most lagging regions by Q4/2024, at least 20 shared service centres shall be established. These shared service centres help pool capacity at the local level in providing essential public (social) services.  Entry into force of the legislation which shall establish a framework		sitory system functionalit	%		0		0 Q2	2026
R U	SK-C[C16]-I[14]	at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit	ty Investment	Target	M[C16.15] SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.17	monitoring implementation of RRP  Automated specialisation training for all newly  7] recruited first-contact staff	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation. All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by Q2/2022.Launch of pilot training until Q4/2022.All staff of the first contact points shall receive the relevant training in Q2/2026.  Of the overall objective to establish 22 shared service centres in the most lagging regions by Q4/2024, at least 20 shared service centres shall be established. These shared service centres help pool capacity at the local level in providing essential public (social) services.  Entry into force of the legislation which shall establish a framework for the entry into operation of the Central Accounts Register. The		sitory system functionalit	%		0		0 Q2	2026
R U	SK-C[C16]-I[14]	at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit	ty Investment	Target	M[C16.15] SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.17	monitoring implementation of RRP  Automated specialisation training for all newly  7] recruited first-contact staff	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation.  All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by Q2/2022.Launch of pilot training until Q4/2022.All staff of the first contact points shall receive the relevant training in Q2/2026.  Of the overall objective to establish 22 shared service centres in the most lagging regions by Q4/2024, at least 20 shared service centres shall be established. These shared service centres help pool capacity at the local level in providing essential public (social) services.  Entry into force of the legislation which shall establish a framework for the entry into operation of the Central Accounts Register. The police's authority to check property in the event of a discrepancy		sitory system functionalit	%		0		0 Q2	2026
R U	SK-C[C16]-I[14]	at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit	ty Investment	Target	M[C16.15]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.17  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.16  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]-	monitoring implementation of RRP  Automated specialisation training for all newly  7] recruited first-contact staff	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation. All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by Q2/2022.Launch of pilot training until Q4/2022.All staff of the first contact points shall receive the relevant training in Q2/2026.  Of the overall objective to establish 22 shared service centres in the most lagging regions by Q4/2024, at least 20 shared service centres shall be established. These shared service centres help pool capacity at the local level in providing essential public (social) services.  Entry into force of the legislation which shall establish a framework for the entry into operation of the Central Accounts Register. The			% Number		0		0 Q2	2026 2024
R U	SK-C[C16]-I[I4] SK-C[C16]-I[I4]	at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government	ty Investment  ty Investment  ty Investment	Target	M[C16.15]  SK-C[C16]-I[14]-T[C16.17  SK-C[C16]-I[14]-T[C16.16	monitoring implementation of RRP  Automated specialisation training for all newly recruited first-contact staff  Establishment of shared service centres.	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation.  All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by Q2/2022.Launch of pilot training until Q4/2022.All staff of the first contact points shall receive the relevant training in Q2/2026.  Of the overall objective to establish 22 shared service centres in the most lagging regions by Q4/2024, at least 20 shared service centres shall be established. These shared service centres help pool capacity at the local level in providing essential public (social) services.  Entry into force of the legislation which shall establish a framework for the entry into operation of the Central Accounts Register. The police's authority to check property in the event of a discrepancy between legal income and used property will be expanded. An office for the management of seized assets is operational and possibilities for asset freezing expanded.			% Number	- Central Accour -	0		0 Q2	2026
R U	SK-C[C16]-I[I4] SK-C[C16]-I[I4]	at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government	ty Investment  ty Investment  ty Investment	Target Target	M[C16.15]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.17  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.16  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]-	monitoring implementation of RRP  Automated specialisation training for all newly 7] recruited first-contact staff  5] Establishment of shared service centres.  Reforms to streamline and improve financial	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation.  All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by Q2/2022.Launch of pilot training until Q4/2022.All staff of the first contact points shall receive the relevant training in Q2/2026.  Of the overall objective to establish 22 shared service centres in the most lagging regions by Q4/2024, at least 20 shared service centres shall be established. These shared service centres help pool capacity at the local level in providing essential public (social) services.  Entry into force of the legislation which shall establish a framework for the entry into operation of the Central Accounts Register. The police's authority to check property in the event of a discrepancy between legal income and used property will be expanded. An office for the management of seized assets is operational and possibilities for asset freezing expanded.  Organisational changes aimed at creating a unit for detecting and			% Number	- Central Accour -	0		0 Q2	2026 2024
R U	SK-C[C16]-I[I4] SK-C[C16]-I[I4]	at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Making the fight against corruption and money laundering more effective	ty Investment  ty Investment  ty Investment  ty Reform	Target Target	M[C16.15]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.17  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.16  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]-	monitoring implementation of RRP  Automated specialisation training for all newly 7] recruited first-contact staff  5] Establishment of shared service centres.  Reforms to streamline and improve financial	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation.  All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by Q2/2022.Launch of pilot training until Q4/2022.All staff of the first contact points shall receive the relevant training in Q2/2026.  Of the overall objective to establish 22 shared service centres in the most lagging regions by Q4/2024, at least 20 shared service centres shall be established. These shared service centres help pool capacity at the local level in providing essential public (social) services.  Entry into force of the legislation which shall establish a framework for the entry into operation of the Central Accounts Register. The police's authority to check property in the event of a discrepancy between legal income and used property will be expanded. An office for the management of seized assets is operational and possibilities for asset freezing expanded.			% Number	- Central Accour -	0		0 Q2	2026 2024
R U U	SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]	at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Making the fight against corruption and money laundering more effective Modernising and building capacity of	Investment  ty Investment  ty Investment  ve Reform	Target Target Milestone	M[C16.15]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.17  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.16  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]- M[C16.1]  SK-C[C16]-R[R2]-	monitoring implementation of RRP  Automated specialisation training for all newly recruited first-contact staff  Establishment of shared service centres.  Reforms to streamline and improve financial investigations  Implementation of organisational changes to police to increase the efficiency of crime detection	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation.  All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by Q2/2022.Launch of pilot training until Q4/2022.All staff of the first contact points shall receive the relevant training in Q2/2026.  Of the overall objective to establish 22 shared service centres in the most lagging regions by Q4/2024, at least 20 shared service centres shall be established. These shared service centres help poloapacity at the local level in providing essential public (social) services.  Entry into force of the legislation which shall establish a framework for the entry into operation of the Central Accounts Register. The police's authority to check property in the event of a discrepancy between legal income and used property will be expanded. An office for the management of seized assets is operational and possibilities for assets freezing expanded.  Organisational changes aimed at creating a unit for detecting and investigating environmental crime (centre and regions), extending the analytical capacities of the police force to the regional level, establishing a new unit for crime technology services (centre and	Entry into force of the act 31	2/2020 on asset freezing	% Number	- Central Accour -	0		0 Q2	2024 2022
R U	SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]	at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Making the fight against corruption and money laundering more effective	ty Investment  ty Investment  ty Investment  ty Reform	Target Target	M[C16.15]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.17  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.16  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]- M[C16.1]	monitoring implementation of RRP  Automated specialisation training for all newly 7] recruited first-contact staff  5] Establishment of shared service centres.  Reforms to streamline and improve financial investigations	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation.  All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by Q2/2022.Launch of pilot training until Q4/2022.All staff of the first contact points shall receive the relevant training in Q2/2026.  Of the overall objective to establish 22 shared service centres in the most lagging regions by Q4/2024, at least 20 shared service centres shall be established. These shared service centres help pool capacity at the local level in providing essential public (social) services.  Entry into force of the legislation which shall establish a framework for the entry into operation of the Central Accounts Register. The police's authority to check property in the event of a discrepancy between legal income and used property will be expanded. An office for the management of seized assets is operational and possibilities for asset freezing expanded.  Organisational changes aimed at creating a unit for detecting and investigating environmental crime (centre and regions), extending the analytical capacities of the police force to the regional level, establishing a new unit for crime technology services (centre and regions).		2/2020 on asset freezing	% Number	- Central Accour -	0		0 Q2	2026 2024
R U	SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]	at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Making the fight against corruption and money laundering more effective Modernising and building capacity of	Investment  ty Investment  ty Investment  ve Reform	Target Target Milestone	M[C16.15]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.17  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.16  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]- M[C16.1]  SK-C[C16]-R[R2]-	monitoring implementation of RRP  Automated specialisation training for all newly recruited first-contact staff  Establishment of shared service centres.  Reforms to streamline and improve financial investigations  Implementation of organisational changes to police to increase the efficiency of crime detection	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation.  All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by Q2/2022. Launch of pilot training until Q4/2022. All staff of the first contact points shall receive the relevant training in Q2/2026.  Of the overall objective to establish 22 shared service centres in the most lagging regions by Q4/2024, at least 20 shared service centres shall be established. These shared service centres help pool capacity at the local level in providing essential public (social) services.  Entry into force of the legislation which shall establish a framework for the entry into operation of the Central Accounts Register. The police's authority to check property in the event of a discrepancy between legal income and used property will be expanded. An office for the management of seized assets is operational and possibilities for asset freezing expanded.  Organisational changes aimed at creating a unit for detecting and investigating environmental crime (centre and regions), extending the analytical capacities of the police force to the regional level, establishing a new unit for crime technology services (centre and regions).	Entry into force of the act 31	2/2020 on asset freezing	% Number	- Central Accour - -	0		0 Q2	2024 2022
R U	SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]	at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Making the fight against corruption and money laundering more effective Modernising and building capacity of	Investment  ty Investment  ty Investment  ve Reform	Target Target Milestone	M[C16.15]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.17  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.16  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]- M[C16.1]  SK-C[C16]-R[R2]-	monitoring implementation of RRP  Automated specialisation training for all newly recruited first-contact staff  Establishment of shared service centres.  Reforms to streamline and improve financial investigations  Implementation of organisational changes to police to increase the efficiency of crime detection	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation.  All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by Q2/2022.Launch of pilot training until Q4/2022.All staff of the first contact points shall receive the relevant training in Q2/2026.  Of the overall objective to establish 22 shared service centres in the most lagging regions by Q4/2024, at least 20 shared service centres shall be established. These shared service centres help pool capacity at the local level in providing essential public (social) services.  Entry into force of the legislation which shall establish a framework for the entry into operation of the Central Accounts Register. The police's authority to check property in the event of a discrepancy between legal income and used property will be expanded. An office for the management of seized assets is operational and possibilities for asset freezing expanded.  Organisational changes aimed at creating a unit for detecting and investigating environmental crime (centre and regions), extending the analytical capacities of the police force to the regional level, establishing a new unit for crime technology services (centre and regions).  The concept of optimising crisis management shall clearly define the relationships between the emergency response services of the integrated rescue system, establish common procedures for	Entry into force of the act 31	2/2020 on asset freezing	% Number	- Central Accour - -	0		0 Q2	2024 2022
R U	SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]	at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Making the fight against corruption and money laundering more effective Modernising and building capacity of	Investment  ty Investment  ty Investment  ve Reform	Target Target Milestone	M[C16.15]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.17  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.16  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]- M[C16.1]  SK-C[C16]-R[R2]-	monitoring implementation of RRP  Automated specialisation training for all newly recruited first-contact staff  Establishment of shared service centres.  Reforms to streamline and improve financial investigations  Implementation of organisational changes to police to increase the efficiency of crime detection	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation.  All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by (2)(2022.Launch of pilot training until (24)(2022.All staff of the first contact points shall receive the relevant training in Q2)(2026.  Of the overall objective to establish 22 shared service centres in the most lagging regions by Q4/2024, at least 20 shared service centres shall be established. These shared service centres shell be established. These shared service centres help pool capacity at the local level in providing essential public (social) services.  Entry into force of the legislation which shall establish a framework for the entry into operation of the Central Accounts Register. The police's authority to check property in the event of a discrepancy between legal income and used property will be expanded. An office for the management of selized assets is operational and possibilities for asset freezing expanded.  Organisational changes aimed at creating a unit for detecting and investigating environmental crime (centre and regions), extending the analytical capacities of the police force to the regional level, establishing a new unit for crime technology services (centre and regions).  The concept of optimising crisis management shall clearly define the relationships between the emergency response services of the integrated rescue system, establish common procedures for dealing with crisis situations, provide for joint coordination	Entry into force of the act 31	2/2020 on asset freezing	% Number	Central Accour -	0		0 Q2	2024 2022
R U U	SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]	at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Making the fight against corruption and money laundering more effective Modernising and building capacity of	Investment  ty Investment  ty Investment  ve Reform	Target Target Milestone	M[C16.15]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.17  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.16  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]- M[C16.1]  SK-C[C16]-R[R2]-	monitoring implementation of RRP  Automated specialisation training for all newly recruited first-contact staff  Establishment of shared service centres.  Reforms to streamline and improve financial investigations  Implementation of organisational changes to police to increase the efficiency of crime detection	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation. All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by Q2/2022.Launch of pilot training until Q4/2022.All staff of the first contact points shall receive the relevant training in Q2/2026.  Of the overall objective to establish 22 shared service centres in the most lagging regions by Q4/2024, at least 20 shared service centres shall be established. These shared service centres help pool capacity at the local level in providing essential public (social) services. Entry into force of the legislation which shall establish a framework for the entry into operation of the Central Accounts Register. The police's authority to check property in the event of a discrepancy between legal income and used property will be expanded. An office for the management of seized assets is operational and possibilities for asset freezing expanded. Organisational changes aimed at creating a unit for detecting and investigating environmental crime (centre and regions), extending the analytical capacities of the police force to the regional level, establishing a new unit for crime technology services (centre and regions). The concept of optimising crisis management shall clearly define the relationships between the emergency response services of the integrated rescue system, establish common procedures for dealing with crisis situations, provide for joint coordination between the components, taking into account both the strategic	Entry into force of the act 31	2/2020 on asset freezing	% Number	Central Accour -	0		0 Q2	2024 2022
R U U	SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]	at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Making the fight against corruption and money laundering more effective Modernising and building capacity of	Investment  ty Investment  ty Investment  ve Reform	Target Target Milestone	M[C16.15]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.17  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.16  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]- M[C16.1]  SK-C[C16]-R[R2]-	monitoring implementation of RRP  Automated specialisation training for all newly recruited first-contact staff  Establishment of shared service centres.  Reforms to streamline and improve financial investigations  Implementation of organisational changes to police to increase the efficiency of crime detection	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation.  All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by (2)(2022.Launch of pilot training until (24)(2022.All staff of the first contact points shall receive the relevant training in Q2)(2026.  Of the overall objective to establish 22 shared service centres in the most lagging regions by Q4/2024, at least 20 shared service centres shall be established. These shared service centres shell be established. These shared service centres help pool capacity at the local level in providing essential public (social) services.  Entry into force of the legislation which shall establish a framework for the entry into operation of the Central Accounts Register. The police's authority to check property in the event of a discrepancy between legal income and used property will be expanded. An office for the management of selized assets is operational and possibilities for asset freezing expanded.  Organisational changes aimed at creating a unit for detecting and investigating environmental crime (centre and regions), extending the analytical capacities of the police force to the regional level, establishing a new unit for crime technology services (centre and regions).  The concept of optimising crisis management shall clearly define the relationships between the emergency response services of the integrated rescue system, establish common procedures for dealing with crisis situations, provide for joint coordination	Entry into force of the act 31	2/2020 on asset freezing	% Number	- Central Accour -	0		0 Q2	2024 2022
R U U	SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]	at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Making the fight against corruption and money laundering more effective Modernising and building capacity of	Investment  ty Investment  ty Investment  ve Reform	Target Target Milestone	M[C16.15]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.17  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.16  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]- M[C16.1]  SK-C[C16]-R[R2]- M[C16.4]	Automated specialisation training for all newly 7] recruited first-contact staff  [5] Establishment of shared service centres.  Reforms to streamline and improve financial investigations  Implementation of organisational changes to police to increase the efficiency of crime detection investigation and detection of corruption	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation.  All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by Q2/2022.Launch of pilot training until Q4/2022.All staff of the first contact points shall receive the relevant training in Q2/2026.  Of the overall objective to establish 22 shared service centres in the most lagging regions by Q4/2024, at least 20 shared service centres shall be established. These shared service centres help pool capacity at the local level in providing essential public (social) services.  Entry into force of the legislation which shall establish a framework for the entry into operation of the Central Accounts Register. The police's authority to check property in the event of a discrepancy between legal income and used property will be expanded. An office for the management of seized assets is operational and possibilities for asset freezing expanded.  Organisational changes aimed at creating a unit for detecting and investigating environmental crime (centre and regions), extending the analytical capacities of the police force to the regional level, establishing a new unit for crime technology services (centre and regions).  The concept of optimising crisis management shall clearly define the relationships between the emergency response services of the integrated rescue system, establish common procedures for dealing with crisis situations, provide for joint coordination between the components, taking into account both the strategic and operational levels of crisis management, and propose a network of integrated security centres. The legislation shall enter into force by Q1 2023.	Entry into force of the act 31	2/2020 on asset freezing.	%  Number  and of an act establishing a	Central Accour -	0		0 Q2	2024 2022
R U U	SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]	at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Making the fight against corruption and money laundering more effective Modernising and building capacity of the police force	ty Investment  ty Investment  ty Investment  ve Reform  ff Reform	Target  Target  Milestone	M[C16.15]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.17  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.16  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]- M[C16.1]  SK-C[C16]-R[R2]- M[C16.4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R3]-	monitoring implementation of RRP  Automated specialisation training for all newly 7] recruited first-contact staff  5] Establishment of shared service centres.  Reforms to streamline and improve financial investigations  Implementation of organisational changes to police to increase the efficiency of crime detection investigation and detection of corruption  Entry into force of the optimised crisis	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation.  All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by Q2/2022.Launch of pilot training until Q4/2022.All staff of the first contact points shall receive the relevant training in Q2/2026.  Of the overall objective to establish 22 shared service centres in the most lagging regions by Q4/2024, at least 20 shared service centres shall be established. These shared service centres help pool capacity at the local level in providing essential public (social) services.  Entry into force of the legislation which shall establish a framework for the entry into operation of the Central Accounts Register. The police's authority to check property in the event of a discrepancy between legal income and used property will be expanded. An orifice for the management of seized assets is operational and possibilities for asset freezing expanded.  Organisational changes aimed at creating a unit for detecting and investigating environmental crime (centre and regions), extending the analytical capacities of the police force to the regional level, establishing a new unit for crime technology services (centre and regions).  The concept of optimising crisis management shall clearly define the relationships between the emergency response services of the integrated rescue system, establish common procedures for dealing with crisis situations, provide for joint coordination between the components, taking into account both the strategic and operational levels of crisis management, and propose a network of integrated security centres. The legislation shall enter into force by Q1 2023.  Modernisation of the frontend, backend and middleware platform	Entry into force of the act 31  Organisational change of the	2/2020 on asset freezing.	%  Number  and of an act establishing a	Central Accour -	0		Q4 Q4 Q4	2024 2022 2021
R U U	SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]	at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Making the fight against corruption and money laundering more effective Modernising and building capacity of the police force	ty Investment  ty Investment  ty Investment  ve Reform  ff Reform	Target  Target  Milestone	M[C16.15]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.17  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.16  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]- M[C16.1]  SK-C[C16]-R[R2]- M[C16.4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R3]-	monitoring implementation of RRP  Automated specialisation training for all newly 7] recruited first-contact staff  5] Establishment of shared service centres.  Reforms to streamline and improve financial investigations  Implementation of organisational changes to police to increase the efficiency of crime detection investigation and detection of corruption  Entry into force of the optimised crisis	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation.  All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by Q2/2022.Launch of pilot training until Q4/2022.All staff of the first contact points shall receive the relevant training in Q2/2026.  Of the overall objective to establish 22 shared service centres in the most lagging regions by Q4/2024, at least 20 shared service centres shall be established. These shared service centres help pool capacity at the local level in providing essential public (social) services.  Entry into force of the legislation which shall establish a framework for the entry into operation of the Central Accounts Register. The police's authority to check property in the event of a discrepancy between legal income and used property will be expanded. An office for the management of seized assets is operational and possibilities for asset freezing expanded.  Organisational changes aimed at creating a unit for detecting and investigating environmental crime (centre and regions), extending the analytical capacities of the police force to the regional level, establishing a new unit for crime technology services (centre and regions).  The concept of optimising crisis management shall clearly define the relationships between the emergency response services of the integrated rescue system, establish common procedures for dealing with crisis situations, provide for joint coordination between the components, taking into account both the strategic and operational levels of crisis management, and propose a network of integrated security centres. The legislation shall enter into force by Q1 2023.	Entry into force of the act 31  Organisational change of the Entry into force of the amer	2/2020 on asset freezing.	%  Number  and of an act establishing a	Central Accour -	0		Q4 Q4 Q4	2024 2022 2021
R U U	SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]	at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Making the fight against corruption and money laundering more effective Modernising and building capacity of the police force	ty Investment  ty Investment  ty Investment  ve Reform  ff Reform	Target  Target  Milestone	M[C16.15]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.17  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.16  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]- M[C16.1]  SK-C[C16]-R[R2]- M[C16.4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R3]-	monitoring implementation of RRP  Automated specialisation training for all newly 7] recruited first-contact staff  5] Establishment of shared service centres.  Reforms to streamline and improve financial investigations  Implementation of organisational changes to police to increase the efficiency of crime detection investigation and detection of corruption  Entry into force of the optimised crisis	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation.  All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by Q2/2022.Launch of pilot training until Q4/2022.All staff of the first contact points shall receive the relevant training in Q2/2026.  Of the overall objective to establish 22 shared service centres in the most lagging regions by Q4/2024, at least 20 shared service centres shall be established. These shared service centres help pool capacity at the local level in providing essential public (social) services.  Entry into force of the legislation which shall establish a framework for the entry into operation of the Central Accounts Register. The police's authority to check property in the event of a discrepancy between legal income and used property will be expanded. An Organisational changes aimed at creating a unit for detecting and investigating environmental crime (centre and regions), extending the analytical capacities of the police force to the regional level, establishing a new unit for crime technology services (centre and regions).  The concept of optimising crisis management shall clearly define the relationships between the emergency response services of the integrated rescue system, establish common procedures for dealing with crisis situations, provide for joint coordination between the components, taking into account both the strategic and operational levels of crisis management, and propose a network of integrated security centres. The legislation shall enter into force by Q1 2023.  Modernisation of the frontend, backend and middleware platform (common modules) on the principles of low code configurable components centrally managed for all public service providers. The	Entry into force of the act 31  Organisational change of the Entry into force of the amer	2/2020 on asset freezing.	%  Number  and of an act establishing a	Central Accour -	0		Q4 Q4 Q4	2024 2022 2021
R U U	SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]	at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Making the fight against corruption and money laundering more effective modernising and building capacity of the police force	ty Investment  ty Investment  ty Investment  ve Reform  ff Reform	Target  Target  Milestone	M[C16.15]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.17  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.16  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]- M[C16.1]  SK-C[C16]-R[R2]- M[C16.4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R3]-	Automated specialisation training for all newly recruited first-contact staff  Establishment of shared service centres.  Reforms to streamline and improve financial investigations  Implementation of organisational changes to police to increase the efficiency of crime detection investigation and detection of corruption  Entry into force of the optimised crisis management  Platform for the development and provision of	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation. All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by Q2/2022.Launch of pilot training until Q4/2022.All staff of the first contact points shall receive the relevant training in Q2/2025.  Of the overall objective to establish 22 shared service centres in the most lagging regions by Q4/2024, at least 20 shared service centres shall be established. These shared service centres help pool capacity at the local level in providing essential public (social) services.  Entry into force of the legislation which shall establish a framework for the entry into operation of the Central Accounts Register. The police's authority to check property in the event of a discrepancy between legal income and used property will be expanded. An office for the management of seized assets is operational and possibilities for asset freezing expanded.  Organisational changes aimed at creating a unit for detecting and investigating environmental crime (centre and regions), extending the analytical capacities of the police force to the regional level, establishing a new unit for crime technology services (centre and regions).  The concept of optimising crisis management shall clearly define the relationships between the emergency response services of the integrated rescue system, establish common procedures for dealing with crisis situations, provide for joint coordination between the components, taking into account both the strategic and operational levels of crisis management, and propose a network of integrated security centres. The legislation shall enter into force by Q1 2023.  Modernisation of the frontend, backend and middleware platform (common modules) on the principles of low code configurable components centrally managed for all public service providers. The platform is a pre-requisite for the deployment of eGovernment solutions for life situations	Entry into force of the act 31 Organisational change of the Entry into force of the amer	2/2020 on asset freezing.	%  Number  and of an act establishing a	Central Accour	0		Q4 Q4 Q4	2024 2022 2021
R U U	SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]  SK-C[C16]-R[R2]	at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Making the fight against corruption and money laundering more effective modernising and building capacity of the police force  Optimising crisis management  Better services for citizens and	ty Investment  ty Investment  ty Investment  ve Reform  of Reform	Target Target Milestone Milestone	M[C16.15]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.17  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.16  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]- M[C16.1]  SK-C[C16]-R[R2]- M[C16.4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R3]- M[C16.10]	Automated specialisation training for all newly recruited first-contact staff  Establishment of shared service centres.  Reforms to streamline and improve financial investigations  Implementation of organisational changes to police to increase the efficiency of crime detection investigation and detection of corruption  Entry into force of the optimised crisis management  Platform for the development and provision of	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation.  All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by Q2/2022.Launch of pilot training until Q4/2022.All staff of the first contact points shall receive the relevant training in Q2/2026.  Of the overall objective to establish 22 shared service centres in the most lagging regions by Q4/2024, at least 20 shared service centres shall be established. These shared service centres help pool capacity at the local level in providing essential public (social) services.  Entry into force of the legislation which shall establish a framework for the entry into operation of the Central Accounts Register. The police's authority to check property in the event of a discrepancy between legal income and used property will be expanded. An office for the management of seized assets is operational and possibilities for asset freezing expanded.  Organisational changes aimed at creating a unit for detecting and investigating environmental crime (centre and regions), extending the analytical capacities of the police force to the regional level, establishing a new unit for crime technology services (centre and regions).  The concept of optimising crisis management shall clearly define the relationships between the emergency response services of the integrated rescue system, establish common procedures for dealing with crisis situations, provide for joint coordination between the components, taking into account both the strategic and operational levels of crisis management, and propose a network of integrated security centres. The legislation shall enter into force by Q1 2023.  Modernisation of the frontend, backend and middleware platform (common modules) on the principles of low ode configurable components centrally managed for all public service providers. The platform is a pre-requisite for the deployment of eGovernment solutions for life situations	Entry into force of the act 31  Organisational change of the  Entry into force of the amer  Full implementation of	2/2020 on asset freezing.	%  Number  and of an act establishing a	Central Accour -	0		Q4 Q4 Q4	2024 2022 2021 2023
R U U	SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]  SK-C[C16]-R[R2]	at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Making the fight against corruption and money laundering more effective modernising and building capacity of the police force  Optimising crisis management  Better services for citizens and	ty Investment  ty Investment  ty Investment  ve Reform  of Reform	Target Target Milestone Milestone	M[C16.15]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.17  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.16  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]- M[C16.1]  SK-C[C16]-R[R2]- M[C16.4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R3]- M[C16.10]	Automated specialisation training for all newly recruited first-contact staff  Establishment of shared service centres.  Reforms to streamline and improve financial investigations  Implementation of organisational changes to police to increase the efficiency of crime detection investigation and detection of corruption  Entry into force of the optimised crisis management  Platform for the development and provision of	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation. All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by Q2/2022.Launch of pilot training until Q4/2022.All staff of the first contact points shall receive the relevant training in Q2/2025.  Of the overall objective to establish 22 shared service centres in the most lagging regions by Q4/2024, at least 20 shared service centres shall be established. These shared service centres help pool capacity at the local level in providing essential public (social) services.  Entry into force of the legislation which shall establish a framework for the entry into operation of the Central Accounts Register. The police's authority to check property in the event of a discrepancy between legal income and used property will be expanded. An office for the management of seized assets is operational and possibilities for asset freezing expanded.  Organisational changes aimed at creating a unit for detecting and investigating environmental crime (centre and regions), extending the analytical capacities of the police force to the regional level, establishing a new unit for crime technology services (centre and regions).  The concept of optimising crisis management shall clearly define the relationships between the emergency response services of the integrated rescue system, establish common procedures for dealing with crisis situations, provide for joint coordination between the components, taking into account both the strategic and operational levels of crisis management, and propose a network of integrated security centres. The legislation shall enter into force by Q1 2023.  Modernisation of the frontend, backend and middleware platform (common modules) on the principles of low code configurable components centrally managed for all public service providers. The platform is a pre-requisite for the deployment of eGovernment solutions for life situations	Entry into force of the act 31  Organisational change of the  Entry into force of the amer  Full implementation of the platform	2/2020 on asset freezing.	%  Number  and of an act establishing a	Central Accour -	0		Q4 Q4 Q4	2024 2022 2021 2023
R U U	SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]  SK-C[C16]-R[R2]	at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Making the fight against corruption and money laundering more effective modernising and building capacity of the police force  Optimising crisis management  Better services for citizens and	ty Investment  ty Investment  ty Investment  ve Reform  of Reform	Target Target Milestone Milestone	M[C16.15]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.17  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.16  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]- M[C16.1]  SK-C[C16]-R[R2]- M[C16.4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R3]- M[C16.10]	Automated specialisation training for all newly recruited first-contact staff  Establishment of shared service centres.  Reforms to streamline and improve financial investigations  Implementation of organisational changes to police to increase the efficiency of crime detection investigation and detection of corruption  Entry into force of the optimised crisis management  Platform for the development and provision of	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation.  All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by Q2/2022.Launch of pilot training until Q4/2022.All staff of the first contact points shall receive the relevant training in Q2/2026.  Of the overall objective to establish 22 shared service centres in the most lagging regions by Q4/2024, at least 20 shared service centres shall be established. These shared service centres shall be established. These shared service centres help pool capacity at the local level in providing essential public (social) services.  Entry into force of the legislation which shall establish a framework for the entry into operation of the Central Accounts Register. The police's authority to check property in the event of a discrepancy between legal income and used property will be expanded. An office for the management of seized assets is operational and possibilities for asset freezing expanded.  Organisational changes aimed at creating a unit for detecting and investigating environmental crime (centre and regions), extending the analytical capacities of the police force to the regional level, establishing a new unit for crime technology services (centre and regions).  The concept of optimising crisis management shall clearly define the relationships between the emergency response services of the integrated rescue system, establish common procedures for dealing with crisis situations, provide for joint coordination between the components, taking into account both the strategic and operational levels of crisis management, and propose a network of integrated security centres. The legislation shall enter into force by Q1 2023.  Modernisation of the frontend, backend and middleware platform (common modules) on the principles of low code configurable components centrally managed for all public service providers. The platform is a pre-requisite for the dep	Entry into force of the act 31 Organisational change of the Entry into force of the amer Full implementation of the platform	2/2020 on asset freezing.	%  Number  and of an act establishing a	Central Accour	0		Q4 Q4 Q4	2024 2022 2021 2023
R U U U U U	SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]  SK-C[C16]-R[R2]	at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Making the fight against corruption and money laundering more effective modernising and building capacity of the police force  Optimising crisis management  Better services for citizens and	ty Investment  ty Investment  ty Investment  ve Reform  of Reform	Target Target Milestone Milestone	M[C16.15]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.17  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.16  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]- M[C16.1]  SK-C[C16]-R[R2]- M[C16.4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R3]- M[C16.10]	Automated specialisation training for all newly recruited first-contact staff  Establishment of shared service centres.  Reforms to streamline and improve financial investigations  Implementation of organisational changes to police to increase the efficiency of crime detection investigation and detection of corruption  Entry into force of the optimised crisis management  Platform for the development and provision of	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation. All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by Q2/2022.Launch of pilot training until Q4/2022.All staff of the first contact points shall receive the relevant training in Q2/2025.  Of the overall objective to establish 22 shared service centres in the most lagging regions by Q4/2024, at least 20 shared service centres shall be established. These shared service centres help pool capacity at the local level in providing essential public (social) services.  Entry into force of the legislation which shall establish a framework for the entry into operation of the Central Accounts Register. The police's authority to check property in the event of a discrepancy between legal income and used property will be expanded. An office for the management of seized assets is operational and possibilities for asset freezing expanded.  Organisational changes aimed at creating a unit for detecting and investigating environmental crime (centre and regions), extending the analytical capacities of the police force to the regional level, establishing a new unit for crime technology services (centre and regions).  The concept of optimising crisis management shall clearly define the relationships between the emergency response services of the integrated rescue system, establish common procedures for dealing with crisis situations, provide for joint coordination between the components, taking into account both the strategic and operational levels of crisis management, and propose a network of integrated security centres. The legislation shall enter into force by Q1 2023.  Modernisation of the frontend, backend and middleware platform (common modules) on the principles of low code configurable components centrally managed for all public service providers. The legitorm is a pre-requisite for the deployment of eGovernment solutions for life situations	Entry into force of the act 31 Organisational change of the Entry into force of the amer Full implementation of the platform	2/2020 on asset freezing.	%  Number  and of an act establishing a	Central Accour -	0		Q4 Q4 Q4	2024 2022 2021
R U U	SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]  SK-C[C16]-R[R2]	at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Making the fight against corruption and money laundering more effective modernising and building capacity of the police force  Optimising crisis management  Better services for citizens and	ty Investment  ty Investment  ty Investment  ve Reform  of Reform	Target Target Milestone Milestone	M[C16.15]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.17  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.16  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]- M[C16.1]  SK-C[C16]-R[R2]- M[C16.4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R3]- M[C16.10]	Automated specialisation training for all newly recruited first-contact staff  Establishment of shared service centres.  Reforms to streamline and improve financial investigations  Implementation of organisational changes to police to increase the efficiency of crime detection investigation and detection of corruption  Entry into force of the optimised crisis management  Platform for the development and provision of	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation. All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by Q2/2022.Launch of pilot training until Q4/2022.All staff of the first contact points shall receive the relevant training in Q2/2026.  Of the overall objective to establish 22 shared service centres in the most lagging regions by Q4/2024, at least 20 shared service centres shall be established. These shared service centres help pool capacity at the local level in providing essential public (social) services.  Entry into force of the legislation which shall establish a framework for the entry into operation of the Central Accounts Register. The police's authority to check property in the event of a discrepancy between legal income and used property will be expanded. An office for the management of seized assets is operational and possibilities for asset freezing expanded.  Organisational changes aimed at creating a unit for detecting and investigating environmental crime (centre and regions), extending the analytical capacities of the police force to the regional level, establishing a new unit for crime technology services (centre and regions).  The concept of optimising crisis management shall clearly define the relationships between the emergency response services of the integrated rescue system, establish common procedures for dealing with crisis situations, provide for joint coordination between the components, taking into account both the strategic and operational levels of crisis management, and propose a network of integrated security centres. The legislation shall enter into force by Q1 2023.  Modernisation of the frontend, backend and middleware platform (common modules) on the principles of low code configurable components centrally managed for all public service providers. The platform is a pre-requisite for the deployment of eGovernment solutions for file situations	Entry into force of the act 31 Organisational change of the Entry into force of the amer Full implementation of the platform	2/2020 on asset freezing.	%  Number  and of an act establishing a	Central Accour -	0		Q4 Q4 Q4	2024 2022 2021
R U U	SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]  SK-C[C16]-R[R2]	at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Making the fight against corruption and money laundering more effective modernising and building capacity of the police force  Optimising crisis management  Better services for citizens and	ty Investment  ty Investment  ty Investment  ve Reform  of Reform	Target Target Milestone Milestone	M[C16.15]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.17  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.16  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]- M[C16.1]  SK-C[C16]-R[R2]- M[C16.4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R3]- M[C16.10]	Automated specialisation training for all newly recruited first-contact staff  Establishment of shared service centres.  Reforms to streamline and improve financial investigations  Implementation of organisational changes to police to increase the efficiency of crime detection investigation and detection of corruption  Entry into force of the optimised crisis management  Platform for the development and provision of	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation. All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by Q2/2022.Launch of pilot training until Q4/2022.All staff of the first contact points shall receive the relevant training in Q2/2025.  Of the overall objective to establish 22 shared service centres in the most lagging regions by Q4/2024, at least 20 shared service centres shall be established. These shared service centres help pool capacity at the local level in providing essential public (social) services.  Entry into force of the legislation which shall establish a framework for the entry into operation of the Central Accounts Register. The police's authority to check property in the event of a discrepancy between legal income and used property will be expanded. An office for the management of seized assets is operational and possibilities for asset freezing expanded.  Organisational changes aimed at creating a unit for detecting and investigating environmental crime (centre and regions), extending the analytical capacities of the police force to the regional level, establishing a new unit for crime technology services (centre and regions).  The concept of optimising crisis management shall clearly define the relationships between the emergency response services of the integrated rescue system, establish common procedures for dealing with crisis situations, provide for joint coordination between the components, taking into account both the strategic and operational levels of crisis management, and propose a network of integrated security centres. The legislation shall enter into force by Q1 2023.  Modernisation of the frontend, backend and middleware platform (common modules) on the principles of low code configurable components centrally managed for all public service providers. The legitorm is a pre-requisite for the deployment of eGovernment solutions for life situations	Entry into force of the act 31 Organisational change of the Entry into force of the amer Full implementation of the platform	2/2020 on asset freezing.	%  Number  and of an act establishing a	Central Accour -	0		Q4 Q4 Q4	2024 2022 2021 2023
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R U U	SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]  SK-C[C16]-R[R2]  SK-C[C16]-R[R3]	at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Making the fight against corruption and money laundering more effective different levels of government  Modernising and building capacity of the police force  Optimising crisis management  Better services for citizens and businesses	Investment  ty Investment  ty Investment  re Reform  Reform  Investment	Target  Target  Milestone  Milestone	M[C16.15]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.17  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.16  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]- M[C16.1]  SK-C[C16]-R[R2]- M[C16.4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R3]- M[C16.10]  SK-C[C17]-I[I1]-M[C17.6]	Automated specialisation training for all newly recruited first-contact staff  Establishment of shared service centres.  Reforms to streamline and improve financial investigations  Implementation of organisational changes to police to increase the efficiency of crime detection investigation and detection of corruption  Entry into force of the optimised crisis management  Platform for the development and provision of priority life situations	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation.  All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by (2)(2022.Launch of pilot training until Q4/2022.All staff of the first contact points shall receive the relevant training in Q2/2026.  Of the overall objective to establish 22 shared service centres in the most lagging regions by Q4/2024, at least 20 shared service centres shall be established. These shared service centres help pool capacity at the local level in providing essential public (social) services.  Entry into force of the legislation which shall establish a framework for the entry into operation of the Central Accounts Register. The police's authority to check property in the event of a discrepancy between legal income and used property will be expanded. An office for the management of seized assets is operational and possibilities for asset freezing expanded.  Organisational changes aimed at creating a unit for detecting and investigating environmental crime (centre and regions), extending the analytical capacities of the police force to the regional level, establishing a new unit for crime technology services (centre and regions).  The concept of optimising crisis management shall clearly define the relationships between the emergency response services of the integrated rescue system, establish common procedures for dealing with crisis situations, provide for joint coordination between the components, taking into account both the strategic and operational levels of crisis management, and propose a network of integrated security centres. The legislation shall enter into force by Q1 2023.  Modernisation of the frontend, backend and middleware platform (common modules) on the principles of low code configurable components centrally managed for all public service providers. The platform is a pre-requisite for the deployment of eGovernment solutions for life situatio	Entry into force of the act 31 Organisational change of the Entry into force of the amer Full implementation of the platform	2/2020 on asset freezing.	%  Number  and of an act establishing a  integrated rescue system	Central Accour -	0		Q4 Q4 Q4	2024 2022 2021 2023
R U U	SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]  SK-C[C16]-R[R2]	at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Making the fight against corruption and money laundering more effects.  Modernising and building capacity of the police force  Optimising crisis management  Better services for citizens and businesses	ty Investment  ty Investment  ty Investment  ve Reform  of Reform	Target Target Milestone Milestone	M[C16.15]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.17  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.16  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]- M[C16.1]  SK-C[C16]-R[R2]- M[C16.4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R3]- M[C16.10]	Automated specialisation training for all newly recruited first-contact staff  Establishment of shared service centres.  Reforms to streamline and improve financial investigations  Implementation of organisational changes to police to increase the efficiency of crime detection investigation and detection of corruption  Entry into force of the optimised crisis management  Platform for the development and provision of priority life situations	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation.  All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by Q2/2022.Launch of pilot training until Q4/2022.All staff of the first contact points shall receive the relevant training in Q2/2026.  Of the overall objective to establish 22 shared service centres in the most lagging regions by Q4/2024, at least 20 shared service centres shall be established. These shared service centres help pool capacity at the local level in providing essential public (social) services.  Entry into force of the legislation which shall establish a framework for the entry into operation of the Central Accounts Register. The police's authority to check property in the event of a discrepancy between legal income and used property will be expanded. An office for the management of seized assets is operational and possibilities for asset freezing expanded.  Organisational changes aimed at creating a unit for detecting and investigating environmental crime (centre and regions), extending the analytical capacities of the police force to the regional level, establishing a new unit for crime technology services (centre and regions).  The concept of optimising crisis management shall clearly define the relationships between the emergency response services of the integrated rescue system, establish common procedures for dealing with crisis situations, provide for joint coordination between the components, taking into account both the strategic and operational levels of crisis management, and propose a network of integrated security centres. The legislation shall enter into force by Q1 2023.  Modernisation of the frontend, backend and middleware platform (common modules) on the principles of low code configurable components centrally managed for all public service providers. The platform is a pre-requisite for the deployment of eGovernment solutions for life situation	Entry into force of the act 31 Organisational change of the Entry into force of the amer Full implementation of the platform	2/2020 on asset freezing.	%  Number  and of an act establishing a	Central Accour -	0		Q4 Q4 Q4	2024 2022 2021 2023
R U U U U U U	SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]  SK-C[C16]-R[R2]  SK-C[C16]-R[R3]	at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Making the fight against corruption and money laundering more effective different levels of government  Modernising and building capacity of the police force  Optimising crisis management  Better services for citizens and businesses	Investment  ty Investment  ty Investment  re Reform  Reform  Investment	Target  Target  Milestone  Milestone	M[C16.15]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.17  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.16  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]- M[C16.1]  SK-C[C16]-R[R2]- M[C16.4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R3]- M[C16.10]  SK-C[C17]-I[I1]-M[C17.6]	Automated specialisation training for all newly recruited first-contact staff  Establishment of shared service centres.  Reforms to streamline and improve financial investigations  Implementation of organisational changes to police to increase the efficiency of crime detection investigation and detection of corruption  Entry into force of the optimised crisis management  Platform for the development and provision of priority life situations	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation. All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by 22/2022.Launch of pilot training until Q4/2022.All staff of the first contact points shall receive the relevant training in Q2/2025.  Of the overall objective to establish 22 shared service centres in the most lagging regions by Q4/2024, at least 20 shared service centres shall be established. These shared service centres help pool capacity at the local level in providing essential public (social) services.  Entry into force of the legislation which shall establish a framework for the entry into operation of the Central Accounts Register. The police's authority to check property in the event of a discrepancy between legal income and used property will be expanded. An office for the management of seized assets is operational and possibilities for asset freezing expanded.  Organisational changes aimed at creating a unit for detecting and investigating environmental crime (centre and regions), extending the analytical capacities of the police force to the regional level, establishing a new unit for crime technology services (centre and regions).  The concept of optimising crisis management shall clearly define the relationships between the emergency response services of the integrated rescue system, establish common procedures for dealing with crisis situations, provide for joint coordination between the components, taking into account both the strategic and operational levels of crisis management, and propose a network of integrated security centres. The legislation shall enter into force by Q1 2023.  Modernisation of the frontend, backend and middleware platform (common modules) on the principles of low code configurable components centrally managed for all public service providers. The platform is a pre-requisite for the deployment of eGovernment solutions for life situations	Entry into force of the act 31 Organisational change of the Entry into force of the amer Full implementation of the platform	2/2020 on asset freezing.	%  Number  and of an act establishing a  integrated rescue system	Central Accour -	0		Q4 Q4 Q4	2024 2022 2021 2023
R U U U U U U U	SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]  SK-C[C16]-R[R2]  SK-C[C16]-R[R3]	at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Making the fight against corruption and money laundering more effective different levels of government  Modernising and building capacity of the police force  Optimising crisis management  Better services for citizens and businesses	Investment  ty Investment  ty Investment  re Reform  Reform  Investment	Target  Target  Milestone  Milestone	M[C16.15]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.17  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.16  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]- M[C16.1]  SK-C[C16]-R[R2]- M[C16.4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R3]- M[C16.10]  SK-C[C17]-I[I1]-M[C17.6]	Automated specialisation training for all newly recruited first-contact staff  Establishment of shared service centres.  Reforms to streamline and improve financial investigations  Implementation of organisational changes to police to increase the efficiency of crime detection investigation and detection of corruption  Entry into force of the optimised crisis management  Platform for the development and provision of priority life situations	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation. All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by Q2/2022.Launch of pilot training until Q4/2022.All staff of the first contact points shall receive the relevant training in Q2/2025.  Of the overall objective to establish 22 shared service centres in the most lagging regions by Q4/2024, at least 20 shared service centres shall be established. These shared service centres help pool capacity at the local level in providing essential public (social) services.  Entry into force of the legislation which shall establish a framework for the entry into operation of the Central Accounts Register. The police's authority to check property in the event of a discrepancy between legal income and used property will be expanded. An office for the management of seized assets is operational and possibilities for asset freezing expanded.  Organisational changes aimed at creating a unit for detecting and investigating environmental crime (centre and regions), extending the analytical capacities of the police force to the regional level, establishing a new unit for crime technology services (centre and regions).  The concept of optimising crisis management shall clearly define the relationships between the emergency response services of the integrated rescue system, establish common procedures for dealing with crisis situations, provide for joint coordination between the components, taking into account both the strategic and operational levels of crisis management, and propose a network of integrated security centres. The legislation shall enter into force by Q1 2023.  Modernisation of the frontend, backend and middleware platform (common modules) on the principles of low code configurable components centrally managed for all public service providers. The platform is a pre-requisite for the deployment of eGovernment solutions for life situations	Entry into force of the act 31 Organisational change of the Entry into force of the amer Full implementation of the platform	2/2020 on asset freezing.	%  Number  and of an act establishing a  integrated rescue system	Central Accour -	0		Q4 Q4 Q4	2024 2022 2021 2023
R U U	SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]  SK-C[C16]-R[R2]  SK-C[C16]-I[I1]	at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Streamlining, optimising and strengthening administrative capacit at different levels of government  Making the fight against corruption and money laundering more effects.  Modernising and building capacity of the police force  Optimising crisis management  Better services for citizens and businesses	Investment  ty Investment  ty Investment  re Reform  Reform  Investment	Target  Target  Milestone  Milestone	M[C16.15]  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.17  SK-C[C16]-I[I4]-T[C16.16  SK-C[C16]-R[R1]- M[C16.1]  SK-C[C16]-R[R2]- M[C16.4]  SK-C[C16]-R[R3]- M[C16.10]  SK-C[C17]-I[I1]-M[C17.6]	Automated specialisation training for all newly recruited first-contact staff  Establishment of shared service centres.  Reforms to streamline and improve financial investigations  Implementation of organisational changes to police to increase the efficiency of crime detection investigation and detection of corruption  Entry into force of the optimised crisis management  Platform for the development and provision of priority life situations  Number of eGovernment solutions built and deployed  Number of eGovernment solutions built and	22(2)(d)(i) to (iii) of the RRF Regulation. All newly recruited and transferred first-contact staff will receive training in order to improve public service provision. This entails several steps: Building a learning platform and content by 22/2022.Launch of pilot training until Q4/2022.All staff of the first contact points shall receive the relevant training in Q2/2025.  Of the overall objective to establish 22 shared service centres in the most lagging regions by Q4/2024, at least 20 shared service centres shall be established. These shared service centres help pool capacity at the local level in providing essential public (social) services.  Entry into force of the legislation which shall establish a framework for the entry into operation of the Central Accounts Register. The police's authority to check property in the event of a discrepancy between legal income and used property will be expanded. An office for the management of seized assets is operational and possibilities for asset freezing expanded.  Organisational changes aimed at creating a unit for detecting and investigating environmental crime (centre and regions), extending the analytical capacities of the police force to the regional level, establishing a new unit for crime technology services (centre and regions).  The concept of optimising crisis management shall clearly define the relationships between the emergency response services of the integrated rescue system, establish common procedures for dealing with crisis situations, provide for joint coordination between the components, taking into account both the strategic and operational levels of crisis management, and propose a network of integrated security centres. The legislation shall enter into force by Q1 2023.  Modernisation of the frontend, backend and middleware platform (common modules) on the principles of low code configurable components centrally managed for all public service providers. The platform is a pre-requisite for the deployment of eGovernment solutions for life situations	Entry into force of the act 31 Organisational change of the Entry into force of the amer Full implementation of the platform	2/2020 on asset freezing.	%  Number  and of an act establishing a  integrated rescue system	Central Accour -	0 0		Q4 Q4 Q4	2024 2022 2021 2023

							42 processes and sections in public administration shall be									
							optimised and automated. Investments shall aim at improving quality of public services or improving efficiency (through									
							reduction of operating costs, procedural errors, completion timelines or human resource requirements). This shall be achieved,									
М							as appropriate, by amending legislation or by changing the organisation of processes. Public administration sections are									
							registered in the Central Metainformation System of Public									
		Digital transformation of public				Digital transformation of public administration	Administration according to the Act No.575/2001 Coll. on the organisation of government activities and the organisation of									
	SK-C[C17]-I[I2]	service delivery	Investment	Target	SK-C[C17]-I[I2]-T[C17.8]		central state administration.  Eight processes and sections in public administration shall be		N	lumber		8 4	42	34 Q2	2026	
							optimised and automated. Investments shall aim at improving quality of public services or improving efficiency (through									
							reduction of operating costs, procedural errors, completion timelines or human resource requirements). This shall be achieved,									
М							as appropriate, by amending legislation or by changing the organisation of processes. Public administration sections are									
							registered in the Central Metainformation System of Public Administration according to the Act No.575/2001 Coll. on the									
	בע כוכזקו ווופו	Digital transformation of public service delivery	Investment	Target	SK-C[C17]-I[I2]-T[C17.7]	Digital transformation of public administration	organisation of government activities and the organisation of central state administration.		N.	lumber		0		4 Q4	2024	
	5K-C[C17]-I[12]	Service delivery	investment	raiget	5K-C[C17]-I[12]-T[C17.7]	Sections	The commissioning and entry into service of the computing			voin bei		· ·		4 Q4	2024	
							infrastructure on the basis of functional tests and a handover protocol. The investment shall finance the construction of a the									
М							supercomputer using an architecture featuring integrated CPU and GPU on a single chip, with an ambition to rate in the top 10 of the	Commissioning of the								
		Engaging in multi-country European projects related to the digital			SK-C[C17]-I[I3]-	supercomputer for the national supercomputing	global Green500 list of the high energy efficient supercomputers. Details of the architecture shall be specified in the feasibility study.									
	SK-C[C17]-I[I3]	economy	Investment	Milestone	M[C17.11]	centre	This target shall be achieved through:	note			-	-		Q4	2024	
							Building a network of four of European Digital Innovation Hubs (EDIHs) in Slovakia that shall provide services to businesses to									
							support the deployment of new technologies and innovation. They shall participate in the pan-European network of EDIHs. The	,								
							candidates for establishing the four EDIHs were nominated in September 2020.									
U							2.In addition to the 4 EDIHs, at least one additional centre shall be									
							set up following one of the two options: (a) EDIH without financial support from the Digital Europe									
		Engaging in multi-country European					programme, which shall be awarded the Seal of Excellence in the EC competition; or									
	בע כוכז זו וויין	projects related to the digital	Investment	Toront	CV C[C17] I[12] T[C17 10]	Number of Digital Innovation Hubs/ European	(b) a local DIH that shall be selected under the national scheme and will complement the network of existing EDIHs.		N.	tumban		0		Q3	2022	
	SK-C[C17]-I[I3]	economy	mvestment	Target	SK-C[C17]-1[13]-1[C17.10]		Support granted to participation in two multi-country digital		N	lumber		o .	5	ųs	2022	
							projects from the following set proposed by the European Commission: Security Operation Centres, MediaInvest, European Blockchain Services Infrastructure, EuroQCI, 5G Corridors,									
U		Engaging in multi-country European					Common European Data Infrastructure, Processors and									
	SK-C[C17]-I[I3]	projects related to the digital economy	Investment	Target	SK-C[C17]-I[I3]-T[C17.12]	the pre-defined set	Semiconductor chips, Connected Public Administration, Genome of Europe, Digital Skills.		N	lumber		0	2	Q4	2024	
							A support scheme for research and development of digital solutions shall be set up and published by the implementation unit									
							of the MIRRI for small and medium sized enterprises, large companies, private R&D institutions, public R&D institutions									
							including academia and Slovak Academy of Sciences, non- governmental and non-profit organizations, media, public									
U							institutions including municipalities and other eligible applicants.  The scheme shall also serve as a co-funding mechanism for									
							projects that succeed in directly managed EU programmes (Digital Europe, Horizon Europe and the Connecting Europe Facility).									
							Priority shall be given to successful projects based on an IPCEI assessment by the European Commission. Projects shall also be									
		Support for projects aiming at the development and application of top			SK-C[C17]-I[I4]-	Design of support scheme for development and	assessed on the basis of the priority areas defined in dimension 4 (Digital Transformation of Slovakia) in the Smart Specialisation									
	SK-C[C17]-I[I4]	digital technologies Support for projects aiming at the	Investment	Milestone	M[C17.13]	application of top digital technologies	Strategy (RIS3).  Support disbursed to 20 projects in development and application	Launch of a support scheme			-			Q2	2022	
М	SK-C[C17]-I[I4]	development and application of top digital technologies	Investment	Target	SK-C[C17]-I[I4]-T[C17.14]	Number of projects for development and application of top digital technologies	of digital solutions under the support scheme		N	Number		0	20	19 Q4	2024	
М		Support for projects aiming at the development and application of top				Number of projects for development and	Support disbursed to 43 projects in development and application of digital solutions under the support scheme									
	SK-C[C17]-I[I4]	digital technologies	Investment	Target	SK-C[C17]-I[I4]-T[C17.15]	application of top digital technologies	An additional 571 IT experts in the public administration		N	lumber		20 19	43	41 Q2	2026	
U	SK-C[C17]-I[I5]	Fast grants – hackathons	Investment	Target	SK-C[C17]-I[I5]-T[C17.17]	Number of IT staff in public administration trained	environment retrained for cybersecurity at 'professional', 'Manager' and 'IT Manager' levels.		N	lumber		29	600	Q2	2026	
							Organisation of 20 Hackathons - events where fast grants shall be awarded for innovative solutions to most innovative solutions for									
М							current societal challenges. The event shall involve start-ups, other companies, research institutions, universities and their students,									
							and other specialists. Winning teams shall provide their solutions to the public administration or the wider public.									
	SK-C[C17]-I[I5]	Fast grants – hackathons	Investment	Target	SK-C[C17]-I[I5]-T[C17.16]		The strategy shall focus on persons in productive and post-		N	Number		0	20	17 Q2	2026	
							productive age and shall include an analysis of the state of play, a definition of existing barriers and a vision of education for the next									
U		Strengthening preventive measures, increasing the speed of incident					period and of life-long learning in line with the OECD 2020 recommendations, as well as a proposal for measures and									
		detection and resolution (ITVS – Information technologies for public			SV C[C17] I[IE]		recommendations for public administrations to improve the status									
	SK-C[C17]-I[I6]	administration)	Investment	Milestone	SK-C[C17]-I[I6]- M[C17.20]			Approval of the Digital Skills Strate	tegy by the Slovak Gover	rnment and publication	-	-		Q4	2022	
		Strongthonic					Deployment of new or revised audit tools of cybersecurity vulnerability of public IT applications. The assessment shall be performed by populations that and using sulperability assessment.									
U		Strengthening preventive measures, increasing the speed of incident					performed by penetrating tests and using vulnerability assessment software, while security audit verification shall always take place before deployment for the verification of critical vulnerabilities.									
	CV ClC471 · · · ·	detection and resolution (ITVS – Information technologies for public	launa turu u	Miles	SK-C[C17]-I[I6]-	Security audits of applications in public	before deployment. for the verification of critical vulnerabilities.  Priority shall be given to information systems that are part of	Darley and 1	and the same of th							
	SK-C[C17]-I[I6]	administration) Strengthening preventive measures,	Investment	Milestone	M[C17.19]	administration environment	Securing of 1000 IT systems, which shall be defined as: the Early	Deployment of new or update of	existing applications int	to service		-		Q2	2025	
U		increasing the speed of incident detection and resolution (ITVS –				Non-house and a second	Warning System (EWS) tools are integrated into the Cybersecurity Incident Management System, deploying the necessary									
	SK-C[C17]-I[I6]	Information technologies for public administration)	Investment	Target	SK-C[C17]-I[I6]-T[C17.18]	administration environment	hardware/software elements, bidirectional encrypted communication, and warning dispatch.		N	lumber		70	1000	Q4	2024	
							Following the pilot project and its recommendations, improve the digital skills of 172 800 elderly people and disadvantaged people.									
М		Improving the digital skills of seniors					This shall be achieved by completion of a training program and distribution of subsidised equipment for each person.						,			
	SK-C[C17]-I[I7]	and the distribution of Senior Tablets	s Investment	Target	SK-C[C17]-I[I7]-T[C17.22]	] trained in basic digital skills			N	lumber	1	000	172800	102409 Q2	2026	

							Implementation of a pilot project to validate the proposed activities and solutions to increase digital skills among a sample of							
							1000 seniors and disadvantaged persons. This shall be achieved by completion of a training program followed by distribution of							
0							subsidised equipment. The results of the pilot project shall be							
	SK-C[C17]-I[I7]	Improving the digital skills of seniors and the distribution of Senior Tablet		Target	SK-C[C17]-I[I7]-T[C17.21]		assessed and lead to a decision on the form of the continuation of the project.		Number	0		1000	Q2	2022
				. 0		-	Publication of the list of priority electronic services approved by							
U	SK-C[C17]-R[R	Creating eGovernment solutions for priority life situations	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C17]-R[R1]- M[C17.1]			Publication of the priority list approved by the MIRRI		-	-		Q4	2022
		Creation of automorphism and the continue for			SK-C[C17]-R[R1]-		Analysis of service design and identification of deficiencies	Dublication of the						
U	SK-C[C17]-R[R	Creating eGovernment solutions for priority life situations	Reform	Milestone	M[C17.2]	Roadmap of the priority life situations	(roadmap) for their improvement through all public institutions concerned	roadmap		-	-		Q4	2023
							Entry into service of a platform of tools and policies for a new way to buy and use IT commodities, expertise, use of cloud services and							
U							open source code. The services shall be procured centrally							
					SK-C[C17]-R[R2]-		(framework contract) and the users of the services shall have the possibility to dynamically draw on the central platform as needed.							
	SK-C[C17]-R[R	P] Central management of IT resources	Reform	Milestone	M[C17.3]	market place)		Launch of the platform		-	-		Q4	2023
							Adoption by the MIRRI of a new strategic document – Action Plan for the Digital Transformation of Slovakia for years 2023-2026. The							
U							Action Plan shall put forward actions to improve Slovakia's digital performance, building on 2030 Digital Transformation Strategy for							
		Managing the digital transformation			SK-C[C17]-R[R3]-	Action Plan for the Digital Transformation of	Slovakia and building on the current 2019-2022 roadmap.							
	SK-C[C17]-R[R	B] of the economy and society	Reform	Milestone	M[C17.9]	Slovakia for years 2023-2026	The National Concept for Informatisation of Public Administration	Development and adoption by the MIRRI		-	-		Q4	2022
							(NKIVS) shall set the framework for digital reforms in a							
							synchronised manner with the RRP. The individual actions and projects of the RRP shall implement the relevant strategic tasks of							
U		Standardisation of technical and procedural cybersecurity solutions					the NKIVS. The NKIVS shall set the framework of standardisation for cyber security requirements. Further actions would be							
		(ITVS – Information technologies for			SK-C[C17]-R[R4]-		necessary for setting the cyber security technical and procedural							
	SK-C[C17]-R[R	l] public administration)	Reform	Milestone	M[C17.23]	Administration (NKIVS) 2021-2030	standards. Entry into force of the package by the parliament (Social Insurance	Adoption and approval of the National Concep	t for Informatisation of Public Administrat	tion by ti -	-		Q4	2021
							Act and Old-Age Pension Savings Act) by the end of Q4 2022 with							
							effect from Q1 2023, which will improve the long-term financial sustainability of the pension system, namely:1) linking increases in							
							retirement age to increasing life expectancy, 2) introducing an							
U							entitlement to actuarially neutral benefits from the first pay-as- you-go pension pillar for persons after a statutory minimum							
							number of years of service, 3) introducing a default savings strategy based on the lifecycle principle for new and progressively							
		Improving the sustainability of the			SK-C[C18]-R[R1]-		existing savers in Pillar II (with the possibility of rejecting this							
	SK-C[C18]-R[R	L] pension system	Reform	Milestone	M[C18.1]	•	default strategy) Entry into force of the multi-annual ceilings on public expenditure	Entry into force of the package of amendment	(No 461/2003 Coll. on social insurance an	nd No 45 -	-		Q1	2023
U							and its implementation in the Stability Programme 2022-2025 in							
	SK-C[C18]-R[R	Introducing multi-annual expenditure ceilings	e Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C18]-R[R2]- M[C18.2]	Anchoring expenditure ceilings in Law 523/2004 on the budgetary rules	April 2022 to capture the full budgetary cycle for 2023.	Entry into force of the amendment to the act 5	23/2004 on the budgetary rules	-	-		Q4	2021
							The preparation and evaluation of all relevant public investment							
							projects is carried out in line with the published methodology harmonising preparation and prioritisation. The assessment is							
ш							carried out by the Ministry of Finance and applied to all new investment projects at national level above EUR 1 million, as							
Ü							demonstrated by documentation of selected projects. The							
					SK-C[C18]-R[R3]-	application of the methodology for the procedures	methodology aims at establishing an investment project pipeline at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new							
	SK-C[C18]-R[R	Streamlining public investment	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C18]-R[R3]- M[C18.3]	for preparing and prioritising investments	at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new investment projects. $ \\$	Evaluation of the public investment projects ca	rried out in line with adopted methodolok	logy -	-		Q2	2026
	SK-C[C18]-R[R	B] Streamlining public investment	Reform	Milestone		for preparing and prioritising investments	at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new	Evaluation of the public investment projects ca	rried out in line with adopted methodolol	logy -	-		Q2	2026
	SK-C[C18]-R[R	3] Streamlining public investment	Reform	Milestone		for preparing and prioritising investments	at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new investment projects.  18 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the support schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on		rried out in line with adopted methodolok	ogy -	-		Q2	2026
	SK-C[C18]-R[R	i] Streamlining public investment	Reform	Milestone		for preparing and prioritising investments	at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new investment projects.  18 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the support schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes:		rried out in line with adopted methodolok	ogy -	-		Q2	2026
м	SK-C[C18]-R[R	i] Streamlining public investment	Reform	Milestone		for preparing and prioritising investments	at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new investment projects.  18 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the support schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on an average at least 30% primary neregy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater		rried out in line with adopted methodolold	ogy -	-		QZ	2026
М	SK-C[C18]-R[R	i] Streamlining public investment	Reform	Milestone		for preparing and prioritising investments	at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new investment projects.  18 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the support schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component. Energy		rried out in line with adopted methodolold	ogy -			Q2	2026
М	SK-C[C18]-R[R	i] Streamlining public investment	Reform	Milestone		for preparing and prioritising investments	at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new investment projects. It is 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the support schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or		rried out in line with adopted methodolok	ogy -			Q2	2026
М		Improving energy efficiency of famil	,		M[C18.3]	for preparing and prioritising investments  Number of renovated family houses achieving on	at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new investment projects. It is 8000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the support schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the			ogy -		19000		
М	SK-C[C18]-R[R SK-C[C2]-I[1]	Improving energy efficiency of famil		Milestone	M[C18.3]	for preparing and prioritising investments  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings	at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new investment projects. It is 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the support schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  In total 30 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with		rried out in line with adopted methodolok	ogy - 0		18000	Q2 13000 Q4	2026
М		Improving energy efficiency of famil	,		M[C18.3]	for preparing and prioritising investments  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings	at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new investment projects. It is 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the support schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers. In total 30 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the schemes including the compliance with			ogy -		18000		
М		Improving energy efficiency of famil	,		M[C18.3]	for preparing and prioritising investments  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings	at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new investment projects. It is 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the support schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  In total 30 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving o an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional			ogy -		18000		
М		Improving energy efficiency of famil	,		M[C18.3]	for preparing and prioritising investments  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings	at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new investment projects.  18 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the support schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, ralinwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding during the support of biomass boilers.  In total 30 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on			ogy -		18000		
М		Improving energy efficiency of famil	,		M[C18.3]	for preparing and prioritising investments  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings	at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new investment projects. It is 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the support schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  In total 30 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving o an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: as insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or			ogy -		18000		
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М		Improving energy efficiency of famil	,		M[C18.3]	for preparing and prioritising investments  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings	at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new investment projects. It is 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the support schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers. In total 30 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving o an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: as insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component and the costing provided. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or			ogy -		18000		
М	SK-C[C2]-I[11]	Improving energy efficiency of family houses	/ Investment	Target	M[C18.3]  SK-C[C2]-I[11]-T[C2.3]	for preparing and prioritising investments  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings  Number of renovated family houses achieving on	at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new investment projects.  18 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the support schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  In total 30 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the PNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving o an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: as insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component and the costing provided. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall		Number	0			13000 Q4	2024
М		Improving energy efficiency of famili houses	/ Investment		M[C18.3]  SK-C[C2]-I[11]-T[C2.3]	for preparing and prioritising investments  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings	at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new investment projects.  18 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the support schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  In total 30 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the PNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving o an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: as insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component and the costing provided. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall			ogy - 0	13000			
М	SK-C[C2]-I[11]	Improving energy efficiency of family houses	/ Investment	Target	M[C18.3]  SK-C[C2]-I[11]-T[C2.3]	Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings	at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new investment projects. It is 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the support schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  In total 30 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving o an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: as insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component and the costing provided. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.		Number	0	13000		13000 Q4	2024
М	SK-C[C2]-I[11]	Improving energy efficiency of family houses	/ Investment	Target	M[C18.3]  SK-C[C2]-I[11]-T[C2.3]	for preparing and prioritising investments  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings	at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new investment projects.  18 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the support schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  In total 30 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the PoNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving o an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: as insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component and the costing provided. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.		Number	0	13000		13000 Q4	2024
M	SK-C[C2]-I[11]	Improving energy efficiency of family houses	/ Investment	Target	M[C18.3]  SK-C[C2]-I[11]-T[C2.3]	for preparing and prioritising investments  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings	at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new investment projects. It is 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the support schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  In total 30 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving o an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: as insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component and the costing provided. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  Of the overall objective is to renovate 66 000m2, at least 60 000 m2 of historic and listed public buildings, are renovated in line with the requirements of the open call, which shall define conditions to achieve on an average at least 30% primary energy savings, compliance with DNSH principles and incentive implementation		Number	0	13000		13000 Q4	2024
M	SK-C[C2]-I[11]	Improving energy efficiency of family houses  Improving energy efficiency of family houses	/ Investment	Target	M[C18.3]  SK-C[C2]-I[11]-T[C2.3]	For preparing and prioritising investments  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings  Overall area (m2) of renovated public historical	at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new investment projects.  18 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the support schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  In total 30 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving o an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: as insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component and the costing provided. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  Of the overall objective is to renovate 66 000m2, at least 60 000 m2 of historic and listed public buildings, are renovated in line with the requirements of the open call, which shall define conditions to achieve on an average at least 30% primary energy savings, compliance with DNSH principles and incentivize implementation of other complementary measures (such as rainwater retention, removal of asbestos, accessibility of buildings). Energy savings		Number	0	13000		13000 Q4	2024
M	SK-C[C2]-I[1] SK-C[C2]-I[1]	Improving energy efficiency of family houses  Improving energy efficiency of family houses	/ Investment	Target	M[C18.3]  SK-C[C2]-I[I1]-T[C2.3]  SK-C[C2]-I[I1]-T[C2.4]	For preparing and prioritising investments  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings  Overall area (m2) of renovated public historical and listed buildings achieving at least 30 % of the	at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new investment projects.  18 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the support schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. R8F financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  In total 30 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving o an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: as insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component and the costing provided. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. R8F financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  Of the overall objective is to renovatel 66 000m2, at least 60 000 20 of historic and listed public buildings, are renovated in line with the requirements of the open call, which shall define conditions to achieve on an average at least 30% primary energy savings, compliance with DNSH principles and incentive implementation of other complementary measures (such as rainwater retention, removal of asbestos, accessibility of buildings). Energy savings, shall be monitored and verified for renovated buildings, the registering shall be monitored and		Number	0	13000	30000	13000 Q4 25367 Q2	2024
М	SK-C[C2]-I[11]	Improving energy efficiency of family houses  Improving energy efficiency of family houses	/ Investment	Target	M[C18.3]  SK-C[C2]-I[11]-T[C2.3]	For preparing and prioritising investments  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings  Overall area (m2) of renovated public historical and listed buildings achieving at least 30 % of the primary energy savings	at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new investment projects.  18 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the support schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  In total 30 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving o an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: as insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component and the costing provided. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  Of the overall objective is to renovate 66 000m2, at least 60 000 m2 of historic and listed public buildings, are renovated in line with the requirements of the open call, which shall define conditions to achieve on an average at least 30% primary energy savings, compliance with DNSH principles and incentivize implementation of other complementary measures (such as rainwater retention, removal of asbestos, accessibility of buildings). Energy savings shall be monitored and verified f		Number	0	13000	30000	13000 Q4	2024
M	SK-C[C2]-I[1] SK-C[C2]-I[1]	Improving energy efficiency of family houses  Improving energy efficiency of family houses	/ Investment	Target	M[C18.3]  SK-C[C2]-I[I1]-T[C2.3]  SK-C[C2]-I[I1]-T[C2.4]	for preparing and prioritising investments  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings  Overall area (m2) of renovated public historical and listed buildings achieving at least 30 % of the primary energy savings	at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new investment projects. It is 8000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the support schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding douenents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  In total 30 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the schemes including the compliance with the PNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving o an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: as insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component and the costing provided. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  Of the overall objective is to renovate 66 000m2, at least 60 000 m2 of historic and listed public buildings, are renovated in line with the requirements of the open call, which shall define conditions to achieve on an average at least 30% primary energy savings, compliance with DNSH principles and incentivize implementation of other complementary measures (such as rainwater retention, removal of asbestos, accessibility of buildings). Energy savings shall be monitored and verifie		Number	0	13000	30000	13000 Q4 25367 Q2	2024
M	SK-C[C2]-I[1] SK-C[C2]-I[1]	Improving energy efficiency of family houses  Improving energy efficiency of family houses	/ Investment	Target	M[C18.3]  SK-C[C2]-I[I1]-T[C2.3]  SK-C[C2]-I[I1]-T[C2.4]	for preparing and prioritising investments  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings  Overall area (m2) of renovated public historical and listed buildings achieving at least 30 % of the primary energy savings	at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new investment projects. It is 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the support schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  In total 30 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving o an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: as insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component and the costing provided. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  Of the overall objective is to renovate 66 000m2, at least 60 000 m2 of historic and listed public buildings, are renovated in line with the requirements of the open call, which shall define conditions to achieve on a average at least 30% primary energy savings, compliance with DNSH principles and incentivize implementation of other complementary measures (such as rainwater retention, removal of absetos, accessiblity of buildings). Energy savings shall be monitored and verified fo		Number	0	13000	30000	13000 Q4 25367 Q2	2024
M M	SK-C[C2]-I[1] SK-C[C2]-I[1]	Improving energy efficiency of family houses  Improving energy efficiency of family houses	/ Investment	Target	M[C18.3]  SK-C[C2]-I[I1]-T[C2.3]  SK-C[C2]-I[I1]-T[C2.4]	For preparing and prioritising investments  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings  Overall area (m2) of renovated public historical and listed buildings achieving at least 30 % of the primary energy savings	at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new investment projects.  18 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the support schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  In total 30 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the schemes including the compliance with the PNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving o an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: as insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement of the text of the component and the costing provided. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  Of the overall objective is to renovate 66 000m2, at least 60 000 m2 of historic and listed public buildings, are renovated in line with the requirements of the open call, which shall define conditions to achieve on an average at least 30% primary energy savings, compliance with DNSH principles and incentivize implementation of other complementary measures (such as rainwater retention, removal of		Number	0	13000	30000	13000 Q4 25367 Q2	2024
M M	SK-C[C2]-I[1] SK-C[C2]-I[1]	Improving energy efficiency of family houses  Improving energy efficiency of family houses  Renovation of historical and listed public buildings	/ Investment	Target	M[C18.3]  SK-C[C2]-I[I1]-T[C2.3]  SK-C[C2]-I[I1]-T[C2.4]	For preparing and prioritising investments  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings  Overall area (m2) of renovated public historical and listed buildings achieving at least 30 % of the primary energy savings	at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new investment projects.  18 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the support schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. R8F financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  In total 30 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving o an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: as insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component and the costing provided. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  Of the overall objective is to renovate 60 000m2, at least 60 000 20 f historic and listed public buildings, are renovated in line with the requirements of the open call, which shall define conditions to achieve on an average at least 30% primary energy savings, compliance with DNSH principles and incentivize implementation of other complementary measures (such as rainwater retention, removal of asbestos, accessibility of buildings), are renovated in line with the requirements of th		Number	0	13000	30000	13000 Q4 25367 Q2	2024
M M	SK-C[C2]-I[1] SK-C[C2]-I[1]	Improving energy efficiency of family houses  Improving energy efficiency of family houses	/ Investment	Target	M[C18.3]  SK-C[C2]-I[I1]-T[C2.3]  SK-C[C2]-I[I1]-T[C2.4]	Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings  Overall area (m2) of renovated public historical and listed buildings achieving at least 30 % of the primary energy savings	at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new investment projects.  18 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the support schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  In total 30 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the schemes including the compliance with the requirements of the schemes including the compliance with the PoNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving o an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: as insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component and the costing provided. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  Of the overall objective is to renovate 66 000m2, at least 60 000 m2 of historic and listed public buildings, are renovated in line with the requirements of the open call, which shall define conditions to achieve on an average at least 30% primary energy savings, compliance with DNSH principles and incentivize implementation of other complementary measures (such as rainwater retention, removal of asbestos, accessibility		Number	0	13000	30000	13000 Q4 25367 Q2	2024
M	SK-C[C2]-I[11] SK-C[C2]-I[12]	Improving energy efficiency of familihouses  Improving energy efficiency of familihouses  Renovation of historical and listed public buildings	Investment	Target	M[C18.3]  SK-C[C2]-I[I1]-T[C2.3]  SK-C[C2]-I[I2]-T[C2.4]	Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings  Overall area (m2) of renovated public historical and listed buildings achieving at least 30 % of the primary energy savings  Overall area (m2) of renovated public historical and listed buildings achieving at least 30 % of the primary energy savings	at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new investment projects.  18 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the support schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. R8F financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  In total 30 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the Power of the provide incentives for achieving o an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: as insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component and the costing provided. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. R8F financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  Of the overall objective is to renovate 66 000m2, at least 60 000 20 f historic and listed public buildings, are renovated in line with the requirements of the open call, which shall define conditions to achieve on an average at least 30% primary energy savings, compliance with DNSH principles and incentivize implementation of other complementary measures (such as rainwater retention, removal of asbestos, accessibility of buildings). Energy savings, compliance with DNSH principles		Number  Number  Area (m2)	18000		30000	13000 Q4 25367 Q2 48011 Q4	2024
М	SK-C[C2]-I[11] SK-C[C2]-I[12]	Improving energy efficiency of familihouses  Improving energy efficiency of familihouses  Renovation of historical and listed public buildings	Investment	Target	M[C18.3]  SK-C[C2]-I[I1]-T[C2.3]  SK-C[C2]-I[I2]-T[C2.4]	Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings  Overall area (m2) of renovated public historical and listed buildings achieving at least 30 % of the primary energy savings  Overall area (m2) of renovated public historical and listed buildings achieving at least 30 % of the primary energy savings	at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new investment projects.  18 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the support schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  In total 30 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: as insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component and the costing provided. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  Of the overall objective is to renovate 66 000m2, at least 60 000 m2 of historic and listed public buildings, are renovated in line with the requirements of the open call, which shall define conditions to achieve on an average at least 30% primary energy savings, compliance with DNSH principles and incentivize implementation of other complementary measures (such as rainwater retention, removal of asbestos, accessibility of buildings). Energy savings shall be monitored and verified		Number  Number  Area (m2)	18000		30000	13000 Q4 25367 Q2 48011 Q4	2024
M M	SK-C[C2]-I[11] SK-C[C2]-I[12]	Improving energy efficiency of familihouses  Improving energy efficiency of familihouses  Renovation of historical and listed public buildings	Investment	Target	M[C18.3]  SK-C[C2]-I[I1]-T[C2.3]  SK-C[C2]-I[I2]-T[C2.4]	Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings  Overall area (m2) of renovated public historical and listed buildings achieving at least 30 % of the primary energy savings  Overall area (m2) of renovated public historical and listed buildings achieving at least 30 % of the primary energy savings	at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new investment projects.  18 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the support schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  In total 30 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the PNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on a average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: as insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component and the costing provided. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  Of the overall objective is to renovate 66 000m2, at least 60 000 m2 of historic and listed public buildings, are renovated in line with the requirements of the open call, which shall define conditions to achieve on an average at least 30% primary energy savings, compliance with DNSH principles and incentivize implementation of other complementary measures (such as rainwater retention, removal of asbestos, accessibility of buildings). Energy savings shall be monitored and verified for renovated buildings through energy performance certificates		Number  Number  Area (m2)	18000		30000	13000 Q4 25367 Q2 48011 Q4	2024
M	SK-C[C2]-I[11] SK-C[C2]-I[12]	Improving energy efficiency of familihouses  Improving energy efficiency of familihouses  Renovation of historical and listed public buildings  Renovation of historical and listed public buildings	Investment	Target	M[C18.3]  SK-C[C2]-I[I1]-T[C2.3]  SK-C[C2]-I[I2]-T[C2.4]	Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings  Overall area (m2) of renovated public historical and listed buildings achieving at least 30 % of the primary energy savings  Overall area (m2) of renovated public historical and listed buildings achieving at least 30 % of the primary energy savings	at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new investment projects.  18 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the support schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RBF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  In total 30 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving o an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: as insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component and the costing provided. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RBF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  Of the overall objective is to renovate 60 000m.2, at least 60 000 2 of historic and listed public buildings, are renovated in line with the requirements of the open call, which shall define conditions to achieve on an average at least 30% primary energy savings, compliance with DNSH principles and incentivize implementation of other complementary measures (such as rainwater retention, removal of asbestos, accessibility of buildings). Energy savings, shall be monitored an		Number  Number  Area (m2)	18000		30000	13000 Q4 25367 Q2 48011 Q4	2024
М	SK-C[C2]-I[11]  SK-C[C2]-I[12]  SK-C[C2]-I[12]	Improving energy efficiency of familihouses  Improving energy efficiency of familihouses  Renovation of historical and listed public buildings  Renovation of historical and listed public buildings	Investment  Investment  Investment	Target Target Target	M[C18.3]  SK-C[C2]-I[11]-T[C2.3]  SK-C[C2]-I[12]-T[C2.4]  SK-C[C2]-I[12]-T[C2.6]	Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings  Overall area (m2) of renovated public historical and listed buildings achieving at least 30 % of the primary energy savings  Overall area (m2) of renovated public historical and listed buildings achieving at least 30 % of the primary energy savings	at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new investment projects.  18 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the support schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  In total 30 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the schemes including the compliance with the PNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving o an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: as insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component and the costing provided. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  Of the overall objective is to renovate 66 000m2, at least 60 000 m2 of historic and listed public buildings, are renovated in line with the requirements of the open call, which shall define conditions to achieve on an average at least 30% primary energy savings, compliance with DNSH principles and incentivize implementation to achieve on average at least 30% primary energy savings, compliance with DNSH principles and incentivize implementation of other complementary measures (such		Number  Area (m2)	18000		30000	13000 Q4 25367 Q2 48011 Q4	2024
M M	SK-C[C2]-I[11]  SK-C[C2]-I[12]  SK-C[C2]-I[12]	Improving energy efficiency of familihouses  Improving energy efficiency of familihouses  Renovation of historical and listed public buildings  Renovation of historical and listed public buildings	Investment	Target	M[C18.3]  SK-C[C2]-I[I1]-T[C2.3]  SK-C[C2]-I[I2]-T[C2.4]	Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings  Number of renovated family houses achieving on average at least 30 % primary energy savings  Overall area (m2) of renovated public historical and listed buildings achieving at least 30 % of the primary energy savings  Overall area (m2) of renovated public historical and listed buildings achieving at least 30 % of the primary energy savings	at sector level and at increasing the cost-benefit ratio for new investment projects.  18 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the support schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving on an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  In total 30 000 single family houses shall be renovated in line with the requirements of the schemes including the compliance with the DNSH principle and to provide incentives for achieving o an average at least 30% primary energy savings and additional complementary measures. A list of possible measures includes: as insulation, replacement of windows, restoration of roof, rainwater retention, boiler replacement or removal of asbestos cover, or other measures in line with the text of the component and the costing provided. Energy savings of the renovated houses shall be verified primarily through the energy performance certificate, or other corresponding documents. RRF financed investments shall not provide the support of biomass boilers.  Of the overall objective is to renovate 66 000m2, at least 60 000 m2 of historic and listed public buildings, are renovated in line with the requirements of the open call, which shall define conditions to achieve on an average at least 30% primary energy savings, compliance with DNSH principles and incentivize implementation of other complementary measures (such as rainwater retention, removal of asbestos, accessibility of buildings). Energy savings, compliance with DNSH principles		Number  Area (m2)	18000		30000	13000 Q4 25367 Q2 48011 Q4	2024

		The hormonisation of support					The schemes to mobilise energy savings and green renovation shall									
М		The harmonisation of support mechanisms for the renovation of					be designed and launched in line with the measures and schedule adopted by implementation plan. Respective calls will be published									
	SK-C[C2]-R[R1]	family houses	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C2]-R[R1]-M[C2.2]	savings and green renovation	by the Slovak Environmental Agency at a website.  Development and adoption of the three methodologies to classify	Launch of the support schemes to mobilise energ	y savings and green renov	ration -		-		Q3	202	22
							$monument\ buildings\ in\ order\ to\ increase\ the\ transparency,\ public$									
							acceptance and speed up the decision-making processes of the Monuments Board of the Slovak Republic. Based on standardised									
М		Increasing transparency and					methodologies, at least 1000 construction passports shall be issued by the Monument Board to provide diagnoses of the									
		Increasing transparency and streamlining decisions of the					technical as well as energy aspects of the relevant state-owned									
	SK-C[C2]-R[R2]	Monuments Board of the Slovak Republic	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C2]-R[R2]-M[C2.5]	Methodologies for the decision-making process of the Monuments Board of the Slovak Republic	monuments to facilitate renovation decisions.	Publication of methodologies by the Monuments	Board				3	Q4	202	)23
		.,					The revised waste legislation by the Ministry of Environment shall	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,								
							increase the potential of the circular economy in the construction and demolition waste and construction sector, leading to at least									
							70% of the non-hazardous construction and demolition waste to be recycled and reused. It shall include mandatory green public									
Ü							procurement for construction investments within the state									
		The management of construction and	ı				administration, increase the statutory fees for the landfilling and simplify the rules for the use of construction and demolition waste.									
	SK-C[C2]-R[R3]	demolition waste	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C2]-R[R3]-M[C2.8]	The amendment to the Waste Act		Entry into force of the legislative amendment to	the Waste Act		0		1	Q2	202	22
							The qualitative indicator refers to the length of the reconstructed or upgraded railway infrastructure from the sources of the									
							recovery and resilience plan, using weighting factors for the different types and ranges of projects (not containing									
							dispatching/security installations which are counted separately									
							under Objective 3: length of sections of lines dispatched). Of the overall objective to reconstruct or upgrade 77 km of rail									
М							infrastructure, at least 69 km is upgraded or reconstructed.									
							Investments shall include the following elements: fully upgraded double track on the rail corridor with an increase to 160 km/h; one									
							or two track reconstructed line (renewal of upper/bottom or									
							traction line/equipment; single track newly electrified and partially upgraded railway line; fully upgraded double track tram line									
	SK-C[C3]-I[I1]	The development of low-carbon transport infrastructure	Investment	Target	SK-C[C31-I[I11-TIC3 8]	Length of clean passenger rail infrastructure reconstructed or upgraded (in km weighted)	including accessories; one-stop newly built trolleybus line including the power supply.		Number		0		69	49,7 Q2	202	26
			vestment	-u-get	S. C. COJ 1[12] 1[C3.0]		The qualitative indicator refers to the length of newly built cycling		iidei		J		0.5	-5,1 QE	202	Ĩ
М	SK-C[C3]-I[I1]	The development of low-carbon transport infrastructure	Investment	Target	SK-C[C3]-I[I1]-T[C3.7]	Length of new cycling infrastructure (km)	infrastructure (in km). The target includes cycling paths and bicycle parking spaces.		Number		0		200	161,8 Q2	202	26
				•		, ,	The qualitative indicator refers to the length of railway lines (in km)				Ü			- ,	202	
M		The development of low-carbon					on which dispatching/digital safety devices have entered into operation. Of the overall objective to dispatch 111 km of railway									
	SK-C[C3]-I[I1]	transport infrastructure	Investment	Target	SK-C[C3]-I[I1]-T[C3.9]	Length of sections of railway lines dispatched (km)	•		Number		0		100	82 Q2	202	26
							The qualitative indicator reflects the number of clean public passenger rolling stock procured. The rolling stock shall include									
Ü	SK-C[C3]-I[I2]	Promoting clean passenger transport	Investment	Target	SK-C[C3]-I[I2]-T[C3.10]		closed electric or hydrogen train units; multi-system electric locomotives; trams.		Number		0		5	Q2	202	125
					2 0[00] ([-] ([00.00]	(	The number of intermodal transport units of IPUs (handling semi-							_		
U							trailers, swap bodies, containers) procured. Intermodal transport units shall be expressed in TEU (Twenty-foot Equivalent Unit 20'									
	בא כנכטן ונוטן	Development of intermodal freight	Investment	Target	SV C[C2] I[I2] T[C2 12]		(6,1 m); Basic container size ISO 1C $-20' \times 8' \times 8'$ (mach).		Number		0		1 000	02	202	126
	SK-C[C3]-I[I3]	transport	mvestment	rarget	3K-C[C3]-I[I3]-I[C3.12]	Twenty-foot Equivalent Units	The Ministry of Transport and Construction, in cooperation with		Number		U		1 000	Q2	202	20
							the Ministry of Finance, shall prepare and publish an investment plan for railway infrastructure projects containing the									
							methodology, priorities and timetable for the construction of the									
U							infrastructure. A published investment plan for railway infrastructure projects prioritising projects according to their value									
		Preparation of transport investment					for money shall ensure the long-term stability of their preparation $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right)$									
	SK-C[C3]-R[R1]	projects	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C3]-R[R1]-M[C3.1]	Investment plan for railway infrastructure projects		Publication of the implementation plan		-		-		Q2	202	21
							The methodology shall determine how to identify projects with the highest value for money possible and contribute to the objective									
U	cy c(ca) p(p4)	Preparation of transport investment	D. f		cu cical pipal saica al	Methodology for selecting, preparing and	of passenger modal shift from individual road transport to cycling. $ \\$	Deblication of the weather delices						04	202	24
	SK-C[C3]-R[R1]	projects	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C3]-K[K1]-M[C3.2]	implementing projects for cycling	The legislative amendments shall simplify and streamline the	Publication of the methodology		-		-		Q4	202	21
							legislative and technical requirements for transport infrastructure									
ш							parameters, in line with good practice in other EU countries and European legislation, which shall create conditions to accelerate									
Ü							the pace of preparation of railway infrastructure upgrades, reduce the cost per kilometre of modernised line and enable faster and									
		Preparation of transport investment				The amendment to the Railways Act and related	safer railways to be built earlier.									
	SK-C[C3]-R[R1]	projects	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C3]-R[R1]-M[C3.3]	legislation on transport infrastructure parameters	The Ministry of Transport and Construction shall implement the	Entry into force of an amendment to the Railway	Act by the National Coun	icii of the SR and adop -		-		Q1	202	23
U	SK-C[C31-R[R2]	Public passenger transport	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C3]-R[R2]-M[C3.5]	Implementation of optimised rail transport timetable	ordering of rail passenger transport services according to the finalised Transport Service plan by 31 December 2023.	Entry into force of an optimised rail transport tim	etable			-		Q4	202	123
					. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		The law shall standardise public passenger transport standards	, and a specific time						٠.	202	
U							and to streamline the public service order, which is currently fragmented and insufficiently coordinated between the State,									
	SK-C[C3]-R[R2]	Public passenger transport	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C3]-R[R2]-M[C3.4]	New law on public passenger transport	counties, cities and municipalities.  The qualitative indicator refers to the number of counties in which	Entry into force of the Act on Public Passenger Tr	ansport by the National Co	ouncil of the Slovak Re-		-		Q1	202	23
U						place allowing for travelling by multiple modes of	an integrated transport system is created, allowing multi-modal									
	SK-C[C3]-R[R2]	Public passenger transport	Reform	Target	SK-C[C3]-R[R2]-T[C3.6]	public transport or by carriers per ticket	public passenger transport to travel on a single ticket.  A Concept of intermodal transport development shall be		Number		1		6	Q2	202	26
							approved by the Slovak Government by 31 December of 2021									
							This shall include proposals for the legislative changes necessary to adopt measures for the systemic development of									
							environmentally friendly freight transport modes. Support shall be aimed at removing technical problems in the transition to									
U							intermodal transport and making it more attractive. On that basis $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left$									
							by 31 December 2022 calls for new support schemes shall be launched that shall help to improve the availability of intermodal									
							transport on a non-discriminatory basis, paving the way for its									
	SK-C[C3]-R[R3]	Intermodal freight transport	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C3]-R[R3]-M[C3.11]	Concept and calls for new support schemes	development in all regions of Slovakia. The call shall be approved by the Ministry of Transport and Construction.	Launch of calls for new support schemes on the b	asis of concept of intermo	odal transport develor -		-		Q4	202	22
							The measures shall speed up the development of alternative									
							propulsions in transport. These shall include a reform of distribution tariffs, measures to simplify and accelerate the process									
U		The introduction of new policies for					of constructing alternative propulsion infrastructure, the introduction of a 'Recharging Point Rights' and the introduction of									
		the long-term promotion of					a stable, predictable multi-annual framework to support the									
	SK-C[C3]-R[R4]	alternative fuels in the transport sector	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C3]-R[R4]-M[C3.13]		construction of relevant alternative propulsion infrastructure.	Entry into force of resolution to promote alterna	ative propulsions			-		Q4	202	22
		The introduction of new policies for the long-term promotion of					Total number of public recharging points or hydrogen refuelling points in operation. Of the overall objective to put in operation									
U	ch cless s.s.	alternative fuels in the transport	D-f	T	ev eleal plant at a second	Number of recharging points or hydrogen	3332 of recharging points, at least 3029 are put in operation.						2025			26
	SK-C[C3]-R[R4]	sector	Reform	Target	3K-C[C3]-K[K4]-T[C3.14]	refuelling points in operation.			Number		0		3029	Q2	202	10

							The Ministry of Environment shall adopt a list of completed projects supported through the decarbonisation scheme, which							
							shall constitute a basis for measuring the reduction in greenhouse gas emissions under measure. The emission reduction shall be							
							observed either on the basis of data collection for projects under							
							the decarbonisation scheme or demonstrated through assumed parameters of supported technologies under the measure based							
Ü							on certificates by producers or the combination of both							
							approaches Of the overall objective to reduce the greenhouse gas emissions by 1 369 917 tonnes of CO2 equivalent, the							
							decarbonisation scheme shall deliver at least the reduction of 1							
	SK-C[C4]-I[I1]	The operation of the industry decarbonisation scheme	Investment	Milestone	SK-C[C4]-I[I1]-M[C4.3]	Completion of implementation of the industry decarbonisation projects co-financed by the RRF	232 926 tonnes of CO2 equivalent.	Adoption of a list of completed decarbonisation proje	cts by the Ministry of Environme	ent -	-		Q2	2026
	[] -[]						The investments shall modernize the equipment as well as facilities		,				~	
							of the Slovak Inspectorate of the Environment. The new inspectorate vehicles shall be equipped with office and measuring							
U							technology, in particular for inspection of air protection, water							
		Supporting the functioning of the Slovak Environmental Inspectorate				Capacity increasing investments for the Slovak	protection and waste management. The investments shall deliver improvements to the building premises of the Inspectorate.							
	SK-C[C4]-I[I2]	linked to decarbonisation	Investment	Milestone	SK-C[C4]-I[I2]-M[C4.4]	Inspectorate of the Environment		Completion of the RRF investment activities by the SI	ovak Inspectorate of the Environn	ment -	-		Q2	2025
		The termination of coal-based					In the framework of transformation of the Upper Nitra region for the Nováky power plant:							
M		electricity production at Nováky					The Slovak authorities shall terminate the support to lignite							
	SK-C[C4]-R[R1]	power plant and transformation of the Upper Nitra region	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C4]-R[R1]-M[C4.1]	Transition away from coal at the Upper Nitra region	electricity generation.  • The lignite electricity generation shall be discontinued	Cessation of the lignite electricity generation at the N	ováky Power Plant	-	-		Q4	2023
		•					Adoption of the industrial decarbonisation scheme delivering							
							efficient results by the Ministry of Environment. The competitive decarbonisation scheme shall be rolled out through a non-							
							discriminatory, transparent and open bidding process, open to all							
							industrial sectors. The support shall target the low carbon processes and technologies in industry and adoption of energy							
							efficiency measures.							
							The investment policy of the scheme shall include at least the following eligibility and project selection criteria:							
							<ul> <li>the objective of the lowest price per tonne of the greenhouse gas saved:</li> </ul>							
							ensuring compliance with the EU acquis and national							
							environmental laws as well as the DNSH Technical Guidance (2021/C58/01) of supported activities and companies and							
M							specifying decarbonisation targets.							
							<ul> <li>supporting only best available technology compliant projects;</li> <li>supported EU Emission Trading Scheme installations shall reduce</li> </ul>							
							their emissions substantially below the benchmark relevant to the							
							project bid. The 'substantially below benchmark' condition shall be part of selection criteria for the procurement.							
							no fossil fuels shall be supported  Abo quantity of green house goes agritted (in CO2 agritualization).							
							<ul> <li>the quantity of greenhouse gases emitted (in CO2 equivalent units, weighted average) of the enterprises supported by the</li> </ul>							
							scheme shall decrease by at least 30%							
							The Classic Control of the Control o	Adoption of the scheme						
		Adoption of the competitive scheme	p.											
		Adoption of the competitive scheme for reduction of greenhouse gas					delivery for all supported projects by 30 June 2026 at the latest or they shall demonstrate that greenhouse gas emissions savings are	on industrial decarbonisation by the						
	SK-C[C4]-R[R2]		Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C4]-R[R2]-M[C4.2]	Adoption of the industrial decarbonisation	delivery for all supported projects by 30 June 2026 at the latest or they shall demonstrate that greenhouse gas emissions savings are	on industrial					Q4	2022
U	SK-C[C4]-R[R2]	for reduction of greenhouse gas emissions in industry Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C4]-R[R2]-M[C4.2]		delivery for all supported projects by 30 June 2026 at the latest or they shall demonstrate that greenhouse gas emissions savings are to be delivered based on assumed parameters of supported The Steering Board shall select projects for two regions of Muránska Planina and Polonina in accordance with the DNSH	on industrial decarbonisation by the		-			Q4	2022
U	SK-C[C4]-R[R2] SK-C[C5]-I[I1]	for reduction of greenhouse gas emissions in industry Adaptation of regions to climate	Reform	Milestone Target		Adoption of the industrial decarbonisation  List of selected projects for the regions of Muránska Planina and Polonina	delivery for all supported projects by 30 June 2026 at the latest or they shall demonstrate that greenhouse gas emissions savings are the handalissered based on secured narameters of supported The Steering Board shall select projects for two regions of Muránska Planina and Polonina in accordance with the DNSH principle on the basis of an open discussion with relevant local actors.	on industrial decarbonisation by the	Number	. 0		2	Q4 Q2	2022
U		for reduction of greenhouse gas emissions in industry Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity	Reform			List of selected projects for the regions of	delivery for all supported projects by 30 June 2026 at the latest or they shall demonstrate that greenhouse gas emissions savings are to he delivered hased on accumed narameters of cunocidad The Steering Board shall select projects for two regions of Muránska Planina and Polonina in accordance with the DNSH principle on the basis of an open discussion with relevant local actors.  Of the overall objective is to reach property settlements for an	on industrial decarbonisation by the	Number			2		
U		for reduction of greenhouse gas emissions in industry Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity	Reform			List of selected projects for the regions of	delivery for all supported projects by 30 June 2026 at the latest or they shall demonstrate that greenhouse gas emissions savings are to ha daliancomb based no a summad nazamater of number of the Steering Board shall select projects for two regions of Muránska Planina and Polonina in accordance with the DNSH principle on the basis of an open discussion with relevant local actors.  Of the overall objective is to reach property settlements for an area of 29509 ha, property settlements are reached for at least 27000 ha.	on industrial decarbonisation by the	Number			2		
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М	SK-C[CS]-I[11]  SK-C[CS]-I[11]	for reduction of greenhouse gas emissions in industry Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development	Investment	Target Target	SK-C[CS]-I[11]-T[C5.7]  SK-C[CS]-I[11]-T[C5.6]	List of selected projects for the regions of Muránska Planina and Polonina  Property settlement with private landowners (in Area of land settled in ha)  Property settlement with private landowners (in Area of land settled in ha)	delivery for all supported projects by 30 June 2026 at the latest or they shall demonstrate that greenhouse gas emissions savings are to ha delivery for all supported projects by 30 June 2026 at the latest or they shall demonstrate that greenhouse gas emissions savings are to ha deliverand based on a secure da arsameter of supported that the DNSH principle on the basis of an open discussion with relevant local actors.  Of the overall objective is to reach property settlements for an area of 29509 ha, property settlements are reached for at least 27000 ha.  By 30 September 2022 a working group at the Ministry of the Environment and the SOP SR shall draw up a methodology for determining the value and price of land. Calls for land purchase in protected areas, primarily in national parks, shall be launched on the basis of the area/territories on a rolling basis starting by 30 June 2022 and ending by 30 December 2025.  Of the overall objective is to reach property settlements for an area of 14750 ha, property settlements are reached for at least 14000 ha.  By 30 June 2022, a working group at the Ministry of the Environment and the SOP SR shall draw up a methodology for determining the value and price of land. Calls for land purchase in protected areas, primarily in national parks, shall be launched on the basis of the area/territories on a rolling basis starting by 31 March 2023 and ending by 30 June 2023.  Km of rehabilitated watercourses, at least 90 Km are rehabilitated.  The revitalization group shall prepare priorities and identify precise sections to restore flows. Based on the technical documentation, the applicant shall submit projects on a rolling g basis starting by 30 June 2023 and ending by 31 December 2025.  Km of rehabilitated watercourses, of the overall objective to rehabilitate watercourses.	on industrial decarbonisation by the Ministry of Environment  Kim of rehabilitated watercourses	Number Number	0 14 000		14 000 122	Q2 40 Q4 58 Q4	2022
M	SK-C[CS]-I[11]  SK-C[CS]-I[11]	for reduction of greenhouse gas emissions in industry Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development	Investment  Investment  Investment	Target Target	SK-C[CS]-I[11]-T[C5.7]  SK-C[CS]-I[11]-T[C5.6]	List of selected projects for the regions of Muránska Planina and Polonina  Property settlement with private landowners (in Area of land settled in ha)  Property settlement with private landowners (in Area of land settled in ha)	delivery for all supported projects by 30 June 2026 at the latest or they shall demonstrate that greenhouse gas emissions savings are the hardelment by the saving and the	on industrial decarbonisation by the Ministry of Environment  Kim of rehabilitated watercourses	Number Number	0 14 000		14 000 122	Q2 40 Q4 58 Q4	2022
M	SK-C[CS]-I[11]  SK-C[CS]-I[11]	for reduction of greenhouse gas emissions in industry Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development	Investment  Investment  Investment	Target Target	SK-C[C5]-I[11]-T[C5.7]  SK-C[C5]-I[11]-T[C5.6]  SK-C[C5]-I[11]-T[C5.5]	List of selected projects for the regions of Muránska Planina and Polonina  Property settlement with private landowners (in Area of land settled in ha)  Property settlement with private landowners (in Area of land settled in ha)	delivery for all supported projects by 30 June 2026 at the latest or they shall demonstrate that greenhouse gas emissions savings are to ha delivery for all supported projects by 30 June 2026 at the latest or they shall demonstrate that greenhouse gas emissions savings are to ha deliverand hazed on a secured narsameter of sunontard the Steering Board shall select projects for two regions of Muránska Planina and Polonina in accordance with the DNSH principle on the basis of an open discussion with relevant local actors.  Of the overall objective is to reach property settlements for an area of 29509 ha, property settlements are reached for at least 27000 ha.  By 30 September 2022 a working group at the Ministry of the Environment and the SOP SR shall draw up a methodology for determining the value and price of land. Calls for land purchase in protected areas, primarily in national parks, shall be launched on the basis of the area/territories on a rolling basis starting by 30 June 2022 and ending by 30 December 2025.  Of the overall objective is to reach property settlements for an area of 14750 ha, property settlements are reached for at least 14000 ha.  By 30 June 2022, a working group at the Ministry of the Environment and the SOP SR shall draw up a methodology for determining the value and price of land. Calls for land purchase in protected areas, primarily in national parks, shall be launched on the basis of the area/territories on a rolling basis starting by 31 March 2023 and ending by 30 June 2023.  Km of rehabilitated watercourses. Of the overall objective to rehabilitate shall submit projects on a rolling g basis starting by 30 June 2023 and ending by 31 December 2025.  Km of rehabilitated watercourses, at least 52 Km are rehabilitated.  The revitalization group shall prepare priorities and identify precise sections to restore flows. Based on the technical documentation, the applicant shall submit projects on a rolling basis starting by 30 June 2022 and ending by 31 December 2025.	on industrial decarbonisation by the Ministry of Environment  Kim of rehabilitated watercourses	Number Number	. 0 14 000		14 000 122	Q2 40 Q4 58 Q4	2022
M	SK-C[C5]-I[11]  SK-C[C5]-I[11]  SK-C[C5]-I[11]	for reduction of greenhouse gas emissions in industry Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development	Investment  Investment  Investment	Target Target Target	SK-C[C5]-I[11]-T[C5.7]  SK-C[C5]-I[11]-T[C5.6]  SK-C[C5]-I[11]-T[C5.5]	List of selected projects for the regions of Muránska Planina and Polonina  Property settlement with private landowners (in Area of land settled in ha)  Property settlement with private landowners (in Area of land settled in ha)  Rehabilitation of watercourses (in Km of	delivery for all supported projects by 30 June 2026 at the latest or they shall demonstrate that greenhouse gas emissions savings are to ha delivery for all supported projects by 30 June 2026 at the latest or they shall demonstrate that greenhouse gas emissions savings are to ha deliverand heard on a secured narrameter of supported the DNSH principle on the basis of an open discussion with relevant local actors.  Of the overall objective is to reach property settlements for an area of 29509 ha, property settlements are reached for at least 27000 ha.  By 30 September 2022 a working group at the Ministry of the Environment and the SOP SR shall draw up a methodology for determining the value and price of land. Calls for land purchase in protected areas, primarily in national parks, shall be launched on the basis of the area/territories on a rolling basis starting by 30 June 2022 and ending by 30 December 2025.  Of the overall objective is to reach property settlements for an area of 14750 ha, property settlements are reached for at least 14000 ha.  By 30 June 2022, a working group at the Ministry of the Environment and the SOP SR shall draw up a methodology for determining the value and price of land. Calls for land purchase in protected areas, primarily in national parks, shall be launched on the basis of the area/territories on a rolling basis starting by 31 March 2023 and ending by 30 June 2023  Km of rehabilitate of SM or determination, the applicant shall submit projects on a rolling a basis starting by 30 June 2023 and ending by 31 December 2025  Km of rehabilitated or watercourses, of the overall objective to rehabilitated.  The revitalization group shall prepare priorities and identify precise sections to restore flows. Based on the technical documentation, the applicant shall submit projects on a rolling g basis starting by 30 June 2023 and ending by 31 December 2025  Km of rehabilitated watercourses, of the overall objective to rehabilitated.  The revitalization group shall prepare priorities and identif	on industrial decarbonisation by the Ministry of Environment  Kim of rehabilitated watercourses	Number  Number	0 14 000		14 000 122 90	Q2 40 Q4 58 Q4	2022 2025 2023
M	SK-C[C5]-I[11]  SK-C[C5]-I[11]  SK-C[C5]-I[11]	for reduction of greenhouse gas emissions in industry Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development	Investment  Investment  Investment	Target Target Target	SK-C[C5]-I[11]-T[C5.7]  SK-C[C5]-I[11]-T[C5.6]  SK-C[C5]-I[11]-T[C5.5]	List of selected projects for the regions of Muránska Planina and Polonina  Property settlement with private landowners (in Area of land settled in ha)  Property settlement with private landowners (in Area of land settled in ha)  Rehabilitation of watercourses (in Km of	delivery for all supported projects by 30 June 2026 at the latest or they shall demonstrate that greenhouse gas emissions savings are the hardland	on industrial decarbonisation by the Ministry of Environment Ministry of Environment  Km of rehabilitated watercourses	Number  Number	0 14 000		14 000 122 90	Q2 40 Q4 58 Q4	2022 2025 2023
M	SK-C[C5]-I[11]  SK-C[C5]-I[11]  SK-C[C5]-I[11]	for reduction of greenhouse gas emissions in industry Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development	Investment  Investment  Investment	Target Target Target	SK-C[C5]-I[11]-T[C5.7]  SK-C[C5]-I[11]-T[C5.6]  SK-C[C5]-I[11]-T[C5.5]	List of selected projects for the regions of Muránska Planina and Polonina  Property settlement with private landowners (in Area of land settled in ha)  Property settlement with private landowners (in Area of land settled in ha)  Rehabilitation of watercourses (in Km of	delivery for all supported projects by 30 June 2026 at the latest or they shall demonstrate that greenhouse gas emissions savings are to ha delivery for all supported projects by 30 June 2026 at the latest or they shall demonstrate that greenhouse gas emissions savings are to ha deliverand brased no accument argument for sunorized The Steering Board shall select projects for two regions of Muránska Planina and Polonina in accordance with the DNSH principle on the basis of an open discussion with relevant local actors.  Of the overall objective is to reach property settlements for an area of 29509 ha, property settlements are reached for at least 27000 ha.  By 30 September 2022 a working group at the Ministry of the Environment and the SOP SR shall draw up a methodology for determining the value and price of land. Calls for land purchase in protected areas, primarily in national parks, shall be launched on the basis of the area/territories on a rolling basis starting by 30 June 2022 and ending by 30 December 2025.  Of the overall objective is to reach property settlements for an area of 14750 ha, property settlements are reached for at least 14000 ha.  By 30 June 2022, a working group at the Ministry of the Environment and the SOP SR shall draw up a methodology for determining the value and price of land. Calls for land purchase in protected areas, primarily in national parks, shall be launched on the basis of the area/territories on a rolling basis starting by 31 March 2023 and ending by 30 June 2023.  Km of rehabilitated watercourses. Of the overall objective to rehabilitated.  The revitalization group shall prepare priorities and identify precise sections to restore flows. Based on the technical documentation, the applicant shall submit projects on a rolling basis starting by 30 June 2023 and ending by 31 December 2025.  Km of rehabilitated watercourses. Of the overall objective to rehabilitated.  The revitalization group shall prepare priorities and identify precise sections to restore flows. Based on the te	on industrial decarbonisation by the Ministry of Environment  Ministry of Environment  Km of rehabilitated watercourses	Number  Number	0 14 000		14 000 122 90	Q2 40 Q4 58 Q4	2022 2025 2023
M	SK-C[C5]-I[11]  SK-C[C5]-I[11]  SK-C[C5]-I[11]	for reduction of greenhouse gas emissions in industry Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development	Investment  Investment  Investment	Target Target Target	SK-C[C5]-I[11]-T[C5.7]  SK-C[C5]-I[11]-T[C5.6]  SK-C[C5]-I[11]-T[C5.5]	List of selected projects for the regions of Muránska Planina and Polonina  Property settlement with private landowners (in Area of land settled in ha)  Property settlement with private landowners (in Area of land settled in ha)  Rehabilitation of watercourses (in Km of	delivery for all supported projects by 30 June 2026 at the latest or they shall demonstrate that greenhouse gas emissions savings are to ha delivery for all supported projects by 30 June 2026 at the latest or they shall demonstrate that greenhouse gas emissions savings are to ha deliverand hazed no a secured narrameter of sunorated The Steering Board shall select projects for two regions of Muránska Planina and Polonina in accordance with the DNSH principle on the basis of an open discussion with relevant local actors.  Of the overall objective is to reach property settlements for an area of 29509 ha, property settlements are reached for at least 27000 ha.  By 30 September 2022 a working group at the Ministry of the Environment and the SOP SR shall draw up a methodology for determining the value and price of land. Calls for land purchase in protected areas, primarily in national parks, shall be launched on the basis of the area/territories on a rolling basis starting by 30 June 2022 and ending by 30 December 2025.  Of the overall objective is to reach property settlements for an area of 14750 ha, property settlements are reached for at least 14000 ha.  By 30 June 2022, a working group at the Ministry of the Environment and the SOP SR shall draw up a methodology for determining the value and price of land. Calls for land purchase in protected areas, primarily in national parks, shall be launched on the basis of the area/territories on a rolling basis starting by 31 March 2023 and ending by 30 June 2023  Km of rehabilitated of the area/territories on a rolling basis starting by 31 March 2023 and ending by 31 December 2025  Km of rehabilitated.  The revitalization group shall prepare priorities and identify precise sections to restore flows. Based on the technical documentation, the applicant shall submit projects on a rolling g basis starting by 30 June 2023 and ending by 31 December 2025  Km of rehabilitated.  The revitalization group shall prepare priorities and identify precise sections to restore flows. Based	on industrial decarbonisation by the Ministry of Environment  Ministry of Environment  Km of rehabilitated watercourses	Number  Number			14 000 122 90	Q2 40 Q4 58 Q4	2022 2025 2023
M	SK-C[C5]-I[11]  SK-C[C5]-I[11]  SK-C[C5]-I[11]	for reduction of greenhouse gas emissions in industry Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development	Investment  Investment  Investment	Target Target Target	SK-C[C5]-I[11]-T[C5.7]  SK-C[C5]-I[11]-T[C5.6]  SK-C[C5]-I[11]-T[C5.5]	List of selected projects for the regions of Muránska Planina and Polonina  Property settlement with private landowners (in Area of land settled in ha)  Property settlement with private landowners (in Area of land settled in ha)  Rehabilitation of watercourses (in Km of	delivery for all supported projects by 30 June 2026 at the latest or they shall demonstrate that greenhouse gas emissions savings are the half allementary that the second projects for two regions of Muranska Planina and Polonina in accordance with the DNSH principle on the basis of an open discussion with relevant local actors.  Of the overall objective is to reach property settlements for an area of 29509 ha, property settlements are reached for at least 27000 ha.  By 30 September 2022 a working group at the Ministry of the Environment and the 50P SR shall draw up a methodology for determining the value and price of land. Calls for land purchase in protected areas, primarily in national parks, shall be launched on the basis of the area/territories on a rolling basis starting by 30 June 2022 and ending by 30 December 2025.  Of the overall objective is to reach property settlements for an area of 14750 ha, property settlements are reached for at least 14000 ha.  By 30 June 2022, a working group at the Ministry of the Environment and the 50P SR shall draw up a methodology for determining the value and price of land. Calls for land purchase in protected areas, primarily in national parks, shall be launched on the basis of the area/territories on a rolling basis starting by 31 March 2023 and ending by 30 June 2023 Km of rehabilitated watercourses. Of the overall objective to rehabilitated system of the area/territories on a rolling basis starting by 31 March 2023 and ending by 31 December 2025.  Km of rehabilitated watercourses, at least 90 Km are rehabilitated of SR shall greaper priorities and identify precise sections to restore flows. Based on the technical documentation, the applicant shall submit projects on a rolling basis starting by 30 June 2023 km of rehabilitated watercourses, at least 52 Km are rehabilitated.  The revitalization group shall prepare priorities and identify precise sections to restore flows. Based on the technical documentation, the applicant shall submit projects on a rolling basis start	on industrial decarbonisation by the Ministry of Environment  Ministry of Environment  Km of rehabilitated watercourses	Number  Number			14 000 122 90	Q2 40 Q4 58 Q4	2022 2025 2023
M	SK-C[CS]-I[11]  SK-C[CS]-I[11]  SK-C[CS]-I[11]	for reduction of greenhouse gas emissions in industry Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development  Adaptation of regions to climate change with an emphasis on nature conservation and biodiversity development	Investment  Investment  Investment	Target Target Target	SK-C[CS]-I[11]-T[CS.7]  SK-C[CS]-I[11]-T[CS.6]  SK-C[CS]-I[11]-T[CS.4]  SK-C[CS]-I[11]-T[CS.3]	List of selected projects for the regions of Muránska Planina and Polonina  Property settlement with private landowners (in Area of land settled in ha)  Property settlement with private landowners (in Area of land settled in ha)  Rehabilitation of watercourses (in Km of	delivery for all supported projects by 30 June 2026 at the latest or they shall demonstrate that greenhouse gas emissions savings are to ha daliaward brased no accument assumant assumants of sunorated The Steering Board shall select projects for two regions of Muránska Planina and Polonina in accordance with the DNSH principle on the basis of an open discussion with relevant local actors.  Of the overall objective is to reach property settlements for an area of 29509 ha, property settlements are reached for at least 27000 ha.  By 30 September 2022 a working group at the Ministry of the Environment and the 50P SR shall draw up a methodology for determining the value and price of land. Calls for land purchase in protected areas, primarily in national parks, shall be launched on the basis of the area/territories on a rolling basis starting by 30 June 2022 and ending by 30 December 2025.  Of the overall objective is to reach property settlements for an area of 14750 ha, property settlements are reached for at least 14000 ha.  By 30 June 2022, a working group at the Ministry of the Environment and the SOP SR shall draw up a methodology for determining the value and price of land. Calls for land purchase in protected areas, primarily in national parks, shall be launched on the basis of the area/territories on a rolling basis starting by 31 March 2023 and ending by 30 June 2023  Km of rehabilitated of the area/territories on a rolling basis starting by 31 March 2023 and ending by 31 December 2025  Km of rehabilitated.  The revitalization group shall prepare priorities and identify precise sections to restore flows. Based on the technical documentation, the applicant shall submit projects on a rolling g basis starting by 30 June 2023 and ending by 31 December 2025  Km of rehabilitated watercourses, of the overall objective to rehabilitated.  The revitalization group shall prepare priorities and identify precise sections to restore flows. Based on the technical documentation, the applicant shall submit projects on a rol	on industrial decarbonisation by the Ministry of Environment  Ministry of Environment  Km of rehabilitated watercourses	Number  Number			14 000 122 90	Q2 40 Q4 58 Q4	2022 2025 2023

							. The Ministry of the Environment shall prepare an amendment to										
							the Nature Protection Act, which shall come into force in January										
							2022 This shall be followed by the development of a proposal for new model for the functioning of protected areas (by 31 Decembe										
							2022). The water management reform in the country shall pave the way for the revitalization of watercourses, thus increasing flood	e									
U							protection in the country. The Ministry of the Environment shall										
							draw up a new water policy concept by 31 December 2022 and amend the Water Act by 31 December 2023 setting up technical										
							standards which shall allow watercourses to be revitalised in a way	1									
		Nature protection and water					that shall maximize water retention in the country, slowing off water outflows and restoring groundwater reserves										
	SK-C[C5]-R[R2]	management	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C5]-R[R2]-M[C5.2]	revitalization of watercourses	The manual defines debarrierisation standards to meet the real	Entry into force of the amen	ded Nature and Landscap	e Protection Act and water legislation	-	-		Q4		2023	
							needs of children, pupils and students with health disadvantages										
							and to respect the principles of universal design. It shall be based on a holistic approach that ensures full participation in school life										
							(i.e. defining standards that create an inclusive space throughout the school and do not only focus on removing the biggest barriers										
							e.g. in school entry).In addition to spatial standards (e.g. technical										
U							specification for construction works), the manual also defines standards for the debarrierisation of school buildings (such as the										
							cooperation of the school with experts and the community). The										
							Ministry of Education together with Institute for Research on Inclusive Education in Brno shall prepare an analysis of the state o	f									
						Introduction of the definition of debarrierisation standard, creation of a debarrierisation manual	play of debarrierisation in schools in relation to the established standards and, based on it, shall prioritise individual schools for										
						and mapping of school needs at all levels of	debarrierisation.										
	SK-C[C6]-I[I1]	Removing barriers in school buildings	Investment	Milestone	SK-C[C6]-I[I1]-M[C6.14]	education Elimination of architectural barriers of larger	The quantitative indicator determines the number of debarred	Approval by the Ministry of E	Education of debarrierisat	ion standards, debarrierisation manual and	Ē	-		Q1		2022	
U	SK-C[C6]-I[I1]	Removing barriers in school buildings	Investment	Target	SK-C[C6]-I[I1]-T[C6.15]		larger secondary schools.			Number	0		252	Q2		2025	
							The relevant provisions of Act No 597/2003 on the financing of primary schools, secondary schools and school facilities, Act No										
							596/2003 on State Administration in Education and School Self- Government and the re-evaluation of the formula in Government										
							Regulation No 668/2004 shall be amended, including an										
							amendment to Government Regulation No 630/2008 Coll. A differentiated and transparent system of funding for pre-primary										
							education shall be set up to ensure stability, resilience and the ring fencing of funds allocated to education. The effectiveness of the	3-									
							legislative changes introduced as at 1.1.2023.Act No 245/2008										
							shall introduce a universal legal entitlement to a place in kindergarten or other pre-primary education providers for children	n									
							from four years of age and subsequently from the age of three.										
М							The legislation shall be adopted by 31 December 2022, with effect from 1.1.2024, and 1.1.2025 and shall provide the sufficient place:										
							in kindergarten or other pre-primary education providers for all children from the age of 4 (from 09/2024) and subsequently from										
							the age of three (from 09/2025).	Adoption by the Parliament of Act No									
							The amendment to Act No 138/2019 on pedagogical and professional employees and the amendment to Decree No 1/2020	597/2003, Act No									
							Coll. on qualification requirements for teaching staff and specialist staff shall introduce the condition that pedagogical staff in	596/2003, Act No 245/2008, Act No									
		Providing conditions for the					kindergartens or other pre-primary education providers as a	138/2019, amendment of									
								Government Regulation									
		implementation of compulsory pre- primary education for children from				Introduction of legal changes of a compulsory pre-	teacher have a higher education degree in the teaching programme for early and pre-primary education.	No 668/2004 Coll.,									
			n			primary education for children aged of five and introduction a legal entitlement to a place in	teacher have a higher education degree in the teaching programme for early and pre-primary education.  The amendment shall be adopted by 31 December 2022 at the latest with a date of application from 1, 2020. The teachers with	No 668/2004 Coll., Government Regulation No 630/2008 Coll.,									
	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]	primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education	n Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-M[C6.1]	primary education for children aged of five and introduction a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarten or other pre-primary education	teacher have a higher education degree in the teaching programme for early and pre-primary education.  The amendment shall be adopted by 31 December 2022 at the latest, with a date of application from 11.2029. The teachers with pedaeocial experience at Kindervarten for 10 vears or more shall	No 668/2004 Coll., Government Regulation No 630/2008 Coll., amendment of Decree No	Adoption of relevant Acts			_		04	02	2022	2023
	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]	primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3		Milestone	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-M[C6.1]	primary education for children aged of five and introduction a legal entitlement to a place in	teacher have a higher education degree in the teaching programme for early and pre-primary education. The amendment shall be adopted by 31 December 2022 at the latest, with a date of application from 1.1.2029. The teachers with pedagogical experience at kindergarten for 10 years or more shall be recogniced as fulfilling a defined qualification requirement. For For children who are 5 years old, pre-primary education shall be	No 668/2004 Coll., Government Regulation No 630/2008 Coll., amendment of Decree No	Adoption of relevant Acts by the Parliament.			-		Q4	Q2	2022	2023
	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]	primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3 Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-		Milestone	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-M[C6.1]	primary education for children aged of five and introduction a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarten or other pre-primary education	teacher have a higher education degree in the teaching programme for early and pre-primary education. The amendment shall be adopted by 31 December 2022 at the latest, with a date of application from 1.1.2029. The teachers with pedagogical experience at kindergarten for 10 years or more shall be remonised as fulfilling a defined multification requirement. For For children who are 5 years old, pre-primary education shall be compulsory. Under the amendment to the School Act, they shall receive pre-primary education:[i] in kindergarten/special	No 668/2004 Coll., Government Regulation No 630/2008 Coll., amendment of Decree No	Adoption of relevant Acts by the Parliament.			-		Q4	Q2	2022	2023
U	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]	primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3 Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre- primary education for children from		Milestone	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-M[C6.1]	primary education for children aged of five and introduction a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarten or other pre-primary education	teacher have a higher education degree in the teaching programme for early and pre-primary education. The amendment shall be adopted by 31 December 2022 at the latest, with a date of application from 1.1.2029. The teachers with pedagogical experience at kindergarten for 10 years or more shall be renonsited as fulfilling a defined musification requirement. For For children who are 5 years old, pre-primary education shall be compulsory. Under the amendment to the School Act, they shall receive pre-primary education. John kindergarten/special kindergarten included in the Slovak network of schools and	No 668/2004 Coll., Government Regulation No 630/2008 Coll., amendment of Decree No	Adoption of relevant Acts by the Parliament.			·		Q4	Q2	2022	2023
U	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]	primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-M[C6.1]	primary education for children aged of five and introduction a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarten or other pre-primary education providers from the age of three.	teacher have a higher education degree in the teaching programme for early and pre-primary education. The amendment shall be adopted by 31 December 2022 at the latest, with a date of application from 11.2029. The teachers with pedagogical experience at kindergarten for 10 years or more shall be reconsisted as fulfilline a defined qualification requirement. For For children who are 5 years old, pre-primary education shall be compulsory. Under the amendment to the School Act, they shall receive pre-primary education:[i] in kindergarten/special kindergarten included in the Slovak network of schools and schools, (ii) in individual education, e.g. at the request of a legal representative at home, or (iii) at the establishment of a registered	No 668/2004 Coll., Government Regulation No 630/2008 Coll., amendment of Decree No A 1/2020.	Adoption of relevant Acts by the Parliament.					Q4	Q2	2022	2023
U		primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3 Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre- primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-M[C6.1]  SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-T[C6.2]	primary education for children aged of five and introduction a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarten or other pre-primary education providers from the age of three.  Enrollment rate in pre-primary schools for children	teacher have a higher education degree in the teaching programme for early and pre-primary education. The amendment shall be adopted by 31 December 2022 at the latest, with a date of application from 1.1.2029. The teachers with pedagogical experience at kindergarten for 10 years or more shall he reconsided as fulfilline a defined musification renuirement. For For children who are 5 years old, pre-primary education shall be compulsory. Under the amendment to the School Act, they shall receive pre-primary education:(j) in kindergarten/special kindergarten included in the Slovak network of schools and schools, (ii) in individual education, e.g., at the request of a legal representative at home, or (iii) at the establishment of a registered pre-primary education provider.	No 668/2004 Coll., Government Regulation No 630/2008 Coll., amendment of Decree No A 1/2020.	Adoption of relevant Acts by the Parliament.	%	-		95	Q4 Q3	Q2	2022	2023
U		primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3 Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3	Reform			primary education for children aged of five and introduction a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarten or other pre-primary education providers from the age of three.  Enrollment rate in pre-primary schools for children	teacher have a higher education degree in the teaching programme for early and pre-primary education. The amendment shall be adopted by 31 December 2022 at the latest, with a date of application from 11.2029. The teachers with pedagogical experience at kindergarten for 10 years or more shall be reconsisted as fulfilline a defined qualification requirement. For For children who are 5 years old, pre-primary education shall be compulsory. Under the amendment to the School Act, they shall receive pre-primary education:[i] in kindergarten/special kindergarten included in the Slovak network of schools and schools, (ii) in individual education, e.g. at the request of a legal representative at home, or (iii) at the establishment of a registered	No 668/2004 Coll., Government Regulation No 630/2008 Coll., amendment of Decree No A 1/2020.	Adoption of relevant Acts by the Parliament.	%	-		95		Q2		2023
U		primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-	Reform			primary education for children aged of five and introduction a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarten or other pre-primary education providers from the age of three.  Enrollment rate in pre-primary schools for children	teacher have a higher education degree in the teaching programme for early and pre-primary education. The amendment shall be adopted by 31 December 2022 at the latest, with a date of application from 1.1.2029. The teachers with pedagogical experience at kindergarten for 10 years or more shall be reconsised as fulfilline a defined musilification renuirement. For For children who are 5 years old, pre-primary education shall be compulsory. Under the amendment to the School Act, they shall receive pre-primary education:(j) in kindergarten/special kindergarten included in the Slovak network of schools and schools, (ii) in individual education, e.g., at the request of a legal representative at home, or (iii) at the establishment of a registered pre-primary education provider.  The completion of the capacity of kindergartens shall create the conditions for claiming a legal entitlement to pre-primary education for children from four and then from the age of three.	No 668/2004 Coll., Government Regulation No 630/2008 Coll., amendment of Decree No A 1/2020.	Adoption of relevant Acts by the Parliament.	%	- 88		95		Q2		2023
U		primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal	Reform n Reform			primary education for children aged of five and introduction a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarten or other pre-primary education providers from the age of three.  Enrollment rate in pre-primary schools for children	teacher have a higher education degree in the teaching programme for early and pre-primary education. The amendment shall be adopted by 31 December 2022 at the latest, with a date of application from 1.1.2029. The teachers with pedagogical experience at kindergarten for 10 years or more shall be rencenticed as fulfilling a defined muslification requirement. For for children who are 5 years old, pre-primary education shall be compulsory. Under the amendment to the School Act, they shall receive pre-primary education:(i) in kindergarten/special kindergarten included in the Slovak network of schools and schools, (ii) in individual education, e.g. at the request of a legal representative at home, or (iii) at the establishment of a registered pre-primary education provider.  The completion of the capacity of kindergartens shall create the conditions for claiming a legal entitlement to pre-primary education for children from four and then from the age of three. The target (12 352) is the estimated number of newly built facilities. Buildings subjected to renovation shall contribute to the	No 668/2004 Coll., Government Regulation No 630/2008 Coll., amendment of Decree No A 1/2020.	Adoption of relevant Acts y the Parliament.	96	- 88	-	95		02		2023
	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]	primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education	Reform n Reform		SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-T[C6.2]	primary education for children aged of five and introduction a legal entitlement to a place in interprise in the pre-primary education providers from the age of three.  Enrollment rate in pre-primary schools for children aged five years	teacher have a higher education degree in the teaching programme for early and pre-primary education. The amendment shall be adopted by 31 December 2022 at the latest, with a date of application from 1.1.2029. The teachers with pedagogical experience at kindergarten for 10 years or more shall be renonised as fulfilling a defined multifration remultiement. For for children who are 5 years old, pre-primary education shall be compulsory. Under the amendment to the School Act, they shall receive pre-primary education.(I) in kindergarten/special kindergarten included in the Slovak network of schools and schools, (ii) in individual education, e.g., at the request of a legal representative at home, or (iii) at the establishment of a registered pre-primary education provider.  The completion of the capacity of kindergartens shall create the conditions for claiming a legal entitlement to pre-primary education for children from four and then from the age of three. The target (12 352) is the estimated number of newly built	No 668/2004 Coll., Government Regulation No 630/2008 Coll., amendment of Decree No A 1/2020.	Adoption of relevant Acts by the Parliament.	%	- 88	-	95		Q2	2022	2023
	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]	primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3 Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3 Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education in kindergarter or other pre-primary education	Reform n Reform		SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-T[C6.2]	primary education for children aged of five and introduction a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarten or other pre-primary education providers from the age of three.  Enrollment rate in pre-primary schools for children	teacher have a higher education degree in the teaching programme for early and pre-primary education. The amendment shall be adopted by 31 December 2022 at the latest, with a date of application from 1.1.2029. The teachers with pedagogical experience at kindergarten for 10 years or more shall be re-noniced as fulfilling a rafefued musilification remissions. For For children who are 5 years old, pre-primary education shall be compulsory. Under the amendment to the School Act, they shall receive pre-primary education:(i) in kindergarten/special kindergarten included in the Slowak network of schools and schools, (ii) in individual education, e.g. at the request of a legal representative at home, or (iii) at the establishment of a registered pre-primary education provider.  The completion of the capacity of kindergartens shall create the conditions for claiming a legal entitlement to pre-primary education for children from four and then from the age of three. The target (12 352) is the estimated number of newly built facilities. Buildings subjected to renovation shall contribute to the green transitions by achieving at least 30% of primary energy savings.	No 668/2004 Coll., Government Regulation No 630/2008 Coll., amendment of Decree No. A 1/2020.	Adoption of relevant Acts by the Parliament.	% Number	- 88		95 12352 9:	Q3	Q2		2023
	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]	primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education	Reform n Reform	Target	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-T[C6.2]	primary education for children aged of five and introduction a legal entitlement to a place in interprise in the pre-primary education providers from the age of three.  Enrollment rate in pre-primary schools for children aged five years	teacher have a higher education degree in the teaching programme for early and pre-primary education. The amendment shall be adopted by 31 December 2022 at the latest, with a date of application from 1.1.2029. The teachers with pedagogical experience at kindergarten for 10 years or more shall be renonised as fulfilling a refined nualification remissement. For for children who are 5 years old, pre-primary education shall be compulsory. Under the amendment to the School Act, they shall receive pre-primary education.(i) in kindergarten/special kindergarten included in the Slovak network of schools and schools, (ii) in individual education, e.g. at the request of a legal representative at home, or (iiii) at the establishment of a registered pre-primary education provider.  The completion of the capacity of kindergartens shall create the conditions for claiming a legal entitlement to pre-primary education for thidren from four and then from the age of three. The target (12 352) is the estimated number of newly built facilities. Buildings subjected to renovation shall contribute to the green transitions by achieving at least 30% of primary energy savings.  The amendment to Act No 245/2008 on education (together with a separate new Decree) and the amendment to Act No 597/2003	No 668/2004 Coll., Government Regulation No 630/2008 Coll., amendment of Decree No. A 1/2020.	Adoption of relevant Acts by the Parliament.	% Number	- 88		95 12352 9:	Q3	Q2	2022	
	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]	primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education	Reform n Reform	Target	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-T[C6.2]	primary education for children aged of five and introduction a legal entitlement to a place in interprise in the pre-primary education providers from the age of three.  Enrollment rate in pre-primary schools for children aged five years	teacher have a higher education degree in the teaching programme for early and pre-primary education. The amendment shall be adopted by 31 December 2022 at the latest, with a date of application from 1.1.2029. The teachers with pedagogical experience at kindergarten for 10 years or more shall be reconsised as fulfilline a defined musification renuirement. For For children who are 5 years old, pre-primary education shall be compulsory. Under the amendment to the School Act, they shall receive pre-primary education:(j) in kindergarten/special kindergarten included in the Slovak network of schools and schools, (ii) in individual education, e.g., at the request of a legal representative at home, or (iii) at the establishment of a registered pre-primary education provider.  The completion of the capacity of kindergartens shall create the conditions for claiming a legal entitlement to pre-primary education for children from four and then from the age of three. The target [12 352] is the estimated number of newly built facilities. Buildings subjected to renovation shall contribute to the green transitions by achieving at least 30% of primary energy savings.  The amendment to Act No 245/2008 on education (together with a separate new Decree) and the amendment to Act No 597/2003 on the financing of primary schools, secondary schools and educational establishments define children and pupils experiencin	No 668/2004 Coll., Government Regulation No 630/2008 Coll., amendment of Decree No. A 1/2020.	Adoption of relevant Acts by the Parliament.	% Number	- 88		95 12352 9:	Q3	Q2	2022	
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	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]	primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education	Reform n Reform	Target	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-T[C6.2]	primary education for children aged of five and introduction a legal entitlement to a place in interprise in the pre-primary education providers from the age of three.  Enrollment rate in pre-primary schools for children aged five years	teacher have a higher education degree in the teaching programme for early and pre-primary education. The amendment shall be adopted by 31 December 2022 at the latest, with a date of application from 1.1.2029. The teachers with pedagogical experience at kindergarten for 10 years or more shall be renonised as fulfilling a riefined nualification remissement. For children who are 5 years old, pre-primary education shall be compulsory. Under the amendment to the School Act, they shall receive pre-primary education. (i) in kindergarten/special kindergarten included in the Slovak network of schools and schools, (ii) in individual education, e.g. at the request of a legal representative at home, or (iiii) at the establishment of a registered pre-primary education provider.  The completion of the capacity of kindergartens shall create the conditions for claiming a legal entitlement to pre-primary education for children from four and then from the age of three. The target (12.352) is the estimated number of newly built facilities. Buildings subjected to renovation shall contribute to the green transitions by achieving at least 30% of primary energy savings.  The amendment to Act No 245/2008 on education (together with a separate new Decree) and the amendment to Act No 597/2003 on the financing of primary schools, secondary schools and educational establishments define children and pupils experiencin obstacles to access to education and their entitlement to education support through specific support measures.	No 668/2004 Coll., Government Regulation No 630/2008 Coll., amendment of Decree No. A 1/2020.	Adoption of relevant Acts by the Parliament.	% Number	- 88		95 12352 9:	Q3	Q2 Q2	2022	
	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]	primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education	Reform n Reform	Target	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-T[C6.2]	primary education for children aged of five and introduction a legal entitlement to a place in interprise in the pre-primary education providers from the age of three.  Enrollment rate in pre-primary schools for children aged five years	teacher have a higher education degree in the teaching programme for early and pre-primary education. The amendment shall be adopted by 31 December 2022 at the latest, with a date of application from 1.1.2029. The teachers with pedagogical experience at kindergarten for 10 years or more shall be reconsided as fulfilline a diefinend multification remultiment. For For children who are 5 years old, pre-primary education shall be compulsory. Under the amendment to the School Act, they shall receive pre-primary education:[i] in kindergarten/special kindergarten included in the Slovak network of schools and schools, [ii] in individual education, e.g. at the request of a legal representative at home, or (iii) at the establishment of a registered pre-primary education provider.  The completion of the capacity of kindergartens shall create the conditions for claiming a legal entitlement to pre-primary education for children from four and then from the age of three. The target (12 352) is the estimated number of newly built facilities. Buildings subjected to renovation shall contribute to the green transitions by achieving at least 30% of primary energy savings.  The amendment to Act No 245/2008 on education (together with a separate new Decree) and the amendment to Act No 597/2003 on the financing of primary schools, secondary schools and educational establishments define children and pupils experiencin obstacles to access to education and their entitlement to education support through specific support measures.  Slovak Government Regulation No 630/2008 shall be adapted, which takes into account different specificities when calculating	No 668/2004 Coll., Government Regulation No 630/2008 Coll., amendment of Decree No. A 1/2020.	Adoption of relevant Acts by the Parliament.	% Number	- 88		95 12352 9:	Q3	Q2	2022	
М	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]	primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education	Reform n Reform	Target	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-T[C6.2]	primary education for children aged of five and introduction a legal entitlement to a place in interprise in the pre-primary education providers from the age of three.  Enrollment rate in pre-primary schools for children aged five years	teacher have a higher education degree in the teaching programme for early and pre-primary education. The amendment shall be adopted by 31 December 2022 at the latest, with a date of application from 1.1.2029. The teachers with pedagogical experience at kindergarten for 10 years or more shall be renoentied as fulfilling a refined muslification requirement. For For children who are 5 years old, pre-primary education shall be compulsory. Under the amendment to the School Act, they shall receive pre-primary education. (i) in kindergarten/special kindergarten included in the Slovak network of schools and schools, (ii) in individual education, e.g. at the request of a legal representative at home, or (iiii) at the establishment of a registered pre-primary education provider.  The completion of the capacity of kindergartens shall create the conditions for claiming a legal entitlement to pre-primary education for hildren from four and then from the age of three. The target (12.352) is the estimated number of newly built facilities. Buildings subjected to renovation shall contribute to the green transitions by achieving at least 30% of primary energy savings.  The amendment to Act No 245/2008 on education (together with a separate new Decree) and the amendment to Act No 597/2003 on the financing of primary schools, secondary schools and educational establishments define children and pupils experiencin obstacles to access to education and their entitlement to education support through specific support measures.  Slovak Government Regulation No 630/2008 shall be adapted, which takes into account different specificities when calculating the normative contribution by means of coefficients.	No 668/2004 Coll., Government Regulation No 630/2008 Coll., amendment of Decree No. A 1/2020.	Adoption of relevant Acts by the Parliament.	% Number	- 88		95 12352 9.	Q3	Q2 Q2	2022	
	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]	primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education	Reform n Reform	Target	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-T[C6.2]	primary education for children aged of five and introduction a legal entitlement to a place in interprise in the pre-primary education providers from the age of three.  Enrollment rate in pre-primary schools for children aged five years	teacher have a higher education degree in the teaching programme for early and pre-primary education. The amendment shall be adopted by 31 December 2022 at the latest, with a date of application from 1.1.2029. The teachers with pedagogical experience at kindergarten for 10 years or more shall be renonised as fulfilling a rafefined musificration requirement. For children who are 5 years old, pre-primary education shall be compulsory. Under the amendment to the School Act, they shall receive pre-primary education:(i) in kindergarten/special kindergarten included in the Slovak network of schools and schools, (ii) in individual education, e.g., at the request of a legal representative at home, or (iii) at the establishment of a registered pre-primary education provider.  The completion of the capacity of kindergartens shall create the conditions for claiming a legal entitlement to pre-primary education for children from four and then from the age of three. The target (12 \$32) is the estimated number of newly built facilities. Buildings subjected to renovation shall contribute to the green transitions by achieving at least 30% of primary energy savings.  The amendment to Act No 245/2008 on education (together with a separate new Decree) and the amendment to Act No 597/2003 on the financing of primary schools, secondary schools and educational establishments define children and pupils experiencin obstacles to access to education and their entitlement to education support through specific support measures.  Slovak Government Regulation No 630/2008 shall be adapted, which takes into account different specificities when calculating the normative contribution by means of coefficients.	No 668/2004 Coll., Government Regulation No 630/2008 Coll., amendment of Decree No A 1/2020.	Adoption of relevant Acts by the Parliament.	% Number	. 88		95 12352 9	Q3	Q2	2022	
М	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]	primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education	Reform n Reform	Target	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-T[C6.2]	primary education for children aged of five and introduction a legal entitlement to a place in interpretation or other pre-primary education providers from the age of three.  Enrollment rate in pre-primary schools for children aged five years	teacher have a higher education degree in the teaching programme for early and pre-primary education. The amendment shall be adopted by 31 December 2022 at the latest, with a date of application from 1.1.2029. The teachers with pedagogical experience at kindergarten for 10 years or more shall be an experience at kindergarten for 10 years or more shall be renemiced as fulfilling a rafefrand musilification requirement. For For children who are 5 years old, pre-primary education shall be compulsory. Under the amendment to the School Act, they shall receive pre-primary education:(1) in kindergarten/special kindergarten included in the Slowak network of schools and schools, (ii) in individual education, e.g. at the request of a legal representative at home, or (iii) at the establishment of a registered pre-primary education provider.  The completion of the capacity of kindergartens shall create the conditions for claiming a legal entitlement to pre-primary education for children from four and then from the age of three. The target (12 352) is the estimated number of newly built facilities. Buildings subjected to renovation shall contribute to the green transitions by achieving at least 30% of primary energy savings.  The amendment to Act No 245/2008 on education (together with a separate new Decree) and the amendment to Act No 597/2003 on the financing of primary schools, secondary schools and educational establishments define children and pupils experiencin obstacles to access to education and their entitlement to education support through specific support measures.  Slovak Government Regulation No 630/2008 shall be adapted, which takes into account different specificities when calculating the normative contribution by measures of coefficients. The reform requires the preparation of accompanying methodological material. At the same time, methodological sheet for teachers and worksheets for pupils, aimed at developing the language competences of children and pupils with different	No 688/2004 Coll., Government Regulation No 630/2008 Coll., amendment of Decree No A 1/2020.	Adoption of relevant Acts by the Parliament.	% Number	. 88		95 12352 9	Q3	Q2	2022	
М	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]	primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3	Reform n Reform	Target	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-T[C6.2]	primary education for children aged of five and introduction a legal entitlement to a place in interpretation or other pre-primary education providers from the age of three.  Enrollment rate in pre-primary schools for children aged five years	teacher have a higher education degree in the teaching programme for early and pre-primary education.  The amendment shall be adopted by 31 December 2022 at the latest, with a date of application from 1.1.2029. The teachers with pedagogical experience at kindergarten for 10 years or more shall be renonlised as fulfilling a ridefund multification remultiement. For children who are 5 years old, pre-primary education shall be compulsory. Under the amendment to the School Act, they shall receive pre-primary education.(i) in kindergarten/special kindergarten included in the Slovak network of schools and schools, (ii) in individual education, e.g. at the request of a legal representative at home, or (iii) at the establishment of a registered pre-primary education provider.  The completion of the capacity of kindergartens shall create the conditions for claiming a legal entitlement to pre-primary education for children from four and then from the age of three. The target (12 552) is the estimated number of newly built facilities. Buildings subjected to renovation shall contribute to the green transitions by achieving at least 30% of primary energy savings.  The amendment to Act No 245/2008 on education (together with a separate new Decree) and the amendment to Act No 597/2003 on the financing of primary schools, secondary schools and educational establishments define children and pupils experiencin obstacles to access to education and their entitlement to education support through specific support measures.  Slovak Government Regulation No 630/2008 shall be adapted, which takes into account different specificities when calculating the normative contribution by means of coefficients.  The reform requires the preparation of accompanying methodological material. At the same time, methodological sheet for teachers and worksheets for pupils, aimed at developing the language competences of children and pupils swith different mother tongues than the school's language of instruction, shall be	No 688/2004 Coll., Government Regulation No 630/2008 Coll., amendment of Decree No A 1/2020.	Adoption of relevant Acts by the Parliament.	% Number	. 88		95 12352 9	Q3	Q2	2022	
М	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]	primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3	Reform n Reform	Target	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-T[C6.2]	primary education for children aged of five and introduction a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarten or other pre-primary education providers from the age of three.  Enrollment rate in pre-primary schools for children aged five years  Number of newly built capacities	teacher have a higher education degree in the teaching programme for early and pre-primary education. The amendment shall be adopted by 31 December 2022 at the latest, with a date of application from 1.1.2029. The teachers with pedagogical experience at kindergarten for 10 years or more shall be renonised as fulfilling a rafefined musificration requirement. For children who are 5 years old, pre-primary education shall be compulsory. Under the amendment to the School Act, they shall receive pre-primary education. (I) in kindergarten/special kindergarten included in the Slovak network of schools and schools, (ii) in individual education, e.g., at the request of a legal representative at home, or (iii) at the establishment of a registered pre-primary education provider.  The completion of the capacity of kindergartens shall create the conditions for claiming a legal entitlement to pre-primary education for children from four and then from the age of three. The target (12 \$32) is the estimated number of newly built facilities. Buildings subjected to renovation shall contribute to the green transitions by achieving at least 30% of primary energy savings.  The amendment to Act No 245/2008 on education (together with a separate new Decree) and the amendment to Act No 597/2003 on the financing of primary schools, secondary schools and educational establishments define children and pupils experiencin obstacles to access to education and their entitlement to education support through specific support measures.  Slovak Government Regulation No 630/2008 shall be adapted, which takes into account different specificities when calculating the normative contribution by means of coefficients. The reform requires the preparation of accompanying methodological material. At the same time, methodological sheet for teachers and worksheets for pupils, aimed at developing the language competences of children and pupils with different mother tongues than the school's language of instruction, shall be developed for different levels of l	No 688/2004 Coll., Government Regulation No 630/2008 Coll., amendment of Decree No A 1/2020.	Adoption of relevant Acts by the Parliament.	% Number	. 88		95 12352 9	Q3	Q2	2022	
М	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]	primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3	Reform n Reform	Target	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-T[C6.2]	primary education for children aged of five and introduction a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarten or other pre-primary education providers from the age of three.  Enrollment rate in pre-primary schools for children aged five years  Number of newly built capacities  Adoption of the law on redefinition of the concept of special educational needs and the preparation	teacher have a higher education degree in the teaching programme for early and pre-primary education.  The amendment shall be adopted by 31 December 2022 at the latest, with a date of application from 1.1.2029. The teachers with pedagogical experience at kindergarten for 10 years or more shall be rencenticed as fulfilling a defined muslification requirement. For for children who are 5 years old, pre-primary education shall be compulsory. Under the amendment to the School Act, they shall receive pre-primary education:(i) in kindergarten/special kindergarten included in the Slovak network of schools and schools, (ii) in individual education, e.g. at the request of a legal representative at home, or (iii) at the establishment of a registered pre-primary education provider.  The completion of the capacity of kindergartens shall create the conditions for claiming a legal entitlement to pre-primary education for children from four and then from the age of three. The target (12 352) is the estimated number of newly built facilities. Buildings subjected to renovation shall contribute to the green transitions by achieving at least 30% of primary energy savings.  The amendment to Act No 245/2008 on education (together with a separate new Decree) and the amendment to Act No 597/2003 on the financing of primary schools, secondary schools and educational establishments define children and pupils experiencin obstacles to access to education and their entitlement to education support through specific support measures.  Slovak Government Regulation No 630/2008 shall be adapted, which takes into account different specificities when calculating the normative contribution by means of coefficients.  The reform requires the preparation of accompanying methodological material. At the same time, methodological sheet for teachers and worksheets for pupils, aimed at developed for different specific for pupils aimed at developed for different sheets of language competences and different age groups.  Methodological and didactic materials	No 668/2004 Coll., Government Regulation No 630/2008 Coll., amendment of Decree No A 1/2020. b  Adoption of the Parliament of the amendment to Act No	Adoption of relevant Acts by the Parliament.	% Number	- 88		95 12352 9	Q3	Q2	2022	
М	SK-C[C6]-R[R1] SK-C[C6]-R[R1]	primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Definition of the concept of special educational needs of children and pupils and the development of a model for eligible support measures in education, and education including in education including	Reform Reform Reform	Target	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-T[C6.2]  SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-T[C6.3]	primary education for children aged of five and introduction a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarten or other pre-primary education providers from the age of three.  Enrollment rate in pre-primary schools for children aged five years  Number of newly built capacities  Adoption of the law on redefinition of the concept of special educational needs and the preparation of accompanying methodological material for	teacher have a higher education degree in the teaching programme for early and pre-primary education. The amendment shall be adopted by 31 December 2022 at the latest, with a date of application from 1.1.2029. The teachers with pedagogical experience at kindergarten for 10 years or more shall be rean-ensised as fulfilling a referended in a proper deviation requirement. For For children who are 5 years old, pre-primary education shall be compulsory. Under the amendment to the School Act, they shall receive pre-primary education. (I) in kindergarten/special kindergarten included in the Slovak network of schools and schools, (ii) in individual education, e.g. at the request of a legal representative at home, or (iiii) at the establishment of a registered pre-primary education provider.  The completion of the capacity of kindergartens shall create the conditions for claiming a legal entitlement to pre-primary education for children from four and then from the age of three. The target (12 352) is the estimated number of newly built facilities. Buildings subjected to renovation shall contribute to the green transitions by achieving at least 30% of primary energy savings.  The amendment to Act No 245/2008 on education (together with a separate new Decree) and the amendment to Act No 597/2003 on the financing of primary schools, secondary schools and educational establishments define children and pupils experiencin obstacles to access to education and their entitlement to education support through specific support measures.  Slovak Government Regulation No 630/2008 shall be adapted, which takes into account different specificities when calculating the normative contribution by means of coefficients.  The reform requires the preparation of accompanying methodological material. At the same time, methodological sheet for teachers and worksheets for pupils, aimed at developing the language competences of children and pupils with different mother tongue than the softial results of language competences and different age grou	No 668/2004 Coll., On 630/2008 Coll., amendment of Decree No A 1/2020. t  Adoption of the Parliament of the amendment to Act No 245/2008 Coll., Act No	Adoption of relevant Acts by the Parliament.	% Number	. 88		95 12352 9	Q3	Q2	2022	
М	SK-C[C6]-R[R1] SK-C[C6]-R[R1]	primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Definition of the concept of special educational needs of children and pupils and the development of a model for eligible support measures in education, and education including their funding system  Definition of the concept of special	Reform Reform Reform	Target	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-T[C6.2]  SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-T[C6.3]	primary education for children aged of five and introduction a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarten or other pre-primary education providers from the age of three.  Enrollment rate in pre-primary schools for children aged five years  Number of newly built capacities  Adoption of the law on redefinition of the concept of special educational needs and the preparation	teacher have a higher education degree in the teaching programme for early and pre-primary education. The amendment shall be adopted by 31 December 2022 at the latest, with a date of application from 1.1.2029. The teachers with pedagogical experience at kindergarten for 10 years or more shall be rencenticed as fulfilling a self-ined muslification requirement. For for children who are 5 years old, pre-primary education shall be compulsory. Under the amendment to the School Act, they shall receive pre-primary education:(i) in kindergarten/special kindergarten included in the Slovak network of schools and schools, (ii) in individual education, e.g. at the request of a legal representative at home, or (iii) at the establishment of a registered pre-primary education provider.  The completion of the capacity of kindergartens shall create the conditions for claiming a legal entitlement to pre-primary education for children from four and then from the age of three. The target (12 352) is the estimated number of newly built facilities. Buildings subjected to renovation shall contribute to the green transitions by achieving at least 30% of primary energy savings.  The amendment to Act No 245/2008 on education (together with a separate new Decree) and the amendment to Act No 597/2003 on the financing of primary schools, secondary schools and educational establishments define children and pupils experiencin obstacles to access to education and their entitlement to education support through specific support measures.  Slovak Government Regulation No 630/2008 shall be adapted, which takes into account different specificities when calculating the normative contribution by means of coefficients.  The reform requires the preparation of accompanying methodological material. At the same time, methodological sheet for teachers and worksheets for pupils, aimed at developing the language competences of children and pupils with different mother tongues than the school's language of instruction, shall be developed for different levels	No 668/2004 Coll., Government Regulation No 630/2008 Coll., amendment of Decree No A 1/2020. b  Adoption of the Parliament of the amendment to Act No 245/2008 Coll., Act No 597/2003 Coll.;	Adoption of relevant Acts by the Parliament.	% Number	- 88		95 12352 9	Q3	Q2	2022	
М	SK-C[C6]-R[R1] SK-C[C6]-R[R1]	primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Definition of the concept of special educational needs of children and pupils and the development of a model for eligible support measures in education, and education including their funding system	Reform Reform Reform	Target	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-T[C6.2]  SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-T[C6.3]	primary education for children aged of five and introduction a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarten or other pre-primary education providers from the age of three.  Enrollment rate in pre-primary schools for children aged five years  Number of newly built capacities  Adoption of the law on redefinition of the concept of special educational needs and the preparation of accompanying methodological material for	teacher have a higher education degree in the teaching programme for early and pre-primary education. The amendment shall be adopted by 31 December 2022 at the latest, with a date of application from 1.1.2029. The teachers with pedagogical experience at kindergarten for 10 years or more shall be renoencied as fulfilling a refined muslification requirement. For for children who are 5 years old, pre-primary education shall be compulsory. Under the amendment to the School Act, they shall receive pre-primary education. (i) in kindergarten/special kindergarten included in the Slovak network of schools and schools, (ii) in individual education, e.g. at the request of a legal representative at home, or (iiii) at the establishment of a registered pre-primary education provider.  The completion of the capacity of kindergartens shall create the conditions for claiming a legal entitlement to pre-primary education for children from four and then from the age of three. The target (12.352) is the estimated number of newly built facilities. Buildings subjected to renovation shall contribute to the green transitions by achieving at least 30% of primary energy savings.  The amendment to Act No 245/2008 on education (together with a separate new Decree) and the amendment to Act No 597/2003 on the financing of primary schools, secondary schools and educational establishments define children and pupils experiencin obstacles to access to education and their entitlement to education support through specific support measures.  Slovak Government Regulation No 630/2008 shall be adapted, which takes into account different specificities when calculating the normative contribution by means of coefficients.  The reform requires the preparation of accompanying methodological material. At the same time, methodological sheet for teachers and worksheets for pupils, aimed at developing the language competences of children and pupils with sitterent and effect and pupils with instruction, shall be developed for different levels of language compet	No 668/2004 Coll., Government Regulation No 630/2008 Coll., amendment of Decree No A 1/2020. b  Adoption of the Parliament of the amendment to Act No 245/2008 Coll., Act No 597/2003 Coll.;	Adoption of relevant Acts by the Parliament.	% Number	- 88		95 12352 9	Q3	Q2	2022	
М	SK-C[C6]-R[R1] SK-C[C6]-R[R1]	primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Definition of the concept of special educational needs of children and pupils and the development of a model for eligible support measures in education, and education including their funding system  Definition of the concept of special educational needs of children and pupils and the development of a model for eligible support measures in education and the development of a model for eligible support measures	Reform Reform Reform	Target	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-T[C6.2]  SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-T[C6.3]	primary education for children aged of five and introduction a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarten or other pre-primary education providers from the age of three.  Enrollment rate in pre-primary schools for children aged five years  Number of newly built capacities  Adoption of the law on redefinition of the concept of special educational needs and the preparation of accompanying methodological material for teaching staff, specialist staff and school leaders.	teacher have a higher education degree in the teaching programme for early and pre-primary education.  The amendment shall be adopted by 31 December 2022 at the latest, with a date of application from 1.1.2029. The teachers with pedagogical experience at kindergarten for 10 years or more shall be renensited as fulfilling a rafefined musilfiration requirement. For for children who are 5 years old, pre-primary education shall be compulsory. Under the amendment to the School Act, they shall receive pre-primary education:(i) in kindergarten/special kindergarten included in the Slovak network of schools and schools, (ii) in individual education, e.g. at the request of a legal representative at home, or (iii) at the establishment of a registered pre-primary education provider.  The completion of the capacity of kindergartens shall create the conditions for claiming a legal entitlement to pre-primary education for children from four and then from the age of three. The target (12 352) is the estimated number of newly built facilities. Buildings subjected to renovation shall contribute to the green transitions by achieving at least 30% of primary energy savings.  The amendment to Act No 245/2008 on education (together with a separate new Decree) and the amendment to Act No 597/2003 on the financing of primary schools, secondary schools and educational establishments define children and pulpils experiencin obstacles to access to education and their entitlement to education support through specific support measures.  Slovak Government Regulation No 630/2008 shall be adapted, which takes into account different specificities when calculating the normative contribution by means of coefficients.  The reform requires the preparation of accompanying methodological material. At the same time, methodological sheet for teachers and worksheets for pupils, aimed at developing the language competences of children and pupils with different mother tongues than the school's language of instruction, shall be developed for different level	No 668/2004 Coll., Government Regulation No 630/2008 Coll., amendment of Decree No A 1/2020.  Adoption of the Parliament of the amendment to Act No 245/2008 Coll., Act No 597/2003 Coll.;  Entry into force of the amendment to Act No	Adoption of relevant Acts by the Parliament.	% Number	- 88		95 12352 9	Q3	Q2	2022	
М	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]  SK-C[C6]-R[R1]  SK-C[C6]-R[R2]	primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Definition of the concept of special educational needs of children and pupils and the development of a model for eligible support measures in education, and education including their funding system  Definition of the concept of special education in the development of a model for eligible support measures in education, and education including their funding system	Reform  Reform  Reform	Target	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-T[C6.2]  SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-T[C6.3]  SK-C[C6]-R[R2]-M[C6.4]	primary education for children aged of five and introduction a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarten or other pre-primary education providers from the age of three.  Enrollment rate in pre-primary schools for children aged five years  Number of newly built capacities  Adoption of the law on redefinition of the concept of special educational needs and the preparation of accompanying methodological material for	teacher have a higher education degree in the teaching programme for early and pre-primary education.  The amendment shall be adopted by 31 December 2022 at the latest, with a date of application from 1.1.2029. The teachers with pedagogical experience at kindergarten for 10 years or more shall be renomiced as fulfilling a defined muslification requirement. For for children who are 5 years old, pre-primary education shall be compulsory. Under the amendment to the School Act, they shall receive pre-primary education;[i] in kindergarten/special kindergarten included in the Slovak network of schools and schools, (ii) in individual education, e.g. at the request of a legal representative at home, or (iiii) at the establishment of a registered pre-primary education provider.  The completion of the capacity of kindergartens shall create the conditions for claiming a legal entitlement to pre-primary education for children from four and then from the age of three. The target (12.352) is the estimated number of newly built facilities. Buildings subjected to renovation shall contribute to the green transitions by achieving at least 30% of primary energy savings.  The amendment to Act No 245/2008 on education (together with a separate new Decree) and the amendment to Act No 597/2003 on the financing of primary schools, secondary schools and educational establishments define children and pupils experiencin obstacles to access to education and their entitlement to education support through specific support measures.  Slovak Government Regulation No 630/2008 shall be adapted, which takes into account different specificities when calculating the normative contribution by means of coefficients.  The reform requires the preparation of accompanying methodological material. At the same time, methodological sheet for teachers and worksheets for pupils, aimed at developing the language competences of children and pupils with different apegroups. Methodological andatrial. At the same time, methodological sheet for teachers and worksh	No 668/2004 Coll., Government Regulation No 630/2008 Coll., amendment of Decree No A 1/2020. t  Adoption of the Parliament of the amendment to Act No 245/2008 Coll., Act No 597/2003 Coll.; Entry into force of the	Adoption of relevant Acts by the Parliament.	% Number	- 0		95 12352 9	Q3	Q2	2022	
М	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]  SK-C[C6]-R[R1]  SK-C[C6]-R[R2]	primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Definition of the concept of special educational needs of children and pupils and the development of a model for eligible support measures in education, and education including their funding system  Definition of the concept of special educational needs of children and pupils and the development of a model for eligible support measures in education, and education including their funding system	Reform  Reform  Reform	Target  Target	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-T[C6.2]  SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-T[C6.3]  SK-C[C6]-R[R2]-M[C6.4]	primary education for children aged of five and introduction a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarten or other pre-primary education providers from the age of three.  Enrollment rate in pre-primary schools for children aged five years  Number of newly built capacities  Adoption of the law on redefinition of the concept of special educational needs and the preparation of accompanying methodological material for teaching staff, specialist staff and school leaders.  Entry into force the redefinition of the concept of	teacher have a higher education degree in the teaching programme for early and pre-primary education.  The amendment shall be adopted by 31 December 2022 at the latest, with a date of application from 1.1.2029. The teachers with pedagogical experience at kindergarten for 10 years or more shall be renensited as fulfilling a rafefined musilfiration requirement. For for children who are 5 years old, pre-primary education shall be compulsory. Under the amendment to the School Act, they shall receive pre-primary education:(i) in kindergarten/special kindergarten included in the Slovak network of schools and schools, (ii) in individual education, e.g. at the request of a legal representative at home, or (iii) at the establishment of a registered pre-primary education provider.  The completion of the capacity of kindergartens shall create the conditions for claiming a legal entitlement to pre-primary education for children from four and then from the age of three. The target (12 352) is the estimated number of newly built facilities. Buildings subjected to renovation shall contribute to the green transitions by achieving at least 30% of primary energy savings.  The amendment to Act No 245/2008 on education (together with a separate new Decree) and the amendment to Act No 597/2003 on the financing of primary schools, secondary schools and educational establishments define children and pulpils experiencin obstacles to access to education and their entitlement to education support through specific support measures.  Slovak Government Regulation No 630/2008 shall be adapted, which takes into account different specificities when calculating the normative contribution by means of coefficients.  The reform requires the preparation of accompanying methodological material. At the same time, methodological sheet for teachers and worksheets for pupils, aimed at developing the language competences of children and pupils with different mother tongues than the school's language of instruction, shall be developed for different level	No 668/2004 Coll., Government Regulation No 630/2008 Coll., amendment of Decree No A 1/2020. t  Adoption of the Parliament of the amendment to Act No 245/2008 Coll., Act No 245/2008 Coll., Act No 245/2008 Coll., Act No	Adoption of relevant Acts by the Parliament.	% Number	- 0		95 12352 9	Q3 107 Q4	Q2	2022	
М	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]  SK-C[C6]-R[R1]  SK-C[C6]-R[R2]	primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3 Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3 Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3	Reform  Reform  Reform	Target  Target	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-T[C6.2]  SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-T[C6.3]  SK-C[C6]-R[R2]-M[C6.4]	primary education for children aged of five and introduction a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarten or other pre-primary education providers from the age of three.  Enrollment rate in pre-primary schools for children aged five years  Number of newly built capacities  Adoption of the law on redefinition of the concept of special educational needs and the preparation of accompanying methodological material for teaching staff, specialist staff and school leaders.  Entry into force the redefinition of the concept of	teacher have a higher education degree in the teaching programme for early and pre-primary education. The amendment shall be adopted by 31 December 2022 at the latest, with a date of application from 1.1.2029. The teachers with pedagogical experience at kindergarten for 10 years or more shall be renoentied as fulfilling a defined nualification requirements. For for children who are 5 years old, pre-primary education shall be compulsory. Under the amendment to the School Act, they shall receive pre-primary education:(i) in kindergarten/special kindergarten included in the Slovak network of schools and schools, (ii) in individual education, e.g. at the request of a legal representative at home, or (iii) at the establishment of a registered pre-primary education provider.  The completion of the capacity of kindergartens shall create the conditions for claiming a legal entitlement to pre-primary education for children from four and then from the age of three. The target (12 352) is the estimated number of newly built facilities. Buildings subjected to renovation shall contribute to the green transitions by achieving at least 30% of primary energy savings.  The amendment to Act No 245/2008 on education (together with a separate new Decree) and the amendment to Act No 597/2003 on the financing of primary schools, secondary schools and educational establishments define children and pupils experiencin obstacles to access to education and their entitlement to education support through specific support measures.  Slovak Government Regulation No 630/2008 shall be adapted, which takes into account different entitlement to education support through specific support measures.  Slovak Government Regulation No 630/2008 shall be adapted, which takes into account different passes in the proparation of accompanying methodological material. At the same time, methodological sheet for teachers and worksheets for pupils, aimed at developing the language competences of children and pupils with different levelure to guest han the schoo	No 668/2004 Coll., Government Regulation No 630/2008 Coll., amendment of Decree No A 1/2020. t  Adoption of the Parliament of the amendment to Act No 245/2008 Coll., Act No 245/2008 Coll., Act No 245/2008 Coll., Act No	Adoption of relevant Acts by the Parliament.	% Number			95 12352 9	Q3 107 Q4	Q2	2022	
U	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]  SK-C[C6]-R[R1]  SK-C[C6]-R[R2]	primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Providing conditions for the implementation of compulsory pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education for children from the age of 5 and introducing a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarter or other pre-primary education providers from the age of 3  Definition of the concept of special educational needs of children and pupils and the development of a model for eligible support measures in education, and education including their funding system  Definition of the concept of special educational needs of children and pupils and the development of a model for eligible support measures in education, and education including their funding system  Definition of the concept of special educational needs of children and pupils and the development of a model for eligible support measures in education, and education including their funding system	Reform  Reform  Reform	Target  Target	SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-T[C6.2]  SK-C[C6]-R[R1]-T[C6.3]  SK-C[C6]-R[R2]-M[C6.4]  SK-C[C6]-R[R2]-M[C6.5]	primary education for children aged of five and introduction a legal entitlement to a place in kindergarten or other pre-primary education providers from the age of three.  Enrollment rate in pre-primary schools for children aged five years  Number of newly built capacities  Adoption of the law on redefinition of the concept of special educational needs and the preparation of accompanying methodological material for teaching staff, specialist staff and school leaders.  Entry into force the redefinition of the concept of special educational needs	teacher have a higher education degree in the teaching programme for early and pre-primary education. The amendment shall be adopted by 31 December 2022 at the latest, with a date of application from 1.1.2029. The teachers with pedagogical experience at kindergarten for 10 years or more shall be reanonised as fulfilling a ridefined nualification requirement. For or children who are 5 years old, pre-primary education shall be compulsory. Under the amendment to the School Act, they shall receive pre-primary education. (i) in kindergarten/special kindergarten included in the Slovak network of schools and schools, (ii) in individual education, e.g. at the request of a legal representative at home, or (iiii) at the establishment of a registered pre-primary education provider.  The completion of the capacity of kindergartens shall create the conditions for claiming a legal entitlement to pre-primary education for thildren from four and then from the age of three. The target (12 352) is the estimated number of newly built facilities. Buildings subjected to renovation shall contribute to the green transitions by achieving at least 30% of primary energy savings.  The amendment to Act No 245/2008 on education (together with a separate new Decree) and the amendment to Act No 597/2003 on the financing of primary schools, secondary schools and educational establishments define children and pupils experiencin obstacles to access to education and their entitlement to education support through specific support measures.  Slovak Government Regulation No 630/2008 shall be adapted, which takes into account different specificities when calculating the normative contribution by means of coefficients. The reform requires the preparation of accompanying methodological material. At the same time, methodological sheets for teachers and worksheets for pupils, aimed at developing the language competences of children and pupils with different mother trongues than the school slanguage competences and different age groups.  Methodological a	No 668/2004 Coll., Government Regulation No 630/2008 Coll., amendment of Decree No A 1/2020. t  Adoption of the Parliament of the amendment to Act No 245/2008 Coll., Act No 597/2003 Coll.;  Entry into force of the amendment to Act No 245/2008 Coll., Act No 597/2003 Coll.;	Adoption of relevant Acts by the Parliament.	% Number			95 12352 9:	Q3 107 Q4	Q2	2022	

							The amendment to Act No 245/2008 on education and training								
							(together with a separate new decree) shall replace the current concept of an advisory system with an interconnected system								
							focusing on accessibility, complexity and compliance with content								
							and performance standards.								
							A comprehensive system of counselling and prevention shall consist of the newly created Advisory and Prevention Centres								
							(CPP), which shall provide professional activities without defining a								
							focus on target groups according to health disadvantage, as is								
							currently the case, i.e. so that the possibility of visiting the centre								
							of counselling and prevention is not determined on the basis of the child's health disadvantage. Professional activities shall be								
U							provided in close cooperation between support teams in schools								
							and schools, including a multidisciplinary team.								
							This create conditions for intensive, timely and high-quality support, assistance and intervention for children, pupils, students,								
							legal representatives, institutional representatives and other								
							counterparts. The change in funding shall consist of setting the								
		Defended the control of control live					contribution on the basis of the professional activities carried out. In the context of the change in funding, Government Regulation								
		Reforming the system of counselling and prevention and ensuring					No 630/2008 laying down the details of the breakdown of funds								
		systematic data collection in the field	ı				from the state budget for schools and educational establishments								
		of mental health promotion for	D. f			,	may also need to be amended.								
	SK-C[Cb]-K[K3]	children, pupils and students	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[Cb]-K[K3]-M[Cb./]	comprehensive system of counselling	The amendment to Act No 245/2008 on education and training			-		-	Q1	2023	
							(School Act) shall provide for the possibility of completing lower								
							secondary education in lower secondary vocational education								
							(NSOV) in a two- and three-year combined programme (depending on the year in which the pupil completed the primary school) by								
							means of a comitology examination. The aim is to remove the so-								
							called "dead ends" within the education system and to enable								
							NSOV pupils to complete the lower-secondary education as part of one programme that is more efficient. There is a greater coverage								
							of the system in relation to vulnerable groups. The education offer								
							shall be adapted to labour market needs.								
U							The amendment to Act No 61/2015 on vocational education and training shall extend the obligation to determine secondary school								
							performance plans to lower secondary vocational education.								
							Decree No 292/2019 shall be amended which shall set up the								
						Entry into force of logiclative annual annual and	performance planning system for F-type study programme by defining specific criteria. These shall take into account the								
							specificities of F-type study programme, such as criteria at school								
						secondary education in lower secondary	level (benefits, attendance, rate of completion of primary school)								
							and at trade union level – labour market outcomes of "F								
		Implementation of tools to prevent early school leaving and adapt F-type				programmes in response to labour market needs and the offer of NSOV programmes in relation to	graduates .								
		study programme	Reform	Milestone		the educational needs of the target group of pupils	•	Entry into force of the amendment to Act	No 245/2008, Act No 61/2015 and mod	dification of Dec-		-	Q1	2023	
							The optimisation process shall be based on the results of the								
							process of planning the performance of F-type study programme, which shall operate under a special regime compared to the								
U							classical performance plan. On the basis of the labour market								
		Implementation of tools to prevent					offer, the content of the F-type study programme shall then be								
		early school leaving and adapt F-type study programme	Reform	Target	SK-C[C6]-R[R4]-T[C6.9]	(NSOV) programmes optimised in response to labour market needs	adjusted or assessed and possibly removed from the education system.		%		0	30	02	2025	
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					Amendments to the legislation shall concern the Anti-						~		
							discrimination Act (No 365/2004 Coll.) or the School Act (No								
							245/2008 Coll.) and other legislation related to the financing and management of schools. The definition of segregation clearly								
							determines what acts and omissions are considered to be								
U						Adoption of legislative amendments that	segregation in order to avoid different interpretations in								
						introduce of the definition of segregation at	interpretation. The methodological materials shall provide guidance on preventing and eliminating segregated education for								
		Supporting school desegregation					f the various educational actors (such as creators, schools and								
	SK-C[C6]-R[R5]	WHERE reference	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C6]-R[R5]-M[C6.10]	desegregation	school facilities, directors and teachers) in practice.	Adoption by the Parliament of an amendm	ent to Act No 245/2008 or to Act No 36	55/2004 and th -		-	Q3	2023	
U	CA CICCI DIDEI	Supporting school desegregation WHERE reference	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C6]-R[R5]-M[C6.11]	Entry into force the legislative definition of	The act of law shall enter into force on 1/9/2025.	Entry into force an amendment to Act No 2	0.45 /2009 or to Act No 265 /2004				Q3	2025	
	SK-C[CO]-K[KS]	WHERE reference	Reform	willestone	SK-C[C0]-K[K5]-W[C0.11]	segregation at schools	The methodology shall be based on the approved law entered into		243/2006 OF LO ALL NO 303/2004	-		-	Ų3	2025	
U		Supporting school desegregation				Percentage of schools that apply desegregation									
	SK-C[C6]-R[R5]	WHERE reference	Reform	Target	SK-C[C6]-R[R5]-T[C6.12]	standards coming from the adopted methodology	42000		%		0	100	Q4	2025	
							12000 pupils taking part in tuition programmes. As a priority, the tuition scheme shall target those pupils who were not able to fully								
							participate in education during the period of interrupted								
							attendance education in schools in the 2019/2020 and 2020/2021								
U		Compensatory measures to mitigate					school years and are therefore directly at risk of school failure.  Tuition shall take place in individual or group form (in small groups								
		the impact of the pandemic in					up to five pupils) in the afternoon. It shall focus in particular on								
	ev etcel ====	education for primary and secondary		T	ev etect ptest etec	Number of pupils taking part in tuition	subjects from so-called "main educational fields".		No. and a			4		2000	
	SK-C[C6]-R[R6]	school pupils	Reform	Target	SK-C[C6]-R[R6]-T[C6.13]	programmes Increase in the percentage of schools with basic			Number		U	12 000	Q4	2022	
М	SK-C[C7]-I[I1]	Digital infrastructure in schools	Investment	Target	SK-C[C7]-I[I1]-T[C7.7]	level of digital equipment			%		80	90	Q4	2024	2025
							The objective is to eliminate the current two-shift operation in 49								
							schools. There shall be a specific call for double shifts schools to build new premises or make reconstructions of the premises which								
М							are not fit to serve pupils. Buildings subjected to renovation shall								
							contribute to the green transitions by achieving at least 30% of								
		Completion of the school infrastructure	Investment	Target	בע כובדו וווזו דובד פו	Elimination of the double-shift schools	primary energy savings, to be monitored by energy saving certificates.		Number		10 0	0	34 Q2	2026	
	SK-C[C7]-I[I2]	imastructure	ilivestillelit	Target	3K*C[C7]*I[I2]*I[C7.8]	Elimination of the double-shift schools	The objective is to transform of school libraries for educational		Number	·	.5	O	34 Q2	2020	
							centres in schools attended by more than 15 pupils from weak								
							socio-economic background to promote reading literacy is a								
							priority and shall be achieved through the renovation of buildings or building the new ones. For this, there shall be a specific call. This								
							shall ensure access to books for pupils – 87 % of pupils from								
R							socially disadvantaged backgrounds and a total of 28 % of pupils								
							who do not currently have it. Of the overall objective is to establish or renovate 211, at least 200 libraries are built or renovated.								
							Buildings subjected to renovation shall contribute to the green								
							transitions by achieving at least 30% of primary energy savings to								
	SK-C[C7]-I[I2]	Completion of the school infrastructure	Investment	Target	SK-C[C7]-I[12]-T[C7 0]	the number of schools with their own library as an educational centre or with a modernised library	be monitored by energy saving certificates.		Number		0 ^	200	0 Q4	2024	
	5.K-C[C/]-I[IZ]	astructure	mvestment	raiget	3K-C[C/]-[[Z]-7[C/.9]	coscational centre of with a modernised ilurary	An integrated curriculum for primary and lower-secondary schools		Namber		0	200	U U4	2024	
							shall be implemented within cycles. Cycles shall define basic								
							learning objectives for areas rather than detailed content, thus								
11															
U		Reform of the content and form of				Approval of the final version of the new curriculum	creating flexibility to develop curricula at school level. The implementation phase shall start from September 2023 with an								
		education (curricular and textbook				for all primary and lower-secondary schools	creating flexibility to develop curricula at school level. The implementation phase shall start from September 2023 with an obligation to transfer all primary schools to a new curriculum by								
	SK-C[C7]-R[R1]	education (curricular and textbook	Reform	Milestone		for all primary and lower-secondary schools	creating flexibility to develop curricula at school level. The implementation phase shall start from September 2023 with an obligation to transfer all primary schools to a new curriculum by	Approval of the new state primary and low	er-secondary education programme by	the Minister o -		-	Q1	2023	

							Regional centres of curricular management and support for schools to implement changes shall be developed at regional level						
							through mentoring, counselling and consultation activities. In total,						
U		Reform of the content and form of					there shall be 40 centres (one centre for two counties) with a team of teachers, school directors, other specialist of youth and adult						
		education (curricular and textbook				Creation of a network of regional centres of	education, third sector experts and experts from faculties						
	SK-C[C7]-R[R1]	reform) Reform of the content and form of	Reform	Target	SK-C[C7]-R[R1]-T[C7.2]	support	preparing teachers in the region.  Share of matura (final exam for graduates from upper secondary		Number	0	40	Q3	2024
U		education (curricular and textbook					school] taken on internet.						
	SK-C[C7]-R[R1]	reform) Reform of the content and form of	Reform	Target	SK-C[C7]-R[R1]-T[C7.4]	graduates from upper secondary school]	At least 30% of public primary schools that implement the new		%	23	100	Q4	2025
U		education (curricular and textbook				Primary schools that implement the new	curriculum						
	SK-C[C7]-R[R1]	reform)	Reform	Target	SK-C[C7]-R[R1]-T[C7.3]	curriculum (in percentage)	The legislative changes shall bring:		%	0	30	Q4	2025
							Introduction of the new study programmes preparing future						
							teachers, <ul><li>a grant programme for universities to support the emergence of</li></ul>						
							new teaching curricula. This includes funding for changes in						
							programmes that support the introduction of inclusive education, the education of pupils with different mother tongues and the						
U							development of digital competences among teaching students.						
							<ul> <li>An allowance to motivate teaching and professional staff to pursue lifelong professional development;</li> </ul>						
							Regulation of the competences and the range of providers of						
						Entry into force the legislative changes to	attestation, functional and qualification education in the education sector.						
		Preparing and developing teachers				strengthen the quality of skills of teaching and professional staff and motivate them for lifelong	<ul> <li>new model of accreditation of professional development training programmes.</li> </ul>						
	SK-C[C7]-R[R2]	for new content and form of teaching	ng Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C7]-R[R2]-M[C7.5]	professional development		Entry into force the amendments to Act No 138/2019	on pedagogical and professional emplo	yee -	-	Q1	2023
М		Preparing and developing teachers				Percentage of teachers trained, especially in preparation for the new curriculum, inclusive	By the 31 of December 2023 at least 60% of teachers shall be trained.						
141	SK-C[C7]-R[R2]		ng Reform	Target	SK-C[C7]-R[R2]-T[C7.6]	education and digital skills	tianeo.		%	0	60	55 Q4	2023
							2 calls to support the strategic development of universities as described in the reform 5 shall provide :						
							a) The sub-programme for university development shall support						
							infrastructure projects for the development of research, education and accommodation infrastructure with high added value for						
							excellent research and internationalisation: for example, upgrading						
							existing or new spaces for the concentration of excellent research and doctoral studies, including foreign researchers, upgrading						
							existing or new spaces for practical teaching in professional						
U							bachelor courses, upgrading existing or new premises for indoor facilities, debarrierisation and modern digitisation of buildings						
							b) The programme for university development shall support project management and induced investment by bringing together						
							universities. Once the Roadmap has been approved, and						
							depending on its feasibility and ambition, as well as justifying the necessary investments and ensuring their continued sustainability,						
							it shall include an investment plan linked to the process of bringing $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1$						
	SK-C[C8]-I[I1]	Investment support for the strategic development of universities	Investment	Milestone	SK-C[C8]-I[I1]-M[C8.9]	at least 2 calls concluded for supporting the strategic development of universities	together university units.	Award of the contracts following the calls		-	-	Q3	2022
							The objective is 291830m2 but at least 262647 m2 university area						
М		Investment support for the strategic					shall be reconstructed including dormitories in universities, with primary energy savings of more than 30 % to be monitored by						
	SK-C[C8]-I[I1]	development of universities	Investment	Target	SK-C[C8]-I[I1]-T[C8.10]	primary energy savings of more than 30 % (in m2)	energy saving certificates.  Performance contracts shall support the profiling and		Number	0	262647	132302 Q2	2026
								Conclusion of the					
							potential for development, the reduction in the number of curricula, as well as the concentration of resources. Among other	overarching agreement of the Ministry of Education.					
U							things, the aim is to increase the share of professionally oriented	Science, Research and					
		Change in the funding of universities by introduction of performance	S				bachelor's programmes of public higher education from 4 % to 10 % to Q4 2024	Sport of the Slovak Republic (MŠVVaŠ SR)					
	SK-C[C8]-R[R1]	contracts	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C8]-R[R1]-M[C8.1]	Introduction of performance contracts		with universities		-	-	Q4	2022
U		Change in the funding of universities by introduction of performance	5			Performance contracts signed with public							
	SK-C[C8]-R[R1]	contracts	Reform	Target	SK-C[C8]-R[R1]-T[C8.2]	universities (in percentage)	A system of periodic evaluation of the scientific performance of	N/a	%	0	90	Q4	2023
							universities, with the participation of international evaluators, shall						
							be set up to ensure the diversification of universities with regard to the quality of their scientific performance in individual fields and						
U							the identification of excellent research teams in individual						
		Introduction of a system of periodic					universities. The evaluation shall thus be one-size-fits-all for universities, but also for other research institutions (SAV, other						
	SK-C[C8]-R[R2]	scientific performance evaluation	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C8]-R[R2]-M[C8.3]	172/2005		Entry into force of the Law No 172/2005 for the evaluation	ation of scientific performance and met	hoc -	-	Q1	2022
U	SK-C[C8]-R[R2]	Introduction of a system of periodic scientific performance evaluation		Target	SK-C[C8]-R[R2]-T[C8.4]	Number of Performed evaluations	The target refers to the all public universities.		Number	0	20	Q4	2022
							At least 90% of universities have applied for a verification of the compliance of their internal quality systems and study						
							programmes with new accreditation standards. The new						
							accreditation standards shall tighten standards and conditions for the guarantee and delivery of study programmes. Five academics						
							with high-quality scientific outputs are needed for accreditation, as						
U							well as the implementation of a student-centred quality education system. Foreign assessors shall also be routinely involved in						
							assessing compliance with accreditation standards for quality of						
							education. Stricter rules shall lead to a reduction in the number of study programmes, greater diversification and profiling and						
		A new approach to accreditation of				Percentage of universities apply to check the compliance of internal quality systems and study	greater student orientation, as universities shall concentrate on programmes where they may deliver the highest quality of						
	SK-C[C8]-R[R3]	higher education	Reform	Target	SK-C[C8]-R[R3]-T[C8.5]	programmes with standards	education.		%	0	90	Q4	2022
							The amendment to Act No 131/2002 on higher education shall reform the management system of universities. The amendment						
							to the Law on Higher Education shall strengthen the competences						
							of the Rector and the Board of Directors, the composition of which shall be reformed, the method of electing the rector shall be						
							changed, the mechanism of functional posts shall be opened up						
U							and the requirements for the internal organisation of academia shall be simplified, ensuring school autonomy and freedom of						
							science. The strengthening of the competences of the Board of Directors shall address issues of strategic governance of the						
							University, while the participation of State representatives shall be						
							limited in such a way that the central government shall not be able to take control of the Board of Directors. Academic freedom shall						
		Reform of the governance of				The reform of the management system of higher	in no way be affected.						
	SK-C[C8]-R[R4]	universities	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C8]-R[R4]-M[C8.6]	education institutions		Entry into force of the amendment to Act No 131/200 An approved by the	2 on higher education,		-	Q4	2021
								Ministry of Education,					
								Science, Research and					
U								Sport of the Slovak					
U		Comment of the				Supplied the state of the state		Sport of the Slovak Republic (MŠVVaŠ SR)					
U	SK-C[C8]-R[R5]	Concentration of excellent educational and research capacities.	. Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C8]-R[R5]-M[C8.7]	Star bringing together of universities into larger units		Sport of the Slovak		_	_	Q4	2021

								process completed for at					
U		Concentration of excellent				The completion of the process of merging research		least 2 units of higher education. [COM: SK to					
	SK-C[C8]-R[R5]	educational and research capacities.	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C8]-R[R5]-M[C8.8]			provide	-		-	Q2	2026
							At least three calls for projects shall be launched to support the participation of Slovak actors in Horizon Europe programmes						
							under the following schemes:						
U							<ul> <li>Scheme to support the preparation of applications for Horizon Europe</li> </ul>						
		Promoting international cooperation	1				<ul> <li>Scheme to support projects that have obtained a Seal of excellence or a high score</li> </ul>						
		and participation in Horizon Europe				Launch of calls for projects to support the	"Matching grants" for successful projects in H2020/Horizon						
	SK-C[C9]-I[I1]	and EIT projects	Investment	Milestone	SK-C[C9]-I[I1]-M[C9.4]	participation of Slovak actors in Horizon Europe	Europe Of the overall objective is to paid EUR 46 300 000, at least EUR 43	Launch of calls for projects to support the participation of Sk	lovak actors in Horizon Europe -		3	Q4	2022
							000 000 , is paid to projects selected under the calls aiming at						
							increasing participation in the Horizon Europe programmes.  The investment is expected to result in:						
IVI		B				Florida Company Company Company Company Company	<ul> <li>at least 48 applications and participating projects in Horizon</li> </ul>						
		Promoting international cooperation and participation in Horizon Europe				Financial support for applications and participating projects in Horizon Europe programmes, under	at least 1600 grants to support preparation of project						
	SK-C[C9]-I[I1]	and EIT projects	Investment	Target	SK-C[C9]-I[I1]-T[C9.5]	calls funded by the RRF	applications At least five calls for projects shall be launched in compliance with	Amor	ounts (EUR millions)	0	43	31,758 Q2	2026
							the DNSH principle to support cooperation between companies,						
							academia and RD organisations and to support vouchers schemes: • "Matching" grants to research institutions to leverage resources						
							from the private sector in the framework of research collaboration.						
M							<ul> <li>PhD students' traineeships and staff between businesses and academic research organisations</li> </ul>						
							establishing "transformative and innovative" consortia     Voucher support schemes, which include innovation vouchers,						
		Supporting cooperation between				Launch of calls for projects to support cooperation							
	SK-C[C9]-I[I2]	companies, academia and R & D organisations	Investment	Milestone	SK-C[C9]-I[I2]-M[C9.6]	between companies, academia and R & D organisations and vouchers		Launch of calls for projects support cooperation between fire	irms academia and R & D organisation -		5	4 Q4	2022
	() -()	8					Of the overall objective is to support 2950 projects, at least 2 660	Education College College Support Cooperation Sciences III	ms, academia and it a 5 organisation		, and the second se	. 2.	2022
							cooperation projects between companies, academia and RD organisations and vouchers, are supported.						
							The investment is expected to result in :						
М							<ul> <li>Establishing at least 2 "transformative and innovative" consortia</li> <li>2 000 collaborative projects supported under matching grants</li> </ul>						
							50 supported (temporary) traineeships between enterprises and academic research organisations						
		Supporting cooperation between					500 innovative and patent vouches and 400 digital vouches are						
	SK-C[C9]-I[I2]	companies, academia and R & D organisations	Investment	Target	SK-C[C9]-I[I2]-T[C9.7]		delivered	Num	mber of projects	0	2660	1770 Q4	2024
	() -()	8					Of the overall objective is to support 5 900 projects, at least 5		bei of projects	Ü	2000	1770 Q1	2024
							500 cooperation projects between companies, academia and RD organisations and vouchers, are supported:						
							The investment is expected to result in :						
М							<ul> <li>at least 2 "transformative and innovative" consortia are operational</li> </ul>						
							<ul> <li>4 000 collaborative projects supported under matching grants</li> <li>100 supported traineeships between enterprises and academic</li> </ul>						
		Supporting cooperation between					research organisations						
	SK-C[C9]-I[I2]	companies, academia and R & D organisations	Investment	Target	SK-C[C9]-I[I2]-T[C9.8]		<ul> <li>500 innovative, 500 patent and 800 digital vouches are delivered and completed</li> </ul>	Numl	mber of projects	2600	5500	3538 Q2	2026
		•					At least six calls for projects shall be launched to support excellent						
							researchers in compliance with the DNSH principle under the						
							following schemes: • scholarships for excellent PhD programmes						
U							following schemes:						
U							following schemes:  • scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  • Post-doctoral scholarships  • Senior research fellowship  •						
U							following schemes:  • scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  • Post-doctoral scholarships  • Senior research fellowship  • Large projects for excellent researchers  • "Early stage" research grants						
U	SK-C[C9]-I[13]	Excellent science	Investment	Milestone	SK-C[C9]-I[13]-M[C9.9]	Launch of calls to support excellent researchers	following schemes:  • scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  • Post-doctoral scholarships  • Senior research fellowship  • Large projects for excellent researchers  • "Early stage" research grants	Launch of calls for projects to support excellent researchers			6	Q4	2022
U	SK-C[C9]-I[13]	Excellent science	Investment	Milestone	SK-C[C9]-I[13]-M[C9.9]	Launch of calls to support excellent researchers	following schemes:  • scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  • Post-doctoral scholarships  • Senior research fellowship  • Large projects for excellent researchers  • "Early stage" research grants  • Capital booster for existing RD support schemes  Of the overall objective is to support 1060 researchers, at least  1000 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls	Launch of calls for projects to support excellent researchers			6	Q4	2022
U	SK-C[C9]-I[13]	Excellent science	Investment	Milestone	SK-C[C9]-I[13]-M[C9.9]	Launch of calls to support excellent researchers	following schemes:  • scholarships for excellent PhD programmes • Post-doctoral scholarships • Senior research fellowship • Large projects for excellent researchers • "Early stage" research grants • Capital booster for existing RD support schemes Of the overall objective is to support 1060 researchers, at least 1000 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls The investment is expected to result in: • 425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)	Launch of calls for projects to support excellent researchers			6	Q4	2022
U	SK-C[C9]-I[13]	Excellent science	Investment	Milestone	SK-C[C9]-I[13]-M[C9.9]	Launch of calls to support excellent researchers	following schemes:  • scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  • Post-doctoral scholarships  • Senior research fellowship  • Large projects for excellent researchers  • "Early stage" research grants  • Capital booster for existing RD support schemes  Of the overall objective is to support 1060 researchers, at least  1000 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls  The investment is expected to result in:  • 425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  • 500 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers	Launch of calls for projects to support excellent researchers			6	Q4	2022
U			Investment			·	following schemes:  • scholarships for excellent PhD programmes • Post-doctoral scholarships • Senior research fellowship • Large projects for excellent researchers • "Early stage" research grants • Capital booster for existing RD support schemes Of the overall objective is to support 1060 researchers, at least 1000 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls The investment is expected to result in: • 425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)				6		
U		Excellent science  Excellent science	Investment	Milestone Target		Launch of calls to support excellent researchers  Number of excellent researchers supported	following schemes:  • scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  • Post-doctoral scholarships  • Senior research fellowship  • Large projects for excellent researchers  • "Early stage" research grants  • Capital booster for existing RD support schemes  Of the overall objective is to support 1060 researchers, at least  1000 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls  The investment is expected to result in:  • 425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  • 500 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  • 120 projects under capital booster  • 15 large grants to excellent researchers are implemented		s - mber of researchers	650	1000		2022
U						·	following schemes:  • scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  • post-doctoral scholarships  • Senior research fellowship  • Large projects for excellent researchers  • "Early stage" research grants  • Capital booster for existing RD support schemes  Of the overall objective is to support 1060 researchers, at least  1000 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls  The investment is expected to result in:  • 425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  • 500 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  • 120 projects under capital booster  • 15 large grants to excellent researchers are implemented  Of the overall objective is to support 715 researchers, at least 650 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls.			650	1000		
U						·	following schemes:  • scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  • Post-doctoral scholarships  • Senior research fellowship  • Large projects for excellent researchers  • "Early stage" research grants  C capital booster for existing RD support schemes  Of the overall objective is to support 1060 researchers, at least  1000 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls  The investment is expected to result in:  425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  • 500 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  • 120 projects under capital booster  • 15 large grants to excellent researchers are implemented  Of the overall objective is to support 715 researchers, at least 650			650	1000		
U						·	following schemes:  • scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  • Post-doctoral scholarships  • Senior research fellowship  • Large projects for excellent researchers  • "Early stage" research grants  • Capital booster for existing RD support schemes  Of the overall objective is to support 1060 researchers, at least  1000 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls  The investment is expected to result in:  • 425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  • 500 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  • 120 projects under capital booster  • 15 large grants to excellent researchers are implemented  Of the overall objective is to support 715 researchers, at least 650 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls.  The investment is expected to result in:  • Selection of 15 large grants to excellent researcher teams  Support of:	Numi		650	1000		
U						·	following schemes:  • scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  • scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  • Post-doctoral scholarships  • Senior research fellowship  • Large projects for excellent researchers  • "Early stage" research grants  • Capital booster for existing RD support schemes  Of the overall objective is to support 1060 researchers, at least  1000 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls  The investment is expected to result in:  • 425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  • 500 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  • 120 projects under capital booster  • 15 large grants to excellent researchers are implemented  Of the overall objective is to support 715 researchers, at least 650 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls.  The investment is expected to result in:  • Selection of 15 large grants to excellent researcher teams  Support of:  • 425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  • 200 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers	Numi		650	1000		
U	SK-C[C9]-I[13]	Excellent science	Investment	Target	SK-C[C9]-I[13]-T[C9.11]	Number of excellent researchers supported	following schemes:  • scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  • scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  • Post-doctoral scholarships  • Senior research fellowship  • Large projects for excellent researchers  • "Early stage" research grants  • Capital booster for existing RD support schemes  Of the overall objective is to support 1060 researchers, at least  1000 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls  The investment is expected to result in:  • 425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  • 500 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  • 120 projects under capital booster  • 15 large grants to excellent researchers are implemented  Of the overall objective is to support 715 researchers, at least 650 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls. The investment is expected to result in:  • Selection of 15 large grants to excellent researcher teams  Support of:  • 425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)	Numi	nber of researchers	650		Q1	2026
U					SK-C[C9]-I[13]-T[C9.11]	·	following schemes:  • scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  • scholarships  • Senior research fellowship  • Large projects for excellent researchers  • "Early stage" research grants  Capital booster for existing RD support schemes  Of the overall objective is to support 1060 researchers, at least  1000 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls  The investment is expected to result in:  • 425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  • 500 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  • 120 projects under capital booster  • 15 large grants to excellent researchers are implemented  Of the overall objective is to support 715 researchers, at least 650 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls.  The investment is expected to result in:  • Selection of 15 large grants to excellent researcher teams  Support of:  • 425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  • 200 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  • 90 projects under capital booster	Numi		650	1000	Q1	
U	SK-C[C9]-I[13]	Excellent science	Investment	Target	SK-C[C9]-I[13]-T[C9.11]	Number of excellent researchers supported	following schemes:  scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  Senior research fellowship  Large projects for excellent researchers  "Early stage" research grants  Capital booster for existing RD support schemes  Of the overall objective is to support 1060 researchers, at least 1000 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls  The investment is expected to result in:  425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  500 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  120 projects under capital booster  15 large grants to excellent researchers are implemented  Of the overall objective is to support 715 researchers, at least 650 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls. The investment is expected to result in:  Selection of 15 large grants to excellent researcher teams  Support of:  425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  200 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  90 projects under capital booster	Numi	nber of researchers	. 650		Q1	2026
U	SK-C[C9]-I[13]	Excellent science	Investment	Target	SK-C[C9]-I[13]-T[C9.11]	Number of excellent researchers supported	following schemes:  • scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  • scholarships or excellent PhD programmes  • Post-doctoral scholarships  • Senior research fellowship  • Large projects for excellent researchers  • "Early stage" research grants  • Capital booster for existing RD support schemes  Of the overall objective is to support 1060 researchers, at least  1000 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls  The investment is expected to result in:  • 425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  • 500 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  • 120 projects under capital booster  • 15 large grants to excellent researchers are implemented  Of the overall objective is to support 715 researchers, at least 650 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls.  The investment is expected to result in:  • Selection of 15 large grants to excellent researcher teams  Support of:  • 425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  • 200 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  • 90 projects under capital booster  At least two calls for thematic demand-driven projects shall be launched in compliance with the DNSH principle addressing the challenges of green transition, de-carbonisation as well as resilience and adaptation to climate change.	Numi	nber of researchers	. 650		Q1	2026
U	SK-C[C9]-I[13]	Excellent science	Investment	Target	SK-C[C9]-I[13]-T[C9.11]	Number of excellent researchers supported	following schemes:  • scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  • scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  • Post-doctoral scholarships  • Senior research fellowship  • Large projects for excellent researchers  • "Early stage" research grants  C capital booster for existing RD support schemes  Of the overall objective is to support 1060 researchers, at least  1000 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls  The investment is expected to result in:  • 425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  • 500 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  • 120 projects under capital booster  • 15 large grants to excellent researchers are implemented  Of the overall objective is to support 715 researchers, at least 650 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls.  The investment is expected to result in:  • Selection of 15 large grants to excellent researcher teams  Support of:  • 425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  • 200 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  • 90 projects under capital booster  At least two calls for thematic demand-driven projects shall be launched in compliance with the DNSH principle addressing the challenges of green transition, de-carbonisation as well as	Numi	nber of researchers	. 650		Q1	2026
U	SK-C[C9]-I[13]	Excellent science	Investment	Target	SK-C[C9]-I[13]-T[C9.11]	Number of excellent researchers supported	following schemes:  • scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  • scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  • Post-doctoral scholarships  • Senior research fellowship  • Large projects for excellent researchers  • "Early stage" research grants  • Capital booster for existing RD support schemes  Of the overall objective is to support 1060 researchers, at least  1000 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls  The investment is expected to result in:  • 425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  • 500 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  • 120 projects under capital booster  • 15 large grants to excellent researchers are implemented  Of the overall objective is to support 715 researchers, at least 650 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls. The investment is expected to result in:  • Selection of 15 large grants to excellent researcher teams  Support of:  • 425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  • 200 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  • 90 projects under capital booster  At least two calls for thematic demand-driven projects shall be launched in compliance with the DNSH principle addressing the challenges of green transition, de-carbonisation as well as resilience and adaptation to climate change.  Support shall be directed towards topics that are foreseen in the thematic priorities of Horizon Europe, such as  • Carbon-free energy	Numi	nber of researchers	. 650		Q1	2026
U	SK-C[C9]-I[13]	Excellent science	Investment	Target	SK-C[C9]-I[13]-T[C9.11]	Number of excellent researchers supported	following schemes:  scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  Senior research scholarships  Senior research fellowship  Large projects for excellent researchers  "Early stage" research grants  Capital booster for existing RD support schemes  Of the overall objective is to support 1060 researchers, at least 1000 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls  The investment is expected to result in:  425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  500 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  120 projects under capital booster  15 large grants to excellent researchers are implemented  Of the overall objective is to support 715 researchers, at least 650 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls. The investment is expected to result in:  Selection of 15 large grants to excellent researcher teams Support of:  425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  200 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  90 projects under capital booster  At least two calls for thematic demand-driven projects shall be launched in compliance with the DNSH principle addressing the challenges of green transition, de-carbonisation as well as resilience and adaptation to climate change.  Support shall be directed towards topics that are foreseen in the thematic priorities of Horizon Europe, such as  Carbon-free energy  electrification  Hydrogen, battery technologies and alternative fuels	Numi	nber of researchers	. 650		Q1	2026
U	SK-C[C9]-I[13]	Excellent science	Investment	Target	SK-C[C9]-I[13]-T[C9.11]	Number of excellent researchers supported	following schemes:  • scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  • scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  • Senior research scholarships  • Senior research fellowship  • Large projects for excellent researchers  • "Early stage" research grants  • Capital booster for existing RD support schemes  Of the overall objective is to support 1060 researchers, at least  1000 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls  The investment is expected to result in:  • 425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  • 500 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  • 120 projects under capital booster  • 15 large grants to excellent researchers are implemented  Of the overall objective is to support 715 researchers, at least 650 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls. The investment is expected to result in:  • Selection of 15 large grants to excellent researcher teams  Support of:  • 425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  • 200 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  • 90 projects under capital booster  At least two calls for thematic demand-driven projects shall be launched in compliance with the DNSH principle addressing the challenges of green transition, de-carbonisation as well as resilience and adaptation to climate change.  Support shall be directed towards topics that are foreseen in the thematic priorities of Horizon Europe, such as  • Carbon-free energy  • electrification	Numi	nber of researchers	. 650		Q1	2026
U	SK-C[C9]-I[I3]	Excellent science  Excellent science	Investment	Target Target	SK-C[C9]-I[I3]-T[C9.11] SK-C[C9]-I[I3]-T[C9.10]	Number of excellent researchers supported  Number of excellent researchers supported  Launch of calls for thematic demand-driven projects addressing the challenges of green	following schemes:  scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  Senior research scholarships  Senior research fellowship  Large projects for excellent researchers  "Early stage" research grants  Capital booster for existing RD support schemes  Of the overall objective is to support 1060 researchers, at least 1000 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls  The investment is expected to result in:  425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  500 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  120 projects under capital booster  15 large grants to excellent researchers are implemented  Of the overall objective is to support 715 researchers, at least 650 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls. The investment is expected to result in:  Selection of 15 large grants to excellent researcher teams Support of:  425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  200 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  90 projects under capital booster  At least two calls for thematic demand-driven projects shall be launched in compliance with the DNSH principle addressing the challenges of green transition, de-carbonisation as well as resilience and adaptation to climate change.  Support shall be directed towards topics that are foreseen in the thematic priorities of Horizon Europe, such as  Carbon-free energy  electrification  Hydrogen, battery technologies and alternative fuels  Low-emission industrial processes and materials  Bio-economy, sustainable agriculture and forestry.  Calls for projects shall cover the whole research and innovation	Numi Numi	mber of researchers	0	650	Q1	2024
U	SK-C[C9]-I[13]  SK-C[C9]-I[13]	Excellent science  Excellent science  Research and innovation to decarbonise the economy Research and innovation to	Investment	Target	SK-C[C9]-I[13]-T[C9.11]  SK-C[C9]-I[13]-T[C9.10]	Number of excellent researchers supported  Number of excellent researchers supported  Launch of calls for thematic demand-driven projects addressing the challenges of green transition  Number of projects addressing the challenges of	following schemes:  scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  scholarships  Senior research fellowship  Large projects for excellent researchers  "Early stage" research grants  Capital booster for existing RD support schemes  Of the overall objective is to support 1060 researchers, at least 1000 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls  The investment is expected to result in:  425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  500 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  120 projects under capital booster  15 large grants to excellent researchers are implemented  Of the overall objective is to support 715 researchers, at least 650 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls.  The investment is expected to result in:  Selection of 15 large grants to excellent researchers as 1000 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls.  The investment is expected to result in:  425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  200 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  90 projects under capital booster  At least two calls for thematic demand-driven projects shall be launched in compliance with the DNSH principle addressing the challenges of green transition, de-carbonisation as well as resilience and adaptation to climate change.  Support shall be directed towards topics that are foreseen in the thematic priorities of Horizon Europe, such as  Carbon-free energy  electrification  Hydrogen, battery technologies and alternative fuels  Low-emission industrial processes and materials  8io-economy, sustainable agriculture and forestry.  Calls for projects shall cover the whole research and innovation cycle (technology readiness levels1-9)  Of the overall objective is to complete 30 projects, at least 27	Numi	mber of researchers	0	650	Q1 Q1	2024
UUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUU	SK-C[C9]-I[I3]	Excellent science  Excellent science  Research and innovation to decarbonise the economy	Investment	Target Target	SK-C[C9]-I[13]-T[C9.11]  SK-C[C9]-I[13]-T[C9.10]	Number of excellent researchers supported  Number of excellent researchers supported  Launch of calls for thematic demand-driven projects addressing the challenges of green transition	following schemes:  • scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  • scholarships  • Senior research fellowship  • Large projects for excellent researchers  • "Early stage" research grants  • Capital booster for existing RD support schemes  Of the overall objective is to support 1060 researchers, at least  1000 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls  The investment is expected to result in:  • 425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  • 500 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  • 120 projects under capital booster  • 15 large grants to excellent researchers are implemented  Of the overall objective is to support 715 researchers, at least 650 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls. The investment is expected to result in:  • 26election of 15 large grants to excellent researcher teams Support of:  • 425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  • 200 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  • 90 projects under capital booster  At least two calls for thematic demand-driven projects shall be launched in compliance with the DNSH principle addressing the challenges of green transition, de-carbonisation as well as resilience and adaptation to climate change.  Support shall be directed towards topics that are foreseen in the thematic priorities of Horizon Europe, such as  • Carbon-free energy  • electrification  Hydrogen, battery technologies and alternative fuels  • Low-emission industrial processes and materials  • Bio-economy, sustainable agriculture and forestry.  Calls for projects shall cover the whole research and innovation cycle (technology readiness levels-1-9)  Of the overall objective is to complete 30 projects, at least 27 projects, selected under the calls, are completed.	Numl Numl	mber of researchers	0	650	Q1 Q1	2024
UUUUUUU	SK-C[C9]-I[13]  SK-C[C9]-I[13]	Excellent science  Excellent science  Research and innovation to decarbonise the economy Research and innovation to	Investment	Target Target Milestone	SK-C[C9]-I[13]-T[C9.11]  SK-C[C9]-I[13]-T[C9.10]	Number of excellent researchers supported  Number of excellent researchers supported  Launch of calls for thematic demand-driven projects addressing the challenges of green transition  Number of projects addressing the challenges of	following schemes:  • scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  • scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  • Post-doctoral scholarships  • Senior research fellowship  • Large projects for excellent researchers  • "Early stage" research grants  Capital booster for existing RD support schemes  Of the overall objective is to support 1060 researchers, at least 1000 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls  The investment is expected to result in:  • 425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  • 500 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  • 120 projects under capital booster  • 15 large grants to excellent researchers are implemented  Of the overall objective is to support 715 researchers, at least 650 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls. The investment is expected to result in:  • Selection of 15 large grants to excellent researcher teams Support of:  • 425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  • 200 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  • 90 projects under capital booster  At least two calls for thematic demand-driven projects shall be launched in compliance with the DNSH principle addressing the challenges of green transition, de-carbonisation as well as resilience and adaptation to climate change.  Support shall be directed towards topics that are foreseen in the thematic priorities of Horizon Europe, such as  • Carbon-free energy  • electrification  • Hydrogen, battery technologies and alternative fuels  • Low-emission industrial processes and materials  • Bio-economy, sustainable agriculture and forestry.  Calls for projects shall cover the whole research and innovation cycle (technology readiness levels1-9)  Of the overall objective is to complete 30 projects, at least 27 projects, selected under the calls, are completed.  Of the overall objective is to select 30 projects, at least 27 projects, are selected under the calls addressing the challenges of the green	Numl Numl	mber of researchers  mber of researchers  ssing the challenges of green transitio:	0	650	Q1 Q1	2024
UUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUU	SK-C[C9]-I[13]  SK-C[C9]-I[13]	Excellent science  Excellent science  Research and innovation to decarbonise the economy Research and innovation to	Investment	Target Target Milestone	SK-C[C9]-I[13]-T[C9.11]  SK-C[C9]-I[13]-T[C9.10]	Number of excellent researchers supported  Number of excellent researchers supported  Launch of calls for thematic demand-driven projects addressing the challenges of green transition  Number of projects addressing the challenges of	following schemes:  • scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  • scholarships  • Senior research fellowship  • Large projects for excellent researchers  • "Early stage" research grants  • Capital booster for existing RD support schemes  Of the overall objective is to support 1060 researchers, at least  1000 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls  The investment is expected to result in:  • 425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  • 500 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  • 120 projects under capital booster  • 15 large grants to excellent researchers are implemented  Of the overall objective is to support 715 researchers, at least 650 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls. The investment is expected to result in:  • Selection of 15 large grants to excellent researcher teams  Support of:  • 425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  • 200 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  • 90 projects under capital booster  At least two calls for thematic demand-driven projects shall be launched in compliance with the DNSH principle addressing the challenges of green transition, de-carbonisation as well as resilience and adaptation to climate change.  Support shall be directed towards topics that are foreseen in the thematic priorities of Horizon Europe, such as  • Carbon-free energy  • electrification  • Hydrogen, battery technologies and alternative fuels  • Low-emission industrial processes and materials  • Bio-economy, sustainable agriculture and forestry.  Calls for projects shall cover the whole research and innovation cycle (technology readiness levels-19)  Of the overall objective is to complete 30 projects, at least 27 projects, selected under the calls, are completed.  Of the overall objective is to scelect 30 projects, at least 27 projects, selected under the calls, are completed.	Numl Numl	mber of researchers  mber of researchers  ssing the challenges of green transitio:	0	650	Q1 Q1	2024
UUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUU	SK-C[C9]-I[13]  SK-C[C9]-I[13]	Excellent science  Excellent science  Research and innovation to decarbonise the economy Research and innovation to decarbonise the economy	Investment	Target Target Milestone	SK-C[C9]-I[I3]-T[C9.11]  SK-C[C9]-I[I3]-T[C9.10]  SK-C[C9]-I[I4]-M[C9.12]  SK-C[C9]-I[I4]-T[C9.14]	Number of excellent researchers supported  Number of excellent researchers supported  Launch of calls for thematic demand-driven projects addressing the challenges of green transition  Number of projects addressing the challenges of the green transition, which are completed	following schemes:  scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  Senior research fellowship  Large projects for excellent researchers  Tarly stage" research grants  Capital booster for existing RD support schemes  of the overall objective is to support 1060 researchers, at least  1000 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls  the investment is expected to result in:  425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  500 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  120 projects under capital booster  15 large grants to excellent researchers are implemented  Of the overall objective is to support 715 researchers, at least 650 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls. The investment is expected to result in:  Selection of 15 large grants to excellent researcher teams  Support of:  425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  200 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  90 projects under capital booster  41 least two calls for thematic demand-driven projects shall be launched in compliance with the DNSH principle addressing the challenges of green transition, de-carbonisation as well as resilience and adaptation to climate change.  Support of:  14 carbon-free energy electrification  Hydrogen, battery technologies and alternative fuels  Low-emission industrial processes and materials  Bio-economy, sustainable agriculture and forestry.  Calls for projects shall cover the whole research and innovation cycle (technology readiness levels1-9)  Of the overall objective is to completed.  Of the overall objective is to select 30 projects, at least 27 projects, selected under the calls, are completed.  Of the overall objective is to select 30 projects, at least 27 projects, are selected under the calls, are completed.	Numi Numi Launch of calls for thematic demand-driven projects address Numi	mber of researchers  mber of researchers  ssing the challenges of green transitio:	0	650	Q1 Q1 Q4 Q2	2024
U U U U U	SK-C[C9]-I[13]  SK-C[C9]-I[13]  SK-C[C9]-I[14]  SK-C[C9]-I[14]	Excellent science  Excellent science  Research and innovation to decarbonise the economy Research and innovation to decarbonise the economy  Research and innovation to decarbonise the economy  Research and innovation to decarbonise the economy	Investment Investment Investment	Target Target Milestone Target	SK-C[C9]-I[I3]-T[C9.11]  SK-C[C9]-I[I3]-T[C9.10]  SK-C[C9]-I[I4]-M[C9.12]  SK-C[C9]-I[I4]-T[C9.14]	Number of excellent researchers supported  Number of excellent researchers supported  Launch of calls for thematic demand-driven projects addressing the challenges of green transition  Number of projects addressing the challenges of the green transition, which are completed  Number of selected projects addressing the challenges of the green transition Launch of calls for thematic demand-driven projects addressing the challenges of digital	following schemes:  scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  Senior research fellowship  Large projects for excellent researchers  Tarly stage" research grants  Capital booster for existing RD support schemes  of the overall objective is to support 1060 researchers, at least  1000 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls  the investment is expected to result in:  425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  500 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  120 projects under capital booster  15 large grants to excellent researchers are implemented  Of the overall objective is to support 715 researchers, at least 650 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls. The investment is expected to result in:  Selection of 15 large grants to excellent researcher teams  Support of:  425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  200 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  90 projects under capital booster  41 least two calls for thematic demand-driven projects shall be launched in compliance with the DNSH principle addressing the challenges of green transition, de-carbonisation as well as resilience and adaptation to climate change.  Support of:  14 carbon-free energy electrification  Hydrogen, battery technologies and alternative fuels  Low-emission industrial processes and materials  Bio-economy, sustainable agriculture and forestry.  Calls for projects shall cover the whole research and innovation cycle (technology readiness levels1-9)  Of the overall objective is to completed.  Of the overall objective is to select 30 projects, at least 27 projects, selected under the calls, are completed.  Of the overall objective is to select 30 projects, at least 27 projects, are selected under the calls, are completed.	Numl  Launch of calls for thematic demand-driven projects address  Numl	mber of researchers  mber of researchers  ssing the challenges of green transition- mber of projects  mber of projects		650 2 27	Q1 Q1 Q4 Q2	2024 2024 2026 2026
U U U	SK-C[C9]-I[I3]  SK-C[C9]-I[I4]  SK-C[C9]-I[I4]	Excellent science  Excellent science  Research and innovation to decarbonise the economy Research and innovation to decarbonise the economy  Research and innovation to decarbonise the economy	Investment Investment Investment	Target Target Milestone Target	SK-C[C9]-I[I3]-T[C9.11]  SK-C[C9]-I[I3]-T[C9.10]  SK-C[C9]-I[I4]-M[C9.12]  SK-C[C9]-I[I4]-T[C9.14]	Number of excellent researchers supported  Number of excellent researchers supported  Launch of calls for thematic demand-driven projects addressing the challenges of green transition  Number of projects addressing the challenges of the green transition, which are completed  Number of selected projects addressing the challenges of the green transition Launch of calls for thematic demand-driven projects addressing the challenges of digital	following schemes:  scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  scholarships  Senior research fellowship  carries are search grants  Large projects for excellent researchers  "Early stage" research grants  Capital booster for existing RD support schemes Of the overall objective is to support 1060 researchers, at least 1000 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls The investment is expected to result in:  425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  500 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  120 projects under capital booster  15 large grants to excellent researchers are implemented  Of the overall objective is to support 715 researchers, at least 650 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls.  The investment is expected to result in: Selection of 15 large grants to excellent researcher teams Support of:  425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  200 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  90 projects under capital booster  At least two calls for thematic demand-driven projects shall be launched in compliance with the DNSH principle addressing the challenges of green transition, de-carbonisation as well as resilience and adaptation to climate change.  Support of:  Large research from the projects shall be directed towards topics that are foreseen in the thematic priorities of Horizon Europe, such as  Carbon-free energy electrification  Hydrogen, battery technologies and alternative fuels  Low-emission industrial processes and materials  Bio-economy, sustainable agriculture and forestry.  Calls for projects shall cover the whole research and innovation cycle (technology readiness levels 1-9)  Of the overall objective is to select 30 projects, at least 27 projects, selected under the calls, are completed.  Of the overall objective is to select 30 projects, at least 27 projects, are selected under the calls addressing the challenges of the green transition and de-carbonisation. Projects shall lower the salle agdressing	Numi Numi Launch of calls for thematic demand-driven projects address Numi	mber of researchers  mber of researchers  ssing the challenges of green transition- mber of projects  mber of projects		650 2 27	Q1 Q1 Q4 Q2	2024 2024 2026
U U U U U U	SK-C[C9]-I[13]  SK-C[C9]-I[13]  SK-C[C9]-I[14]  SK-C[C9]-I[14]	Excellent science  Excellent science  Research and innovation to decarbonise the economy Research and innovation to decarbonise the economy  Research and innovation to decarbonise the economy  Research and innovation to decarbonise the economy	Investment  Investment  Investment  Investment	Target Target Milestone Target	SK-C[C9]-I[I3]-T[C9.11]  SK-C[C9]-I[I3]-T[C9.10]  SK-C[C9]-I[I4]-M[C9.12]  SK-C[C9]-I[I4]-T[C9.14]  SK-C[C9]-I[I4]-T[C9.13]	Number of excellent researchers supported  Number of excellent researchers supported  Launch of calls for thematic demand-driven projects addressing the challenges of green transition  Number of projects addressing the challenges of the green transition, which are completed  Number of selected projects addressing the challenges of the green transition Launch of calls for thematic demand-driven projects addressing the challenges of digital transition	following schemes:  scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  scholarships for excellent PhD programmes  Senior research fellowship  Large projects for excellent researchers  Tarly stage" research grants  Capital booster for existing RD support schemes  of the overall objective is to support 1060 researchers, at least  1000 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls  the investment is expected to result in:  425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  500 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  120 projects under capital booster  15 large grants to excellent researchers are implemented  Of the overall objective is to support 715 researchers, at least 650 excellent researchers, are supported under the calls. The investment is expected to result in:  Selection of 15 large grants to excellent researcher teams  Support of:  425 fellowships for researchers at different career stages (R1-R4)  200 "Early stage" research grants for young researchers  90 projects under capital booster  41 least two calls for thematic demand-driven projects shall be launched in compliance with the DNSH principle addressing the challenges of green transition, de-carbonisation as well as resilience and adaptation to climate change.  Support of:  14 carbon-free energy electrification  Hydrogen, battery technologies and alternative fuels  Low-emission industrial processes and materials  Bio-economy, sustainable agriculture and forestry.  Calls for projects shall cover the whole research and innovation cycle (technology readiness levels1-9)  Of the overall objective is to completed.  Of the overall objective is to select 30 projects, at least 27 projects, selected under the calls, are completed.  Of the overall objective is to select 30 projects, at least 27 projects, are selected under the calls, are completed.	Numl  Numl  Numl  Numl  Numl  Numl  Numl	mber of researchers  mber of researchers  ssing the challenges of green transition- mber of projects  mber of projects		650 2 27	Q1 Q1 Q4 Q2	2024 2024 2026 2026

U	SK-C[C9]-I[I5]	Research and innovation for the digitalisation of the economy Financial instruments to support	Investment	Target	SK-C[C9]-I[I5]-T[C9.16]	Number of RDI projects selected under the calls addressing the challenges of digital transformation.  Launch and implementation of financial	Of the overall objective is to select 155 projects, at least 140 projects are selected under the calls for thematic demand-driven projects addressing digital transformation challenges in different technology readiness levels (TRL -1-9)	Nun	nber of projects	0	140	Q4		2024	
M	SK-C[C9]-I[I6]	innovation	Investment	Milestone	SK-C[C9]-I[I6]-M[C9.18]	instruments to support innovation	Of the overall objective is to support 165 companies, at least 150 companies, are supported by financial instruments in the form of capital inputs and micro-loans it is estimated that 40 companies	Launch of the investment phase of financial instruments to	support innovation in line with the in -		2	Q4	Q4	2022	2023
R	SK-C[C9]-I[I6]	Financial instruments to support innovation	Investment	Target	SK-C[C9]-I[I6]-T[C9.19]		I benefit from a capital nijection and 125 companies from 'green' or 'digital' loans  A new information system for the evaluation of RD grants is operational and shall be tested by the first calls. The IT system is expected to have the following specific features:  • a module linking the register of higher education staff with staff in RDI and other sectors,  • a modular registering RD organisations,  • modularity of the system for flexible use of the different evaluation systems,  • a module linking the publication output register for both project evaluation and project results' reporting,  • interactions with the Cohesion Policy IT system and	Nun	nber of companies	0	150	36 Q2		2026	
U	SK-C[C9]-I[17]	RD grant IT system  Reform of governance, evaluation	Investment	Milestone	SK-C[C9]-I[I7]-M[C9.20]	Design of the new RD information system to evaluate grant schemes	modularity allowing variable call settings  The Government shall approve the National Strategy for the Research, Development and Innovation (RDI) to become an overarching document for all public funding of RDI by 2030. It shall reflect on past experiences and offer the horizontal framework to integrate existing strategies (such as Smart Specialisation Strategy). It shall provide a strategic framework and direction for RDI policy,	First grant calls implemented in the new RD grant evaluatio	on information system	0	1	0 Q1		2023	
U	SK-C[C9]-R[R1]	and support in science, research and innovation  Reform of governance, evaluation	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C9]-R[R1]-M[C9.2]	Design of the National overarching RDI Strategy	define objectives and measures to achieve them.  The amendment to the Act shall strengthen the coordinating role of the new governance structure for research, development and innovation (such as defining the role of the Slovak Government's Council for Science, Technology and Innovation and its Secretariat placed under the Government Office). The law shall regulate different types of public support to ensure coordination and consistency of public interventions. It shall allow the gradual integration of processes and expert evaluation of RD projects, the	Adoption of the National RDI Strategy by the government				Q3		2022	
U	SK-C[C9]-R[R1]	and support in science, research and innovation  Reform of the organisation and funding of research institutions, in particular the Slovak Academy of	Reform	Milestone		Reform of the governance and support for research, development and innovation.	Entry into force of amendments to the Acts, which shall transform the Slovak Academy of Science (SAS) into a public institution allowing multi-source financing, including from the private sector while ensuring full protection of intellectual property and financial	Entry into force of the Amendment to Law 172/2005			-	Q1		2022	
N	SK-C[C9]-R[R2]	Science	Reform	Milestone	SK-C[C9]-R[R2]-M[C9.3]	Reform of the Slovak Academy of Science (SaS)	profitability.	Entry into force of an amendment to Act No 133/2002 on S	AS and an amendment to Act No 243 -		-	Q4		2021	